

Converting Colors

RGB(142, 116, 144)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(142, 116, 144) contains.

RGB(142, 116, 144)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(142, 116, 144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E7490
RGB	142, 116, 144
RGB Percent	56%, 45%, 56%
CMY	0.4431, 0.5451, 0.4353
CMYK	0.01, 0.19, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	296°, 11%, 51%
HSV	296°, 19%, 56%
XYZ	22.4348, 20.2552, 29.1128
YIQ	126.9660, 6.5080, 14.2200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

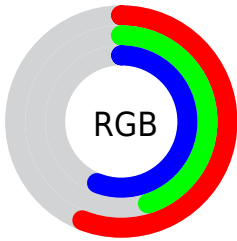
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 116, 144
Decimal	9335952
CIE _{Lab}	52.12, 15.36, -11.39
CIE _{LCh}	52, 19.126, 323.449
Yxy	20.2552, 0.3125, 0.2821
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287526032 (0xFF8E7490)
YUV	126.9660, 8.3978, 13.1848
Hunter-Lab	45.0058, 10.2198, -6.8487

Details

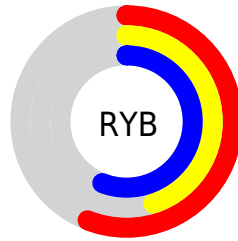
The RGB color **142, 116, 144** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **118, 144, 116**, and the grayscale version is **127, 127, 127**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196, 168, 198**, and **91, 68, 94** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **141, 102, 144**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143, 130, 144**.

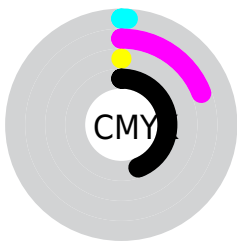
Distribution



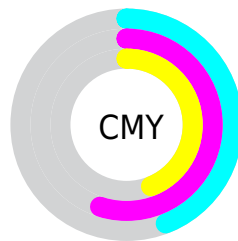
- Red (56%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 142, 116, 144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 142, 116, 144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 142, 116, 144


255, 255, 255

 196, 168, 198


 224, 195, 226

 253, 223, 255

 255, 252, 255

 142, 116, 144

 116, 91, 118

 91, 68, 94


 68, 45, 70

 45, 24, 48

 26, 0, 27

 0, 0, 0


 142, 116, 144

 141, 102, 144

 140, 87, 144

 142, 116, 144

 143, 130, 144

 144, 145, 144

139, 73, 144

145, 159, 144

138, 58, 144

146, 174, 144

137, 44, 144

147, 188, 144

136, 30, 144

148, 202, 144

135, 15, 144

149, 217, 144

134, 1, 144

150, 231, 144

134, 0, 144

151, 246, 144

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



122, 121, 154



142, 116, 144



154, 113, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142, 116, 144



140, 122, 92



77, 133, 137

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142, 116, 144



118, 144, 116

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87, 133, 120



142, 116, 144



123, 127, 94

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142, 116, 144



152, 117, 99



104, 131, 104



82, 131, 150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142, 116, 144



158, 113, 117



104, 131, 104



79, 134, 131

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142, 116, 144



185, 175, 186



116, 118, 144



94, 88, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142, 116, 144



183, 143, 186



144, 116, 132



71, 64, 71



125, 0, 135



7, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



144, 116, 118



186, 143, 146



116, 144, 128



71, 64, 65



135, 0, 10



8, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 142, 116, 144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

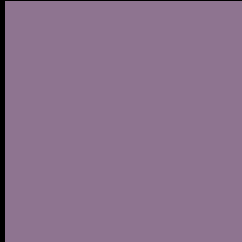
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 142, 116, 144 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

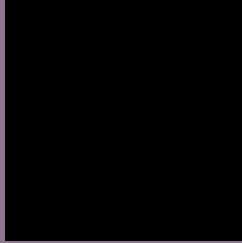
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 142, 116, 144 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 116, 144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 116, 144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


[142](#), [116](#), [144](#)

Protanopia

[119](#), [123](#), [149](#)

Deuteranopia

[128](#), [121](#), [143](#)



Tritanopia
140, 119, 128

Trichromacy



Original Color

142, 116, 144

Protanomaly

127, 120, 147

Deuteranomaly

133, 119, 143

Tritanomaly

141, 118, 134

Monochromacy



Original Color

142, 116, 144

Achromatopsia

127, 127, 127

Achromatomaly

132, 123, 133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 142, 116, 144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(142, 116, 144) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 116, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 116, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 116, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 142, 116, 144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 116, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 116, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 116, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 116, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 116, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 116,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 142, 116, 144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 116, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
116, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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