

Converting Colors

RGB(142, 123, 129)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(142, 123, 129) contains.

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Color

RGB(142, 123, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E7B81
RGB	142, 123, 129
RGB Percent	56%, 48%, 51%
CMY	0.4431, 0.5176, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.09, 0.44
HSL	341°, 8%, 52%
HSV	341°, 13%, 56%
XYZ	22.2007, 21.5017, 23.7490
YIQ	129.3650, 9.3980, 5.8940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

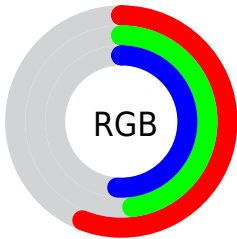
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 123, 129
Decimal	9337729
CIE Lab	53.49, 8.38, -0.57
CIE LCh	53, 8.401, 356.091
Yxy	21.5017, 0.3291, 0.3188
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287527809 (0xFF8E7B81)
YUV	129.3650, -0.1799, 11.0809
Hunter-Lab	46.3699, 4.3139, 2.0927

Details

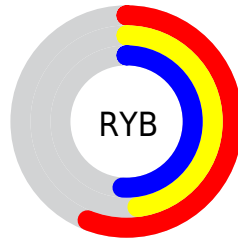
The RGB color **142, 123, 129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **123, 142, 136**, and the grayscale version is **129, 129, 129**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196, 175, 182**, and **92, 74, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142, 109, 119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **142, 137, 139**.

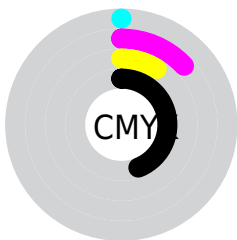
Distribution



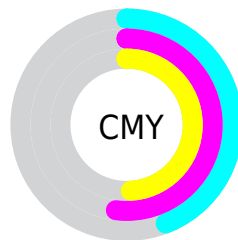
- Red (56%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 142, 123, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 142, 123, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 142, 123, 129

255, 255, 255

 196, 175, 182


 224, 203, 209

 252, 231, 238

 142, 123, 129

 116, 98, 104

 92, 74, 80

 68, 52, 57

 46, 30, 36


 26, 6, 14

 0, 0, 0


 142, 123, 129

 142, 109, 119

 142, 95, 110

 142, 123, 129

 142, 137, 139

 142, 151, 148

■ 142, 80, 100

■ 142, 166, 158

■ 142, 66, 90

■ 142, 180, 168

■ 142, 52, 80

■ 142, 194, 178

■ 142, 38, 71

■ 142, 208, 187

■ 142, 24, 61

■ 142, 222, 197

■ 142, 9, 51

■ 142, 237, 207

■ 142, 0, 45

■ 142, 251, 216

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136, 124, 136



142, 123, 129



144, 123, 122

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142, 123, 129



127, 129, 115



112, 131, 140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142, 123, 129



123, 142, 136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110, 132, 134



142, 123, 129



119, 131, 120

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142, 123, 129



135, 127, 113



112, 132, 127



119, 129, 142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142, 123, 129



142, 124, 118



112, 132, 127



111, 131, 138

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142, 123, 129



184, 176, 179



136, 123, 142



92, 87, 89



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142, 123, 129



184, 154, 164



142, 126, 123



71, 64, 67



135, 0, 43



8, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



142, 123, 129



184, 154, 164



123, 139, 142



71, 64, 67



135, 0, 43



8, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 142, 123, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 142, 123, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

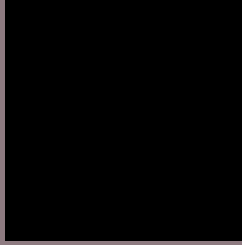
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

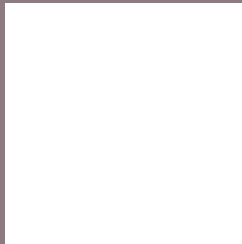
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 142, 123, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 123, 129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 123, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

142, 123, 129

Protanopia

129, 127, 131

Deuteranopia

140, 124, 129



Tritanopia
142, 123, 132

Trichromacy



Original Color

142, 123, 129

Protanomaly

134, 126, 130

Deuteranomaly

141, 124, 129

Tritanomaly

142, 123, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color

142, 123, 129

Achromatopsia

129, 129, 129

Achromatomaly

134, 127, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 142, 123, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(142, 123, 129) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 123, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 123, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 123, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 142, 123, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 123, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 123, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 123, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 123, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 123, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 123,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 142, 123, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 123, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
123, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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