

# Converting Colors

RGB(142, 124, 216)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(142, 124, 216) contains.

<b>RGB(142, 124, 216)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**RGB(142, 124, 216)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E7CD8
RGB	142, 124, 216
RGB Percent	56%, 49%, 85%
CMY	0.4431, 0.5137, 0.1529
CMYK	0.34, 0.43, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	252°, 54%, 67%
HSV	252°, 43%, 85%
XYZ	30.7577, 25.1240, 68.1941
YIQ	139.8700, -18.8040, 32.4280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

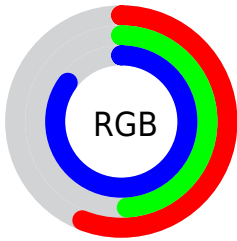
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	142, 124, 216
Decimal	9338072
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.20, 27.77, -44.92
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	57, 52.810, 301.731
Yxy	25.1240, 0.2479, 0.2025
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287528152 (0xFF8E7CD8)
YUV	139.8700, 37.5321, 1.8680
Hunter-Lab	50.1238, 21.8170, -45.5781

# Details

The RGB color **142, 124, 216** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999FF**. A complement of this color would be **198, 216, 124**, and the grayscale version is **140, 140, 140**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **198, 177, 255**, and **88, 75, 161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **125, 102, 216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159, 146, 216**.

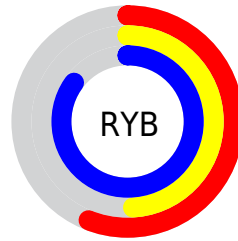
# Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (49%)

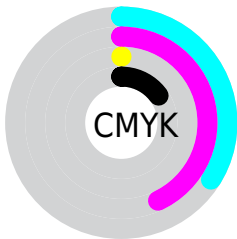
Blue (85%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (85%)

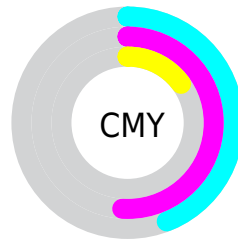


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (51%)


Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 142, 124, 216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 142, 124, 216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 142, 124, 216

255, 255, 255

 198, 177, 255

 227, 204, 255

 255, 232, 255


 142, 124, 216

 115, 99, 188

 88, 75, 161

 61, 52, 134

 32, 30, 108


 0, 10, 83

 0, 0, 60


 0, 2, 37

 0, 1, 13

 0, 0, 0

 142, 124, 216

 142, 124, 216

 125, 102, 216

 159, 146, 216

 107, 81, 216

 177, 167, 216

 90, 59, 216

 194, 189, 216

 73, 38, 216

 211, 210, 216

 55, 16, 216

 229, 232, 216

 42, 0, 216

 246, 254, 216

 255, 255, 216

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



26, 142, 229



142, 124, 216



195, 105, 182

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142, 124, 216



196, 119, 55



0, 160, 139

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142, 124, 216



198, 216, 124

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



42, 156, 92



142, 124, 216



159, 136, 37

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142, 124, 216



218, 102, 91



113, 149, 53



0, 159, 185

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142, 124, 216



215, 97, 152



113, 149, 53



0, 159, 123



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142, 124, 216



228, 222, 255



124, 199, 216



111, 107, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142, 124, 216



150, 125, 255



187, 124, 216



98, 96, 107



33, 0, 171



8, 0, 43



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216, 124, 198



255, 125, 230



153, 216, 124



107, 96, 105



171, 0, 137



43, 0, 35



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 142, 124, 216 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

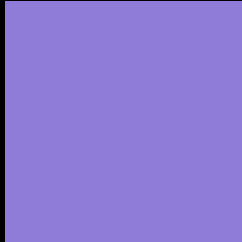
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 142, 124, 216 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

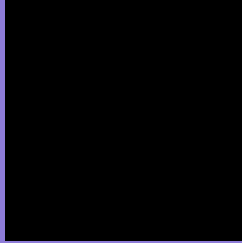
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 142, 124, 216 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 124, 216.

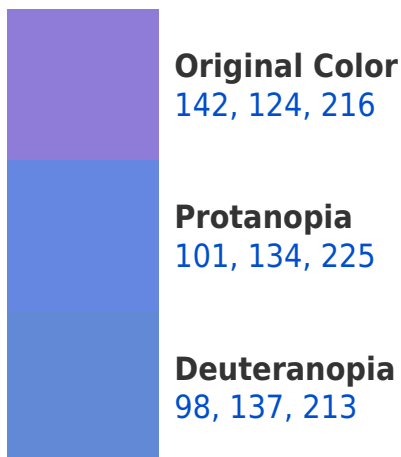


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 124, 216.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Tritanopia

128, 139, 150

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
142, 124, 216

**Protanomaly**  
116, 130, 222

**Deuteranomaly**  
114, 132, 214

**Tritanomaly**  
133, 134, 174

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
142, 124, 216

**Achromatopsia**  
140, 140, 140

**Achromatomaly**  
141, 134, 168

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 142, 124, 216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 124, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 124, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 124, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 124, 216) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 142, 124, 216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 124, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 124, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 124, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 124, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 124, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 124,  
216) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 142, 124, 216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 124, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
124, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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