

Converting Colors

RGB(142, 149, 102)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(142, 149, 102) contains.

RGB(142, 149, 102)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(142, 149, 102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E9566
RGB	142, 149, 102
RGB Percent	56%, 58%, 40%
CMY	0.4431, 0.4157, 0.6000
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.32, 0.42
HSL	69°, 19%, 49%
HSV	69°, 32%, 58%
XYZ	24.3010, 28.2050, 16.7337
YIQ	141.5490, 10.9150, -16.1010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

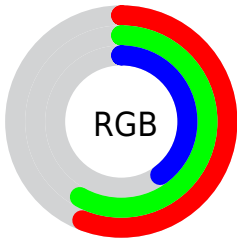
Format	Color
R_{YB}	102, 149, 109
Decimal	9344358
CIE _{Lab}	60.07, -10.56, 24.03
CIE _{LCh}	60, 26.249, 113.716
Yxy	28.2050, 0.3510, 0.4074
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287534438 (0xFF8E9566)
YUV	141.5490, -19.4977, 0.3955
Hunter-Lab	53.1084, -11.2625, 18.4944

Details

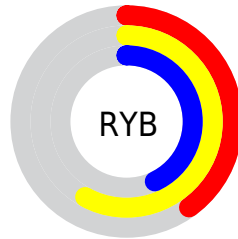
The RGB color **142, 149, 102** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **109, 102, 149**, and the grayscale version is **142, 142, 142**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196, 203, 153**, and **91, 98, 54** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **140, 149, 87**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144, 149, 117**.

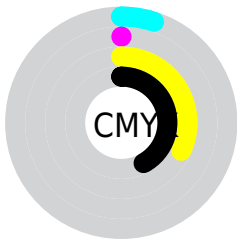
Distribution



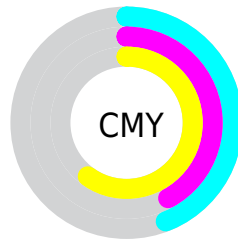
- Red (56%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (42%)




- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 142, 149, 102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 142, 149, 102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 142, 149, 102


255, 255, 255

 196, 203, 153


 224, 231, 180

 253, 255, 208

 255, 255, 236

 142, 149, 102

 116, 123, 78

 91, 98, 54

 67, 75, 32


 44, 52, 10


 23, 31, 0


 0, 1, 0

 0, 0, 0

 142, 149, 102

 140, 149, 87

 142, 149, 102

 144, 149, 117

■ 138, 149, 72

■ 146, 149, 132

■ 135, 149, 57

■ 149, 149, 147

■ 133, 149, 42

■ 151, 149, 162

■ 131, 149, 28

■ 153, 149, 177

■ 129, 149, 13

■ 155, 149, 191

■ 127, 149, 0

■ 158, 149, 206

■ 160, 149, 221

■ 162, 149, 236

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



166, 142, 99



142, 149, 102



115, 154, 117

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142, 149, 102



79, 154, 181



187, 128, 151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142, 149, 102



109, 102, 149

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



170, 133, 172



142, 149, 102



108, 148, 190

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142, 149, 102



72, 157, 163



141, 141, 187



191, 129, 127

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142, 149, 102



98, 157, 131



141, 141, 187



183, 129, 158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142, 149, 102



191, 194, 176



149, 108, 102



95, 97, 86



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142, 149, 102



183, 194, 120



119, 149, 102



73, 74, 67



117, 138, 0



9, 10, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



109, 102, 149



131, 120, 194



132, 102, 149



68, 67, 74



21, 0, 138



2, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 142, 149, 102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 142, 149, 102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

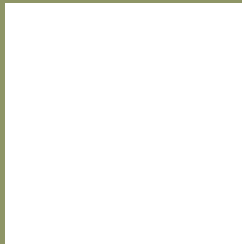
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 142, 149, 102 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 149, 102.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 149, 102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
142, 149, 102

Protanopia
156, 145, 100

Deuteranopia
172, 139, 104



Tritanopia
149, 142, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color

142, 149, 102

Protanomaly

151, 146, 101

Deuteranomaly

161, 143, 103

Tritanomaly

146, 145, 135

Monochromacy



Original Color

142, 149, 102

Achromatopsia

142, 142, 142

Achromatomaly

142, 145, 127

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 142, 149, 102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 149, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 149, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 149, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 149, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 142, 149, 102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 149, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 149, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 149, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 149, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 149, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 149,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 142, 149, 102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 149, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
149, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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