

# Converting Colors

RGB(142, 229, 247)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(142, 229, 247) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(142, 229, 247)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8EE5F7
RGB	142, 229, 247
RGB Percent	56%, 90%, 97%
CMY	0.4431, 0.1020, 0.0314
CMYK	0.43, 0.07, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	190°, 87%, 76%
HSV	190°, 43%, 97%
XYZ	55.9631, 68.5048, 98.2689
YIQ	205.0390, -57.6300, -12.8460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

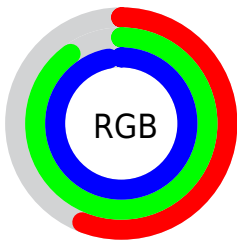
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	142, 190, 247
Decimal	9364983
CIE Lab	86.26, -21.69, -16.97
CIE LCh	86, 27.543, 218.035
Yxy	68.5048, 0.2513, 0.3076
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287555063 (0xFF8EE5F7)
YUV	205.0390, 20.6868, -55.2852
Hunter-Lab	82.7676, -24.1510, -12.4569

# Details

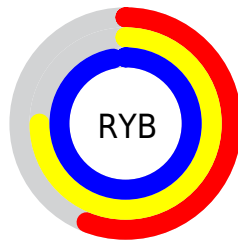
The RGB color **142, 229, 247** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **247, 160, 142**, and the grayscale version is **205, 205, 205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **200, 255, 255**, and **84, 173, 191** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117, 225, 247**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **167, 233, 247**.

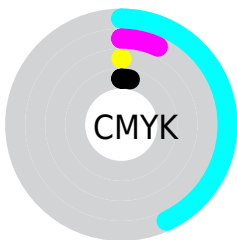
# Distribution



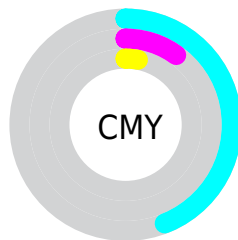
- Red (56%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 142, 229, 247 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 142, 229, 247 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 142, 229, 247


255, 255, 255

 200, 255, 255

 229, 255, 255

 142, 229, 247

 113, 201, 218

 84, 173, 191


 53, 147, 164

 6, 121, 137

 0, 96, 112

 0, 72, 87

 0, 49, 64

 0, 30, 42

 0, 1, 22

■ 142, 229, 247

■ 142, 229, 247

■ 117, 225, 247

■ 167, 233, 247

■ 93, 221, 247

■ 191, 237, 247

■ 68, 216, 247

■ 216, 242, 247

■ 43, 212, 247

■ 241, 246, 247

■ 19, 208, 247

■ 255, 250, 247

■ 0, 205, 247

■ 255, 254, 247

■ 255, 255, 247

# Harmonies

## Analogous

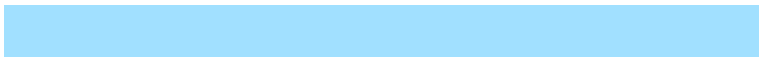
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



147, 231, 222



142, 229, 247



161, 224, 255

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142, 229, 247



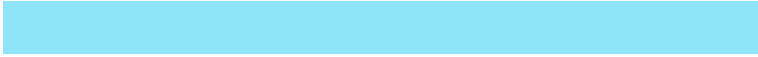
255, 200, 236



228, 216, 164

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142, 229, 247



247, 160, 142

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



252, 208, 168



142, 229, 247



255, 197, 210

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142, 229, 247



229, 207, 255



255, 200, 185



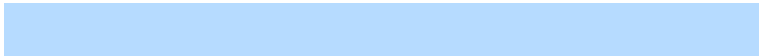
199, 224, 174

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142, 229, 247



182, 219, 255



255, 200, 185



237, 213, 164

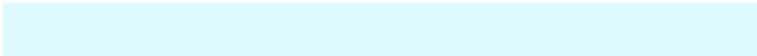


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142, 229, 247



222, 249, 255



142, 247, 160



107, 124, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

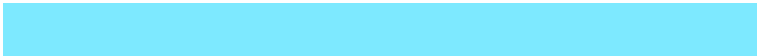


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142, 229, 247



125, 233, 255



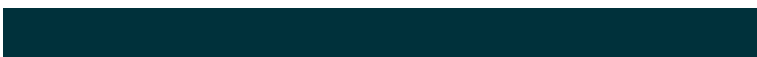
142, 177, 247



110, 120, 122



0, 154, 186



0, 49, 59



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



247, 142, 229



255, 125, 233



247, 212, 142



122, 110, 120



186, 0, 154

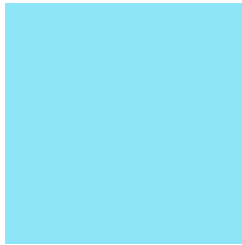


59, 0, 49



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 142, 229, 247 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

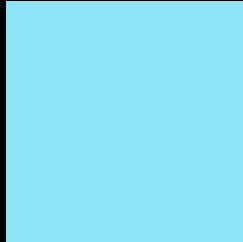
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 142, 229, 247 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

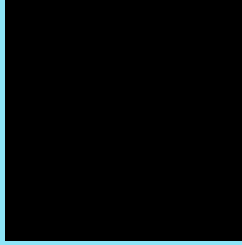
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 142, 229, 247 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 229, 247.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 229, 247.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





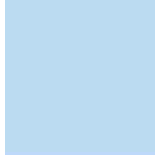
**Tritanopia**  
142, 229, 247

# Trichromacy



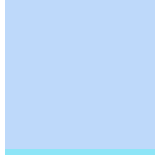
**Original Color**

142, 229, 247



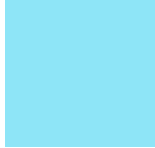
**Protanomaly**

187, 219, 241



**Deuteranomaly**

190, 217, 250



**Tritanomaly**

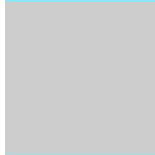
142, 229, 247

# Monochromacy



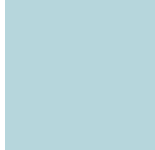
**Original Color**

142, 229, 247



**Achromatopsia**

205, 205, 205



**Achromatomaly**

182, 214, 220

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 142, 229, 247 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 229, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 229, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 229, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 229, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 142, 229, 247 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 229, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 229, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 229, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 229, 247); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 229, 247); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 229, 247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 142, 229, 247 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 229, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
229, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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