

Converting Colors

RGB(142, 4, 149)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(142, 4, 149) contains.

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Color

RGB(142, 4, 149)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E0495
RGB	142, 4, 149
RGB Percent	56%, 2%, 58%
CMY	0.4431, 0.9843, 0.4157
CMYK	0.05, 0.97, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	297°, 95%, 30%
HSV	297°, 97%, 58%
XYZ	16.6236, 8.0075, 29.1032
YIQ	61.7920, 35.7030, 74.3510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

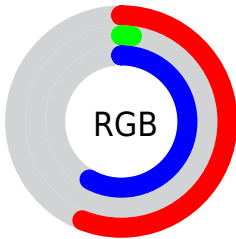
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 4, 149
Decimal	9307285
CIE _{Lab}	34.00, 64.11, -42.63
CIE _{LCh}	34, 76.986, 326.378
Yxy	8.0075, 0.3094, 0.1490
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287497365 (0xFF8E0495)
YUV	61.7920, 42.9935, 70.3424
Hunter-Lab	28.2976, 55.3399, -41.1696

Details

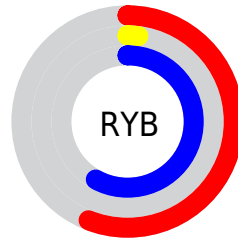
The RGB color **142, 4, 149** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **11, 149, 4**, and the grayscale version is **61, 61, 61**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **199, 78, 204**, and **87, 0, 97** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142, 0, 149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143, 19, 149**.

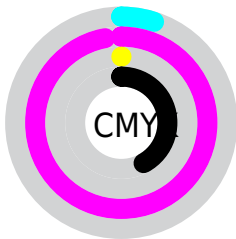
Distribution



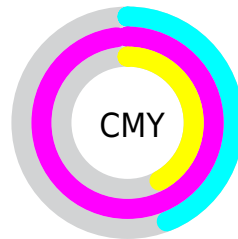
- Red (56%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 142, 4, 149 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 142, 4, 149 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 142, 4, 149

 142, 4, 149

255, 255, 255

 114, 0, 123

 199, 78, 204

 87, 0, 97

 229, 106, 232

 60, 0, 73

 255, 134, 255

 34, 0, 50

 255, 162, 255

 0, 1, 27

 255, 191, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 220, 255

 255, 250, 255

 142, 4, 149

 142, 4, 149

■ 142, 0, 149

■ 143, 19, 149

■ 143, 34, 149

■ 144, 49, 149

■ 145, 64, 149

■ 146, 79, 149

■ 146, 93, 149

■ 147, 108, 149

■ 148, 123, 149

■ 148, 138, 149

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20, 67, 192



142, 4, 149



177, 0, 90

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142, 4, 149



105, 76, 0



0, 103, 133

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142, 4, 149



11, 149, 4

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 102, 71



142, 4, 149



43, 92, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142, 4, 149



149, 42, 0



0, 99, 0



0, 101, 183

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142, 4, 149



180, 0, 51



0, 99, 0



0, 103, 113

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142, 4, 149



191, 138, 194



4, 11, 149



95, 63, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142, 4, 149



184, 0, 194



149, 4, 84



74, 67, 74



131, 0, 138



10, 0, 10

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



149, 4, 11



194, 0, 9



4, 149, 69



74, 67, 67



138, 0, 7



10, 0, 0

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 142, 4, 149 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

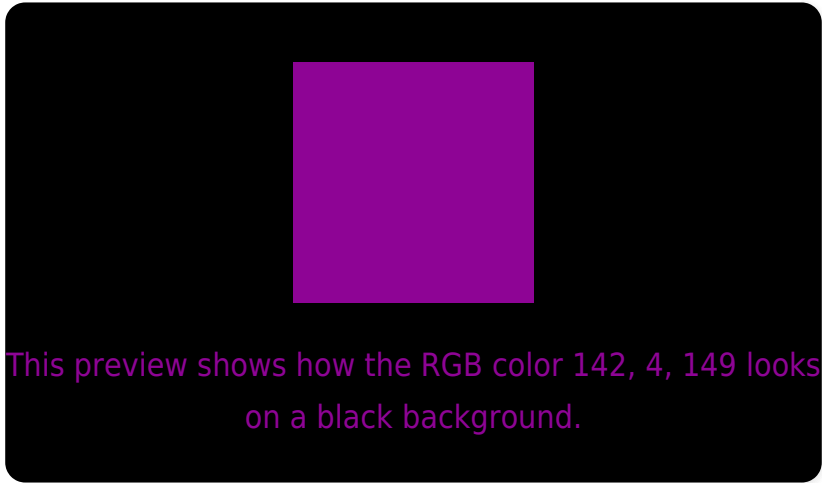
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

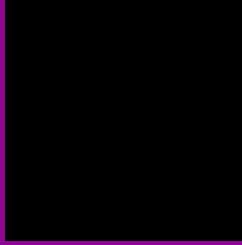
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 142, 4, 149 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 4, 149.

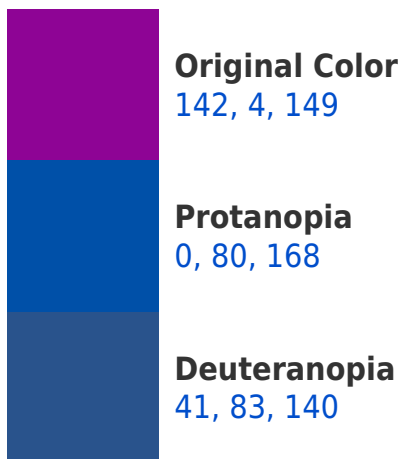


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 4, 149.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
132, 59, 62

Trichromacy



Original Color

142, 4, 149

Protanomaly

52, 52, 161

Deuteranomaly

78, 54, 143

Tritanomaly

136, 39, 94

Monochromacy



Original Color

142, 4, 149

Achromatopsia

62, 62, 62

Achromatomaly

91, 41, 94

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 142, 4, 149 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(142, 4, 149) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 4, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 4, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 4, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 142, 4, 149 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 4, 149) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 4, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 4, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 4, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 4, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 4,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 142, 4, 149 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 4, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142, 4,  
149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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