

# Converting Colors

RGB(142, 80, 162)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(142, 80, 162) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(142, 80, 162)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E50A2
RGB	142, 80, 162
RGB Percent	56%, 31%, 64%
CMY	0.4431, 0.6863, 0.3647
CMYK	0.12, 0.51, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	285°, 34%, 47%
HSV	285°, 51%, 64%
XYZ	20.5456, 14.0967, 35.8205
YIQ	107.8860, 10.6300, 38.6460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

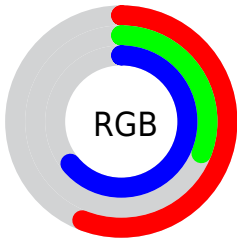
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	142, 80, 162
Decimal	9326754
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	44.37, 39.85, -33.98
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	44, 52.372, 319.551
Yxy	14.0967, 0.2916, 0.2001
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287516834 (0xFF8E50A2)
YUV	107.8860, 26.6782, 29.9180
Hunter-Lab	37.5456, 31.9733, -30.2838

# Details

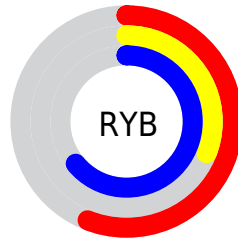
The RGB color **142, 80, 162** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **100, 162, 80**, and the grayscale version is **108, 108, 108**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **197, 131, 217**, and **89, 30, 110** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **138, 64, 162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **146, 96, 162**.

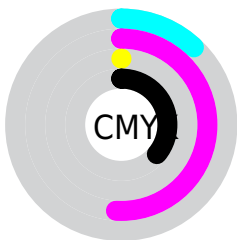
# Distribution



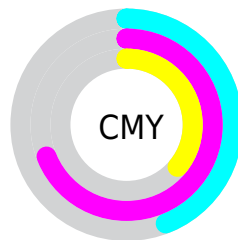
- Red (56%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 142, 80, 162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 142, 80, 162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





142, 80, 162



142, 80, 162

255, 255, 255



115, 55, 136



197, 131, 217



89, 30, 110



226, 158, 246



64, 2, 85



255, 186, 255



40, 0, 61



255, 214, 255



9, 0, 39



255, 242, 255



0, 1, 16



0, 0, 0



142, 80, 162



142, 80, 162




138, 64, 162




146, 96, 162

 134, 48, 162

 150, 112, 162


 130, 31, 162

 154, 129, 162


 126, 15, 162

 158, 145, 162

 122, 0, 162

 162, 161, 162

 166, 177, 162

 170, 193, 162

 174, 210, 162

 178, 226, 162

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73, 100, 188



142, 80, 162



175, 63, 122

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142, 80, 162



139, 97, 2



0, 125, 133

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142, 80, 162



100, 162, 80

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 124, 88



142, 80, 162



99, 111, 3

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142, 80, 162



168, 79, 39



42, 120, 44



0, 122, 171

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142, 80, 162



183, 60, 93



42, 120, 44



0, 125, 118



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142, 80, 162



204, 180, 212



80, 101, 162



102, 88, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142, 80, 162



180, 83, 212



162, 80, 141



80, 73, 82



110, 0, 145



13, 0, 18



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162, 80, 100



212, 83, 114



80, 162, 101



82, 73, 75



145, 0, 35

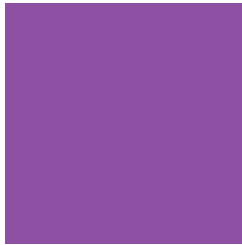


18, 0, 4



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 142, 80, 162 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 142, 80, 162 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

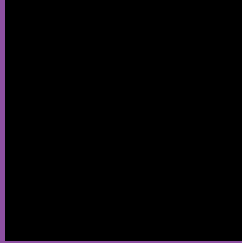
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 142, 80, 162 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 80, 162.

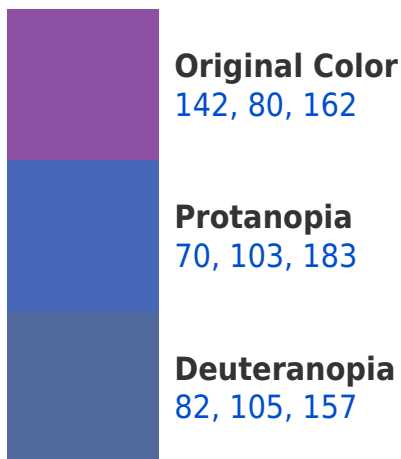



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 142, 80, 162.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
133, 95, 102

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
142, 80, 162

**Protanomaly**  
96, 95, 175

**Deuteranomaly**  
104, 96, 159

**Tritanomaly**  
136, 90, 124

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
142, 80, 162

**Achromatopsia**  
108, 108, 108

**Achromatomaly**  
120, 98, 128

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 142, 80, 162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 80, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 80, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 80, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 80, 162) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 142, 80, 162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 80, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 80, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 80, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 80, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 80, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 80,  
162) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 142, 80, 162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 80, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142, 80,  
162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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