

Converting Colors

RGB(143, 110, 76)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(143, 110, 76) contains.

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Color

RGB(143, 110, 76)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	8F6E4C
RGB	143, 110, 76
RGB Percent	56%, 43%, 30%
CMY	0.4392, 0.5686, 0.7020
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.47, 0.44
HSL	30°, 31%, 43%
HSV	30°, 47%, 56%
XYZ	18.2081, 17.5133, 9.2582
YIQ	115.9910, 30.5820, -3.5780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

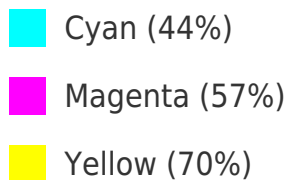
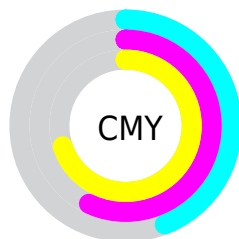
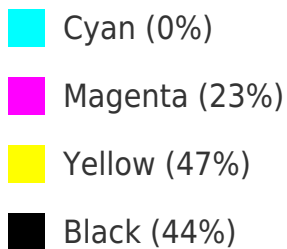
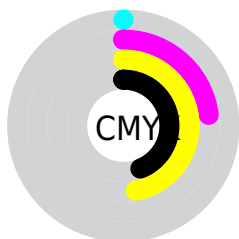
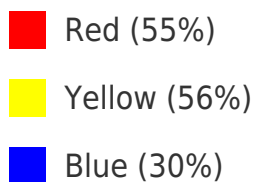
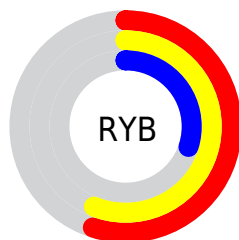
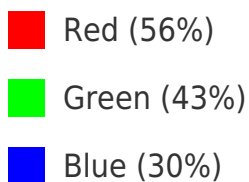
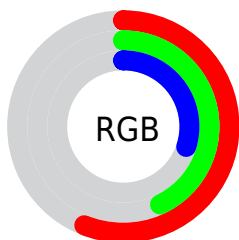
Format	Color
RYB	141, 143, 76
Decimal	9399884
CIELab	48.90, 8.49, 23.95
CIELCh	49, 25.411, 70.479
Yxy	17.5133, 0.4048, 0.3894
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287589964 (0xFF8F6E4C)
YUV	115.9910, -19.7156, 23.6869
Hunter-Lab	41.8489, 4.4284, 16.1775

Details

The RGB color **143, 110, 76** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **76, 109, 143**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **198, 162, 125**, and **91, 62, 31** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **143, 103, 62**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **143, 117, 90**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 143, 110, 76 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 143, 110, 76 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 143, 110, 76  143, 110, 76

255, 255, 255  116, 86, 53

 198, 162, 125  91, 62, 31

 227, 189, 151  66, 41, 8

 255, 216, 178  42, 20, 0

 255, 245, 206  10, 0, 0

 255, 255, 234  0, 0, 0

 143, 110, 76  143, 110, 76

 143, 103, 62  143, 117, 90

 143, 96, 47  143, 124, 105

 143, 89, 33

 143, 131, 119


 143, 82, 19


 143, 138, 133

 143, 75, 4

 143, 145, 148

 143, 73, 0

 143, 152, 162

 143, 159, 176

 143, 166, 190

 143, 173, 205

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156, 103, 89



143, 110, 76



123, 117, 73

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



143, 110, 76



49, 128, 123



129, 108, 149

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



143, 110, 76



76, 109, 143

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98, 116, 158



143, 110, 76



41, 126, 143

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



143, 110, 76



74, 127, 101



65, 122, 156



149, 102, 131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



143, 110, 76



108, 121, 79



65, 122, 156



119, 110, 153

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



143, 110, 76



186, 173, 160



143, 76, 110



94, 86, 78



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



143, 110, 76



186, 135, 82



143, 143, 76



71, 68, 64



135, 69, 0



8, 4, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 109, 143



82, 133, 186



76, 76, 143



64, 68, 71



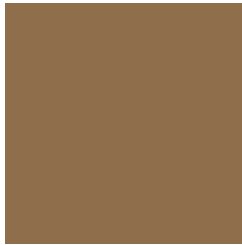
0, 67, 135



0, 4, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 143, 110, 76 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

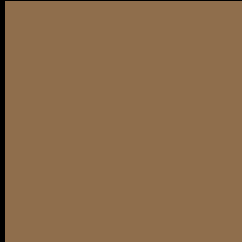
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 143, 110, 76 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

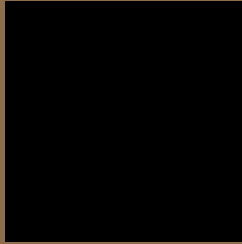
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 143, 110, 76 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 143, 110, 76.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 143, 110, 76.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


143, 110, 76

Protanopia

126, 116, 79

Deuteranopia

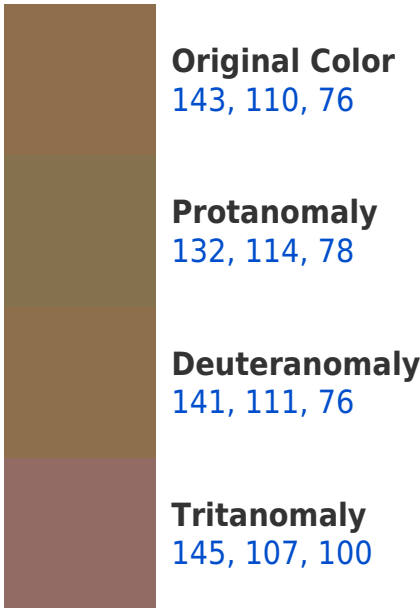
140, 111, 76



Tritanopia

146, 105, 113

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 143, 110, 76 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 110, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 110, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 110, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 110, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 143, 110, 76 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 110, 76) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 110, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 110, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 110, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 110, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 110,  
76) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 143, 110, 76 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 110, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
110, 76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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