

# Converting Colors

RGB(143, 124, 148)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(143, 124, 148) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(143, 124, 148)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8F7C94
RGB	143, 124, 148
RGB Percent	56%, 49%, 58%
CMY	0.4392, 0.5137, 0.4196
CMYK	0.03, 0.16, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	287°, 10%, 53%
HSV	287°, 16%, 58%
XYZ	23.8806, 22.3931, 31.0806
YIQ	132.4170, 3.6200, 11.4920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

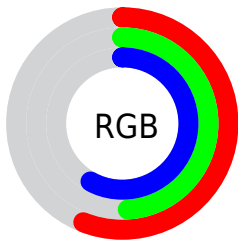
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	143, 124, 148
Decimal	9403540
CIE Lab	54.44, 11.88, -10.24
CIE LCh	54, 15.679, 319.247
Yxy	22.3931, 0.3087, 0.2895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287593620 (0xFF8F7C94)
YUV	132.4170, 7.6824, 9.2813
Hunter-Lab	47.3213, 7.2675, -5.8167

# Details

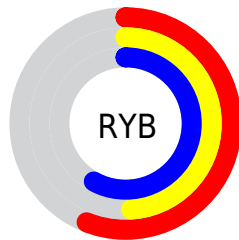
The RGB color **143, 124, 148** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **129, 148, 124**, and the grayscale version is **132, 132, 132**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **197, 177, 202**, and **93, 75, 97** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **140, 109, 148**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **146, 139, 148**.

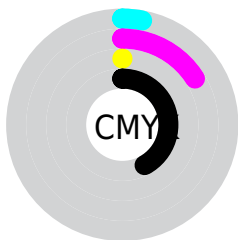
# Distribution



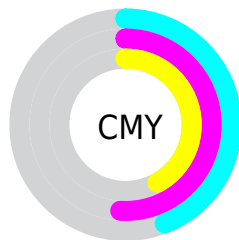
- Red (56%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 143, 124, 148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 143, 124, 148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 143, 124, 148

255, 255, 255

 197, 177, 202

 225, 204, 230

 254, 232, 255

 143, 124, 148

 117, 99, 122

 93, 75, 97

 69, 52, 74

 46, 31, 51

 26, 8, 30


 0, 0, 2

 0, 0, 0

 143, 124, 148

 140, 109, 148

 143, 124, 148

 146, 139, 148

137, 94, 148

149, 154, 148

134, 80, 148

152, 168, 148

131, 65, 148

155, 183, 148

128, 50, 148

158, 198, 148

124, 35, 148

162, 213, 148

121, 20, 148

165, 228, 148

118, 6, 148

168, 242, 148

117, 0, 148

171, 255, 148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126, 128, 156



143, 124, 148



154, 121, 136

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



143, 124, 148



145, 128, 104



94, 138, 139

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



143, 124, 148



129, 148, 124

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102, 138, 125



143, 124, 148



131, 132, 105

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



143, 124, 148



155, 123, 110



116, 136, 112



96, 136, 150

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



143, 124, 148



158, 121, 126



116, 136, 112



96, 138, 134



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



143, 124, 148



189, 182, 191



124, 129, 148



96, 91, 97



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



143, 124, 148



184, 155, 191



148, 124, 141



72, 67, 74



109, 0, 138



8, 0, 10



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



148, 124, 129



191, 155, 162



124, 148, 131



74, 67, 68



138, 0, 29



10, 0, 2



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 143, 124, 148 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

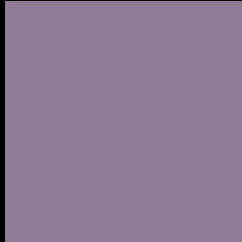
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 143, 124, 148 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

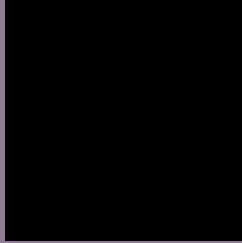
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 143, 124, 148 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 143, 124, 148.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 143, 124, 148.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
143, 124, 148

**Protanopia**  
126, 129, 151

**Deuteranopia**  
135, 127, 147



**Tritanopia**  
141, 126, 136

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

143, 124, 148

**Protanomaly**

132, 127, 150

**Deuteranomaly**

138, 126, 147

**Tritanomaly**

142, 125, 140

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

143, 124, 148

**Achromatopsia**

132, 132, 132

**Achromatomaly**

136, 129, 138

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 143, 124, 148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(143, 124, 148) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 124, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 124, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 124, 148) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 143, 124, 148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 124, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 124, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 124, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 124, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 124, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 124,  
148) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 143, 124, 148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 124, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
124, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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