

Converting Colors

RGB(143, 179, 214)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(143, 179, 214) contains.

RGB(143, 179, 214)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(143, 179, 214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8FB3D6
RGB	143, 179, 214
RGB Percent	56%, 70%, 84%
CMY	0.4392, 0.2980, 0.1608
CMYK	0.33, 0.16, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	210°, 46%, 70%
HSV	210°, 33%, 84%
XYZ	39.5854, 42.9349, 69.8192
YIQ	172.2260, -32.6910, 3.2530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

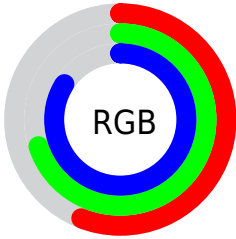
Format	Color
R _Y B	143, 167, 214
Decimal	9417686
CIE Lab	71.51, -3.81, -21.58
CIE LCh	72, 21.918, 259.999
Yxy	42.9349, 0.2598, 0.2818
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287607766 (0xFF8FB3D6)
YUV	172.2260, 20.5946, -25.6312
Hunter-Lab	65.5247, -6.8312, -17.3086

Details

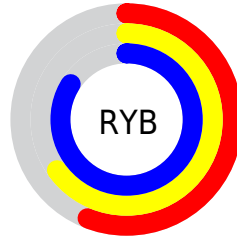
The RGB color **143, 179, 214** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **214, 178, 143**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **198, 235, 255**, and **90, 126, 159** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122, 168, 214**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164, 190, 214**.

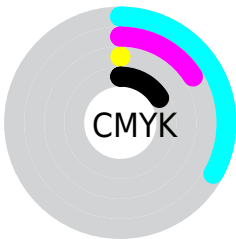
Distribution



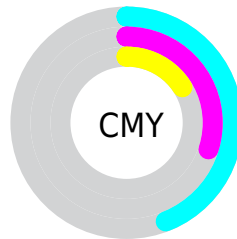
- Red (56%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 143, 179, 214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 143, 179, 214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 143, 179, 214


255, 255, 255


 198, 235, 255

 227, 255, 255

 143, 179, 214


 116, 152, 186

 90, 126, 159


 64, 101, 133

 38, 78, 108

 5, 55, 83

 0, 34, 60

 0, 11, 38

 0, 1, 16

 0, 0, 0

■ 143, 179, 214

■ 143, 179, 214

■ 122, 168, 214

■ 164, 190, 214

■ 100, 158, 214

■ 186, 200, 214

■ 79, 147, 214

■ 207, 211, 214

■ 57, 137, 214

■ 229, 221, 214

■ 36, 126, 214

■ 250, 232, 214

■ 15, 116, 214

■ 255, 242, 214

■ 0, 109, 214

■ 255, 253, 214

■ 255, 255, 214

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



124, 184, 205



143, 179, 214



170, 172, 213

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



143, 179, 214



217, 161, 162



153, 183, 149

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



143, 179, 214



214, 178, 143

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



176, 178, 137



143, 179, 214



211, 165, 145

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



143, 179, 214



211, 162, 183



197, 172, 136



132, 186, 168

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



143, 179, 214



187, 168, 206



197, 172, 136



161, 182, 144

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



143, 179, 214



230, 242, 255



143, 214, 177



112, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



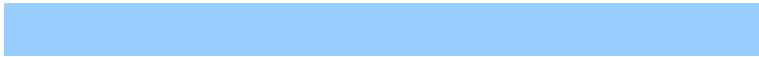
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



143, 179, 214



153, 205, 255



143, 144, 214



96, 102, 107



0, 87, 171



0, 22, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 143, 179



255, 153, 205



214, 213, 143



107, 96, 102



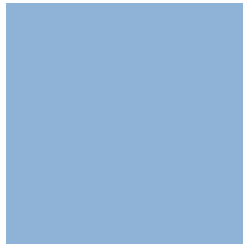
171, 0, 87



43, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 143, 179, 214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

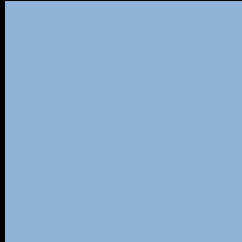
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 143, 179, 214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

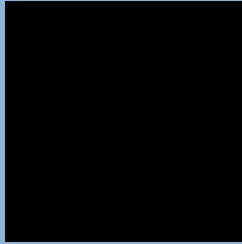
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

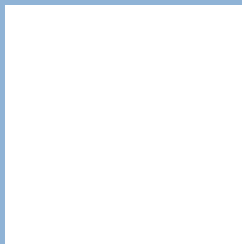
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 143, 179, 214 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 143, 179, 214.

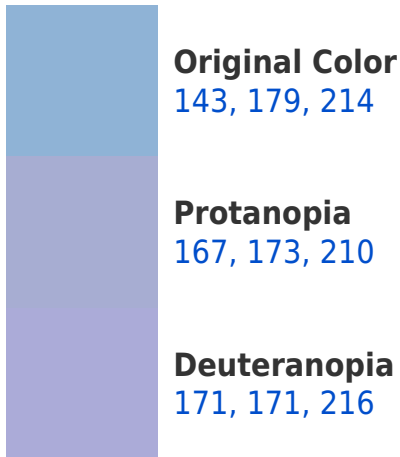


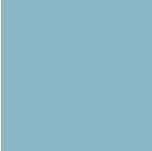
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 143, 179, 214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
139, 182, 197

Trichromacy



Original Color
143, 179, 214

Protanomaly
158, 175, 211

Deuteranomaly
161, 174, 215

Tritanomaly
140, 181, 203

Monochromacy



Original Color
143, 179, 214

Achromatopsia
172, 172, 172

Achromatomaly
161, 175, 187

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 143, 179, 214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 179, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 179, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 179, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 179, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 143, 179, 214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 179, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 179, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 179, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 179, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 179, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 179,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 143, 179, 214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 179, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
179, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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