

Converting Colors

RGB(144, 0, 117)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(144, 0, 117) contains.

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Color

RGB(144, 0, 117)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	900075
RGB	144, 0, 117
RGB Percent	56%, 0%, 46%
CMY	0.4353, 1.0000, 0.5412
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.19, 0.44
HSL	311°, 100%, 28%
HSV	311°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	14.7125, 7.2136, 17.4466
YIQ	56.3940, 48.2670, 66.9150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

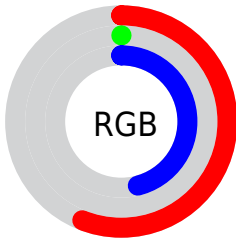
Format	Color
RYB	144, 0, 117
Decimal	9437301
CIELab	32.29, 60.32, -25.37
CIElCh	32, 65.443, 337.188
Yxy	7.2136, 0.3737, 0.1832
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287627381 (0xFF900075)
YUV	56.3940, 29.8788, 76.8305
Hunter-Lab	26.8582, 50.7774, -19.7128

Details

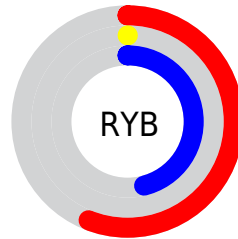
The RGB color **144, 0, 117** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **0, 144, 27**, and the grayscale version is **56, 56, 56**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **201, 75, 169**, and **89, 0, 68** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **144, 0, 117**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144, 14, 120**.

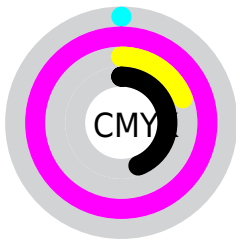
Distribution



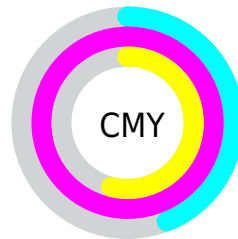
- Red (56%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 144, 0, 117 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 144, 0, 117 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 144, 0, 117


 144, 0, 117

255, 255, 255

 116, 0, 92

 201, 75, 169

 89, 0, 68

 231, 103, 197

 63, 0, 46

 255, 131, 225

 35, 0, 24

 255, 159, 254

 0, 0, 0

 255, 188, 255

 255, 217, 255

 255, 246, 255

 144, 0, 117

■ 144, 14, 120

■ 144, 29, 122

■ 144, 43, 125

■ 144, 58, 128

■ 144, 72, 131

■ 144, 86, 133

■ 144, 101, 136

■ 144, 115, 139

■ 144, 130, 141

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87, 54, 159



144, 0, 117



162, 0, 66

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



144, 0, 117



83, 78, 0



0, 96, 138

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



144, 0, 117



0, 144, 27

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 96, 88



144, 0, 117



18, 89, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



144, 0, 117



124, 57, 0



0, 94, 32



0, 92, 172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



144, 0, 117



159, 0, 33



0, 94, 32



0, 97, 122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



144, 0, 117



186, 130, 176



26, 0, 144



94, 60, 88



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



144, 0, 117



186, 0, 151



144, 0, 46



71, 64, 70



135, 0, 110



8, 0, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



144, 0, 117



186, 0, 151



0, 144, 98



71, 64, 70



135, 0, 110



8, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 144, 0, 117 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

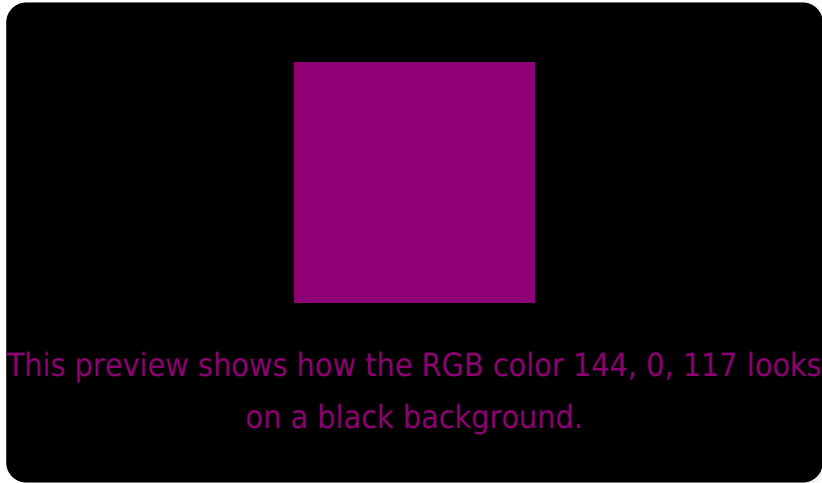
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

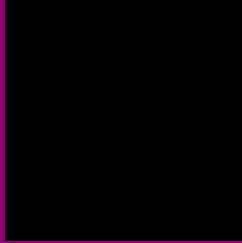
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 144, 0, 117 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 144, 0, 117.

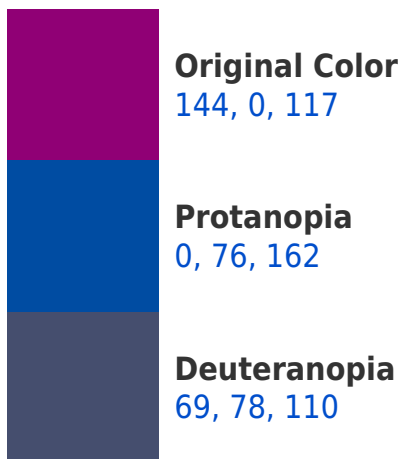


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 144, 0, 117.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

138, 46, 49

Trichromacy



Original Color

144, 0, 117



Protanomaly

52, 48, 146



Deuteranomaly

96, 50, 113



Tritanomaly

140, 29, 74

Monochromacy



Original Color

144, 0, 117



Achromatopsia

56, 56, 56



Achromatomaly

88, 36, 78

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 144, 0, 117 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 0, 117)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 0, 117)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 0, 117) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 0, 117) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 144, 0, 117 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 0, 117) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 0, 117) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 0, 117)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 0, 117); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 0, 117);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 0,  
117) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 144, 0, 117 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 0, 117) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144, 0,  
117) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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