

Converting Colors

RGB(144, 127, 179)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(144, 127, 179) contains.

RGB(144, 127, 179)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(144, 127, 179)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	907FB3
RGB	144, 127, 179
RGB Percent	56%, 50%, 70%
CMY	0.4353, 0.5020, 0.2980
CMYK	0.20, 0.29, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	260°, 25%, 60%
HSV	260°, 29%, 70%
XYZ	27.2277, 24.3627, 45.9152
YIQ	138.0110, -6.5600, 19.7760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

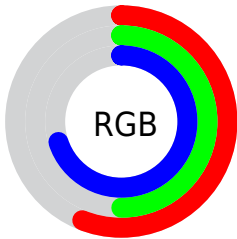
Format	Color
RYB	144, 127, 179
Decimal	9469875
CIELab	56.45, 17.32, -25.07
CIELCh	56, 30.470, 304.650
Yxy	24.3627, 0.2792, 0.2499
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287659955 (0xFF907FB3)
YUV	138.0110, 20.2076, 5.2524
Hunter-Lab	49.3586, 12.0883, -20.6028

Details

The RGB color **144, 127, 179** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **162, 179, 127**, and the grayscale version is **138, 138, 138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **198, 180, 235**, and **93, 78, 126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132, 109, 179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **156, 145, 179**.

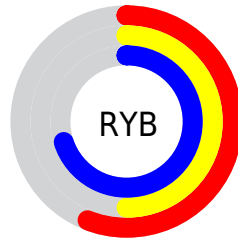
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (50%)

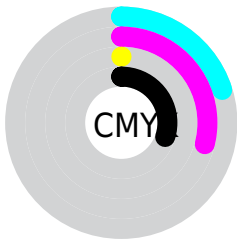
Blue (70%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (70%)

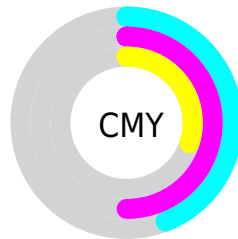


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (44%)


Magenta (50%)

Yellow (30%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 144, 127, 179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 144, 127, 179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 144, 127, 179

255, 255, 255

 198, 180, 235

 227, 207, 255

 255, 236, 255

 144, 127, 179

 118, 102, 152

 93, 78, 126

 68, 55, 101

 45, 33, 77


 22, 13, 54

 0, 0, 32

 0, 0, 4

 0, 0, 0

 144, 127, 179

 144, 127, 179

■ 132, 109, 179

■ 156, 145, 179

■ 120, 91, 179

■ 168, 163, 179

■ 108, 73, 179

■ 180, 181, 179

■ 96, 55, 179

■ 192, 199, 179

■ 84, 38, 179

■ 204, 217, 179

■ 72, 20, 179

■ 216, 234, 179

■ 60, 2, 179

■ 228, 252, 179

■ 59, 0, 179

■ 240, 255, 179

■ 252, 255, 179

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



104, 137, 188



144, 127, 179



172, 118, 159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



144, 127, 179



172, 126, 88



54, 150, 139

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



144, 127, 179



162, 179, 127

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



89, 148, 112



144, 127, 179



149, 135, 82

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



144, 127, 179



185, 118, 107



121, 143, 91



31, 149, 165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



144, 127, 179



183, 115, 141



121, 143, 91



66, 149, 130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



144, 127, 179



218, 211, 232



127, 163, 179



109, 104, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



144, 127, 179



177, 151, 232



169, 127, 179



83, 80, 89



50, 0, 153



8, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179, 127, 162



232, 151, 205



137, 179, 127



89, 80, 86



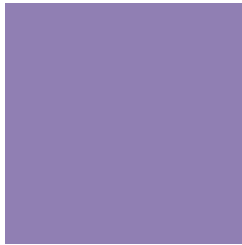
153, 0, 103



26, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 144, 127, 179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 144, 127, 179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

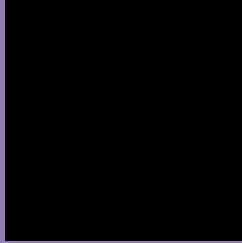
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 144, 127, 179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 144, 127, 179.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 144, 127, 179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
144, 127, 179

Protanopia
121, 134, 184

Deuteranopia
126, 133, 178



Tritanopia
138, 134, 144

Trichromacy



Original Color
144, 127, 179

Protanomaly
129, 131, 182

Deuteranomaly
133, 131, 178

Tritanomaly
140, 131, 157

Monochromacy



Original Color
144, 127, 179

Achromatopsia
138, 138, 138

Achromatomaly
140, 134, 153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 144, 127, 179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 127, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 127, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 127, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 127, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 144, 127, 179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 127, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 127, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 127, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 127, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 127, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 127,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 144, 127, 179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 127, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
127, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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