

Converting Colors

RGB(144, 133, 132)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(144, 133, 132) contains.

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Color

RGB(144, 133, 132)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	908584
RGB	144, 133, 132
RGB Percent	56%, 52%, 52%
CMY	0.4353, 0.4784, 0.4824
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.08, 0.44
HSL	5°, 5%, 54%
HSV	5°, 8%, 56%
XYZ	24.0540, 24.3703, 25.2660
YIQ	136.1750, 6.8770, 2.0210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

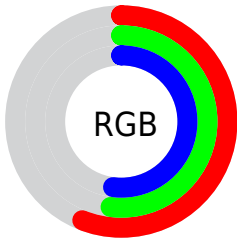
Format	Color
R_{YB}	144, 133, 132
Decimal	9471364
CIE Lab	56.46, 3.95, 2.02
CIE LCh	56, 4.441, 27.116
Yxy	24.3703, 0.3264, 0.3307
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287661444 (0xFF908584)
YUV	136.1750, -2.0583, 6.8625
Hunter-Lab	49.3663, 0.5841, 4.2114

Details

The RGB color **144, 133, 132** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **132, 143, 144**, and the grayscale version is **136, 136, 136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **198, 186, 185**, and **94, 84, 83** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **144, 120, 118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144, 146, 146**.

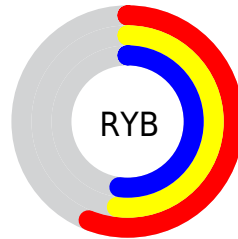
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (52%)

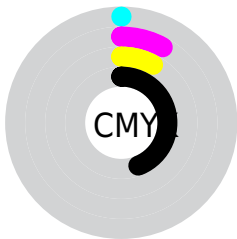
Blue (52%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (52%)

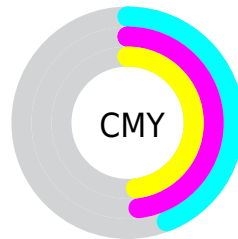


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)


Magenta (48%)

Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 144, 133, 132 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 144, 133, 132 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 144, 133, 132

255, 255, 255

 198, 186, 185


 226, 214, 213


 255, 242, 241

 144, 133, 132

 118, 108, 107

 94, 84, 83


 70, 60, 60


 48, 39, 38

 27, 18, 17


 0, 0, 0


 144, 133, 132

 144, 120, 118

 144, 107, 103

 144, 133, 132

 144, 146, 146

 144, 159, 161


 144, 93, 89

 144, 173, 175

 144, 80, 74

 144, 186, 190

 144, 67, 60

 144, 199, 204

 144, 54, 46

 144, 212, 218

 144, 41, 31

 144, 225, 233

 144, 27, 17

 144, 239, 247

 144, 14, 2

 144, 252, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143, 133, 136



144, 133, 132



143, 134, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



144, 133, 132



130, 137, 131



131, 136, 143

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



144, 133, 132



132, 143, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



128, 137, 142



144, 133, 132



127, 138, 135

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



144, 133, 132



135, 136, 128



126, 138, 139



136, 135, 142

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



144, 133, 132



140, 135, 128



126, 138, 139



130, 136, 143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



144, 133, 132



186, 181, 181



144, 132, 143



94, 91, 91



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



144, 133, 132



186, 169, 168



144, 139, 132



71, 65, 64



135, 11, 0



8, 1, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132, 143, 144



168, 185, 186



132, 137, 144



64, 71, 71



0, 124, 135



0, 7, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 144, 133, 132 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

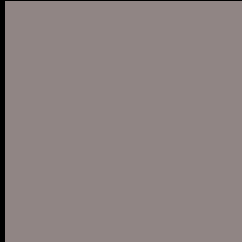
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 144, 133, 132 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

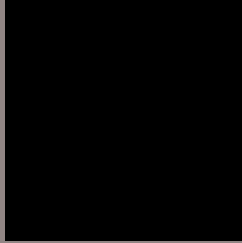
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 144, 133, 132 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 144, 133, 132.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 144, 133, 132.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


144, 133, 132

Protanopia

138, 135, 133

Deuteranopia

150, 131, 132



Tritanopia
145, 131, 142

Trichromacy



Original Color

144, 133, 132

Protanomaly

140, 134, 133

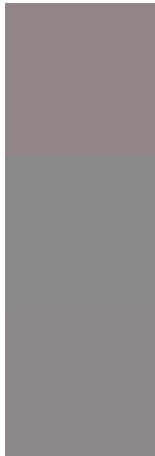
Deuteranomaly

148, 132, 132

Tritanomaly

145, 132, 138

Monochromacy



Original Color

144, 133, 132

Achromatopsia

136, 136, 136

Achromatomaly

139, 135, 135

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 144, 133, 132 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(144, 133, 132) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 133, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 133, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 133, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 144, 133, 132 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 133, 132) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 133, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 133, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 133, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 133, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 133,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 144, 133, 132 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 133, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
133, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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