

Converting Colors

RGB(144, 137, 144)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(144, 137, 144) contains.

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Color

RGB(144, 137, 144)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	908990
RGB	144, 137, 144
RGB Percent	56%, 54%, 56%
CMY	0.4353, 0.4627, 0.4353
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	300°, 3%, 55%
HSV	300°, 5%, 56%
XYZ	25.4813, 25.8342, 30.0291
YIQ	139.8910, 1.9250, 3.6610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

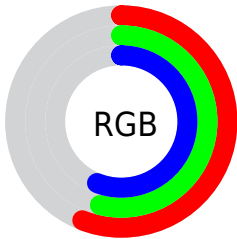
Format	Color
R_{YB}	144, 137, 144
Decimal	9472400
CIE Lab	57.88, 3.96, -2.81
CIE LCh	58, 4.850, 324.658
Yxy	25.8342, 0.3133, 0.3176
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287662480 (0xFF908990)
YUV	139.8910, 2.0257, 3.6036
Hunter-Lab	50.8274, 0.5395, 0.5504

Details

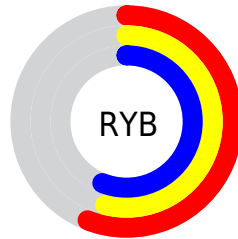
The RGB color `144, 137, 144` is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `999999`. A complement of this color would be `137, 144, 137`, and the grayscale version is `140, 140, 140`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `198, 190, 198`, and `94, 87, 94` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `144, 123, 144`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `144, 151, 144`.

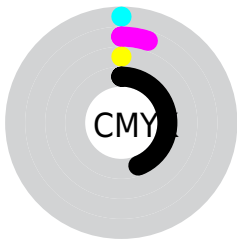
Distribution



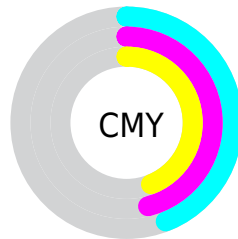
- Red (56%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)




- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 144, 137, 144 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 144, 137, 144 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 144, 137, 144

255, 255, 255

 198, 190, 198

 226, 218, 226


 254, 247, 254

 144, 137, 144

 118, 112, 118


 94, 87, 94


 70, 64, 70


 48, 42, 48

 27, 22, 27


 0, 0, 0


 144, 137, 144


 144, 123, 144

 144, 108, 144

 144, 137, 144

 144, 151, 144


 144, 166, 144

 144, 94, 144

 144, 180, 144

 144, 79, 144

 144, 195, 144

 144, 65, 144

 144, 209, 144

 144, 51, 144

 144, 223, 144

 144, 36, 144

 144, 238, 144

 144, 22, 144

 144, 252, 144

 144, 7, 144

 144, 255, 144

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139, 138, 147



144, 137, 144



147, 136, 140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



144, 137, 144



144, 138, 131



129, 142, 142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



144, 137, 144



137, 144, 137

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130, 142, 138



144, 137, 144



139, 140, 131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



144, 137, 144



147, 137, 132



134, 141, 134



130, 141, 146

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



144, 137, 144



148, 136, 137



134, 141, 134



129, 142, 141

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



144, 137, 144



186, 184, 186



137, 137, 144



94, 93, 94



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



144, 137, 144



186, 175, 186



144, 137, 140



71, 66, 71



135, 0, 135



8, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



144, 137, 144



186, 175, 186



137, 144, 140



71, 66, 71



135, 0, 135



8, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 144, 137, 144 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

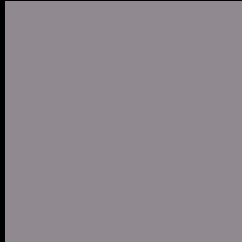
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 144, 137, 144 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

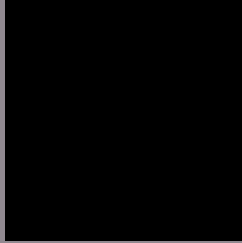
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

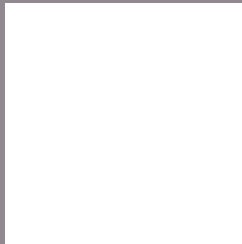
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 144, 137, 144 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 144, 137, 144.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 144, 137, 144.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


144, 137, 144

Protanopia

140, 138, 145

Deuteranopia

150, 135, 144



Tritanopia
144, 136, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color

144, 137, 144

Protanomaly

141, 138, 145

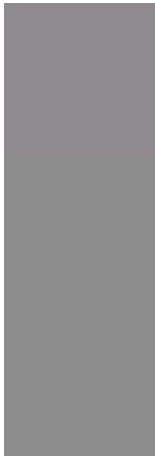
Deuteranomaly

148, 136, 144

Tritanomaly

144, 136, 146

Monochromacy



Original Color

144, 137, 144

Achromatopsia

140, 140, 140

Achromatomaly

141, 139, 141

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 144, 137, 144 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(144, 137, 144) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 137, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 137, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 137, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 144, 137, 144 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 137, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 137, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 137, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 137, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 137, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 137,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 144, 137, 144 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 137, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
137, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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