

Converting Colors

RGB(144, 180, 245)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(144, 180, 245) contains.

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Color

RGB(144, 180, 245)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	90B4F5
RGB	144, 180, 245
RGB Percent	56%, 71%, 96%
CMY	0.4353, 0.2941, 0.0392
CMYK	0.41, 0.27, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	219°, 83%, 76%
HSV	219°, 41%, 96%
XYZ	44.3043, 45.1644, 92.7687
YIQ	176.6460, -42.3210, 12.5830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

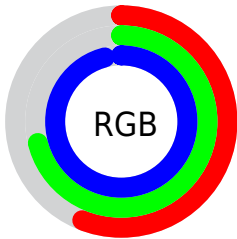
Format	Color
RYB	144, 171, 245
Decimal	9483509
CIELab	73.00, 4.06, -36.15
CIELCh	73, 36.381, 276.405
Yxy	45.1644, 0.2431, 0.2478
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287673589 (0xFF90B4F5)
YUV	176.6460, 33.6985, -28.6305
Hunter-Lab	67.2044, 0.0677, -34.8005

Details

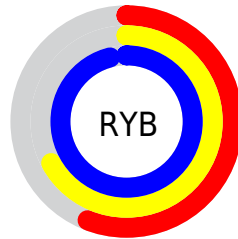
The RGB color **144, 180, 245** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **245, 209, 144**, and the grayscale version is **176, 176, 176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **201, 236, 255**, and **88, 127, 188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120, 164, 245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **169, 196, 245**.

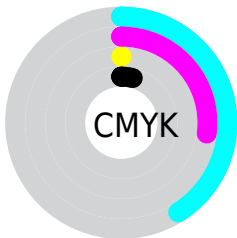
Distribution



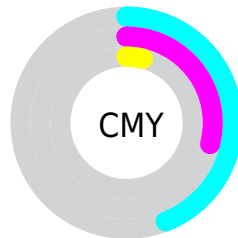
- Red (56%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 144, 180, 245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 144, 180, 245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 144, 180, 245


255, 255, 255


 201, 236, 255

 230, 255, 255

 144, 180, 245

 116, 153, 216


 88, 127, 188

 60, 103, 161

 27, 79, 135

 0, 56, 109

 0, 35, 84

 0, 13, 61

 0, 3, 39

 0, 1, 16

■ 144, 180, 245

■ 144, 180, 245

■ 120, 164, 245

■ 169, 196, 245

■ 95, 148, 245

■ 193, 212, 245

■ 70, 133, 245

■ 218, 227, 245

■ 46, 117, 245

■ 242, 243, 245

■ 21, 101, 245

■ 255, 255, 245

■ 0, 87, 245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90, 190, 239



144, 180, 245



193, 168, 233

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



144, 180, 245



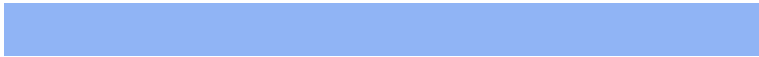
242, 158, 141



119, 195, 151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



144, 180, 245



245, 209, 144

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



159, 189, 125



144, 180, 245



224, 168, 119

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



144, 180, 245



244, 154, 173



195, 179, 112



77, 197, 185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



144, 180, 245



218, 161, 217



195, 179, 112



132, 193, 141

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



144, 180, 245



224, 235, 255



144, 245, 208



110, 116, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



144, 180, 245



130, 175, 255



157, 144, 245



110, 115, 122



0, 66, 186



0, 21, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 144, 180



255, 130, 175



232, 245, 144



122, 110, 115



186, 0, 66



59, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 144, 180, 245 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

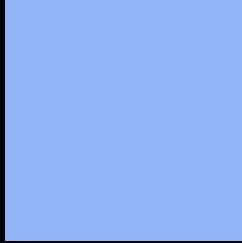
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 144, 180, 245 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

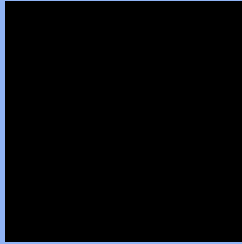
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

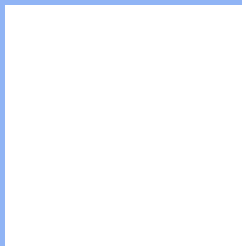
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 144, 180, 245 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 144, 180, 245.



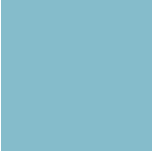
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 144, 180, 245.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

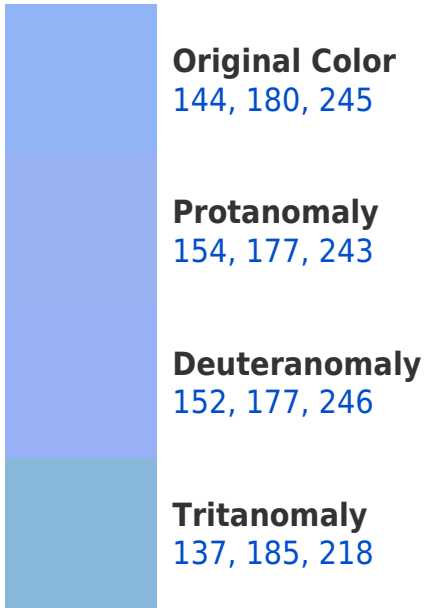
Dichromacy



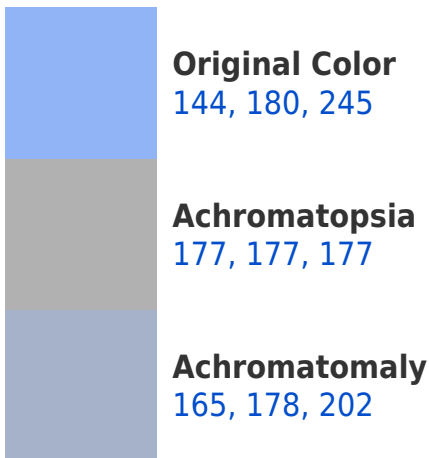


Tritanopia
133, 188, 203

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 144, 180, 245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 180, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 180, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 180, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 180, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 144, 180, 245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 180, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 180, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 180, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 180, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 180, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 180,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 144, 180, 245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 180, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
180, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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