

Converting Colors

RGB(145, 127, 115)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(145, 127, 115) contains.

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Color

RGB(145, 127, 115)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	917F73
RGB	145, 127, 115
RGB Percent	57%, 50%, 45%
CMY	0.4314, 0.5020, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.21, 0.43
HSL	24°, 12%, 51%
HSV	24°, 21%, 57%
XYZ	22.3609, 22.4363, 19.3717
YIQ	131.0140, 14.5800, 0.0840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

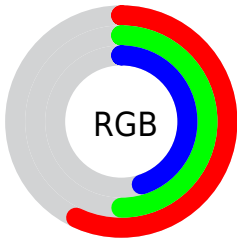
Format	Color
R_{YB}	145, 135, 115
Decimal	9535347
CIE Lab	54.49, 4.84, 9.04
CIE LCh	54, 10.258, 61.833
Yxy	22.4363, 0.3485, 0.3496
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287725427 (0xFF917F73)
YUV	131.0140, -7.8949, 12.2657
Hunter-Lab	47.3670, 1.3739, 8.9089

Details

The RGB color **145, 127, 115** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **115, 133, 145**, and the grayscale version is **131, 131, 131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **199, 180, 167**, and **94, 78, 67** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **145, 118, 101**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145, 136, 130**.

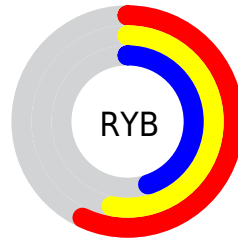
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (50%)

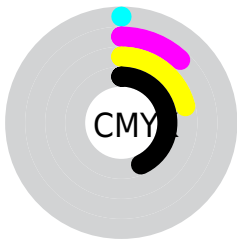
Blue (45%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (45%)

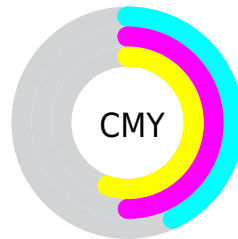


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 145, 127, 115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 145, 127, 115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 145, 127, 115

255, 255, 255

 199, 180, 167

 227, 207, 194

 255, 235, 222

 255, 255, 251

 145, 127, 115

 145, 118, 101

 145, 110, 86

 145, 127, 115

 119, 102, 90

 94, 78, 67

 70, 55, 45


 47, 34, 24

 28, 12, 0

 0, 0, 0

 145, 127, 115

 145, 136, 130

 145, 144, 144

■ 145, 101, 72

■ 145, 153, 159

■ 145, 92, 57

■ 145, 162, 173

■ 145, 84, 43

■ 145, 171, 187

■ 145, 75, 28

■ 145, 179, 202

■ 145, 66, 13

■ 145, 188, 217

■ 145, 58, 0

■ 145, 197, 231

■ 145, 205, 245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149, 125, 121



145, 127, 115



137, 130, 113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145, 127, 115



110, 136, 131



133, 128, 145

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145, 127, 115



115, 133, 145

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



122, 131, 148



145, 127, 115



108, 135, 139

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145, 127, 115



117, 135, 122



112, 134, 146



143, 125, 139

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145, 127, 115



131, 132, 114



112, 134, 146



129, 129, 147

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145, 127, 115



189, 182, 177



145, 115, 133



94, 90, 88



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145, 127, 115



189, 160, 142



145, 142, 115



71, 67, 64



135, 54, 0



8, 3, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



115, 133, 145



142, 170, 189



115, 118, 145



64, 69, 71



0, 81, 135



0, 5, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 145, 127, 115 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

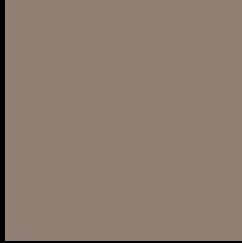
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 145, 127, 115 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

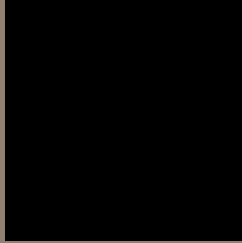
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 145, 127, 115 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 145, 127, 115.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 145, 127, 115.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


145, 127, 115

Protanopia

136, 130, 117

Deuteranopia

149, 126, 115



Tritanopia
147, 124, 134

Trichromacy



Original Color

145, 127, 115

Protanomaly

139, 129, 116

Deuteranomaly

148, 126, 115

Tritanomaly

146, 125, 127

Monochromacy



Original Color

145, 127, 115

Achromatopsia

131, 131, 131

Achromatomaly

136, 130, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 145, 127, 115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(145, 127, 115) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 127, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 127, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 127, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 145, 127, 115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 127, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 127, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 127, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 127, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 127, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 127,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 145, 127, 115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 127, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
127, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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