

Converting Colors

RGB(145, 179, 230)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(145, 179, 230) contains.

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Color

RGB(145, 179, 230)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	91B3E6
RGB	145, 179, 230
RGB Percent	57%, 70%, 90%
CMY	0.4314, 0.2980, 0.0980
CMYK	0.37, 0.22, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	216°, 63%, 74%
HSV	216°, 37%, 90%
XYZ	42.0801, 43.9731, 81.1327
YIQ	174.6480, -36.6350, 8.6530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

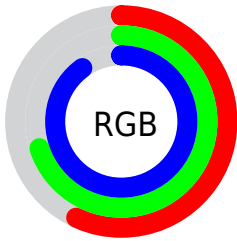
Format	Color
RYB	145, 169, 230
Decimal	9548774
CIELab	72.21, 0.86, -29.23
CIELCh	72, 29.244, 271.689
Yxy	43.9731, 0.2517, 0.2630
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287738854 (0xFF91B3E6)
YUV	174.6480, 27.2885, -26.0013
Hunter-Lab	66.3122, -2.7748, -26.1225

Details

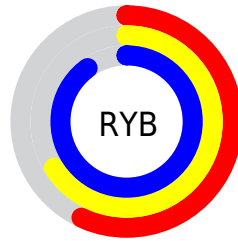
The RGB color **145, 179, 230** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **230, 196, 145**, and the grayscale version is **174, 174, 174**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **201, 235, 255**, and **91, 126, 174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **122, 165, 230**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **168, 193, 230**.

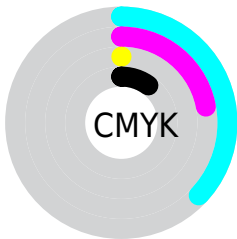
Distribution



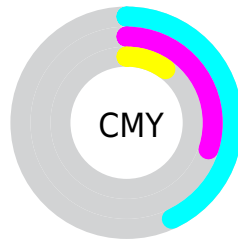
- Red (57%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 145, 179, 230 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 145, 179, 230 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 145, 179, 230


255, 255, 255


 201, 235, 255

 230, 255, 255

 145, 179, 230

 118, 152, 202

 91, 126, 174

 64, 102, 148

 36, 78, 122

 0, 55, 97

 0, 34, 73

 0, 11, 50

 0, 2, 28

 0, 0, 0

■ 145, 179, 230

■ 145, 179, 230

■ 122, 165, 230

■ 168, 193, 230

■ 99, 151, 230

■ 191, 207, 230

■ 76, 138, 230

■ 214, 220, 230

■ 53, 124, 230

■ 237, 234, 230

■ 30, 110, 230

■ 255, 248, 230

■ 7, 96, 230

■ 255, 255, 230

■ 0, 92, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



109, 187, 223



145, 179, 230



183, 170, 222

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145, 179, 230



230, 160, 150



135, 189, 151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145, 179, 230



230, 196, 145

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166, 184, 131



145, 179, 230



217, 167, 131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145, 179, 230



229, 157, 176



195, 176, 124



107, 192, 178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145, 179, 230



204, 164, 210



195, 176, 124



145, 188, 143

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145, 179, 230



227, 238, 255



145, 230, 196



111, 118, 128



0, 0, 0



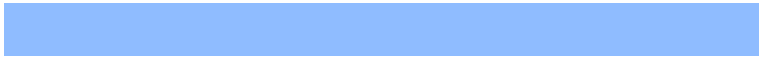
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145, 179, 230



143, 188, 255



153, 145, 230



103, 108, 115



0, 71, 179



0, 20, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



230, 145, 179



255, 143, 188



222, 230, 145



115, 103, 108



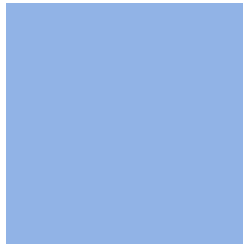
179, 0, 71



51, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 145, 179, 230 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

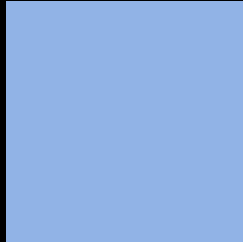
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 145, 179, 230 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

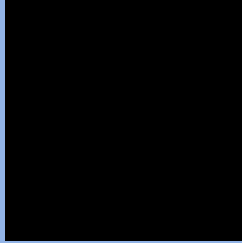
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

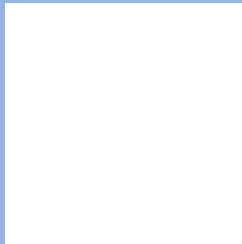
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 145, 179, 230 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 145, 179, 230.



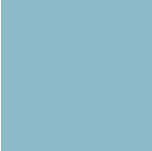
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 145, 179, 230.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

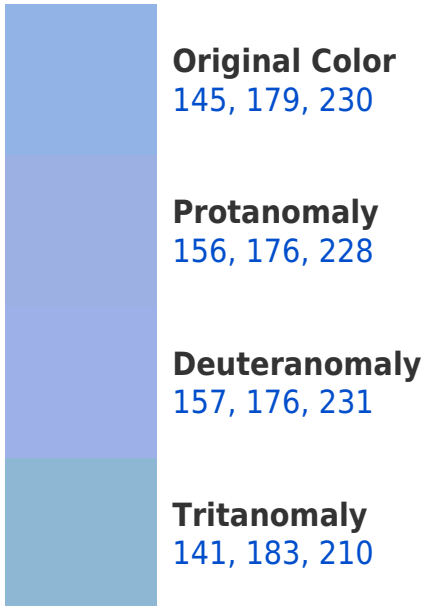
Dichromacy



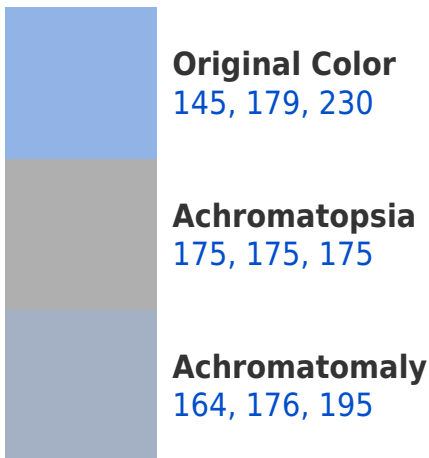


Tritanopia
138, 185, 199

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 145, 179, 230 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 179, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 179, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 179, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 179, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 145, 179, 230 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 179, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 179, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 179, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 179, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 179, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 179,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 145, 179, 230 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 179, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
179, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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