

Converting Colors

RGB(145, 41, 129)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(145, 41, 129) contains.

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Color

RGB(145, 41, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	912981
RGB	145, 41, 129
RGB Percent	57%, 16%, 51%
CMY	0.4314, 0.8392, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.72, 0.11, 0.43
HSL	309°, 56%, 36%
HSV	309°, 72%, 57%
XYZ	16.4324, 9.1906, 21.6768
YIQ	82.1280, 33.7360, 49.4160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

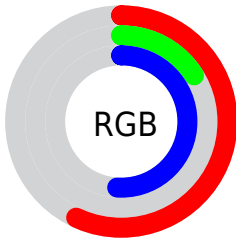
Format	Color
R_{YB}	145, 41, 129
Decimal	9513345
CIE _{Lab}	36.35, 52.90, -26.53
CIE _{LCh}	36, 59.179, 333.370
Yxy	9.1906, 0.3474, 0.1943
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287703425 (0xFF912981)
YUV	82.1280, 23.1079, 55.1387
Hunter-Lab	30.3160, 43.7009, -21.1727

Details

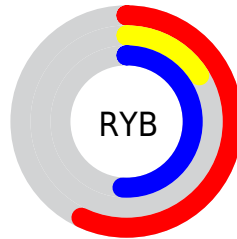
The RGB color **145, 41, 129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **41, 145, 57**, and the grayscale version is **82, 82, 82**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **202, 96, 182**, and **91, 0, 79** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **145, 27, 127**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145, 56, 131**.

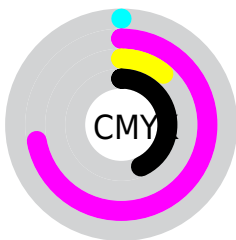
Distribution



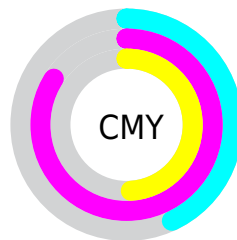
- Red (57%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (43%)




- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 145, 41, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 145, 41, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 145, 41, 129


 145, 41, 129

255, 255, 255

 118, 2, 104


 202, 96, 182

 91, 0, 79

 231, 123, 210

 65, 0, 56

 255, 150, 238

 41, 0, 34

 255, 178, 255

 0, 0, 7

 255, 207, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 236, 255

 145, 41, 129

 145, 41, 129

 145, 27, 127

 145, 56, 131

■ 145, 12, 125

■ 145, 70, 133

■ 145, 0, 123

■ 145, 85, 136

■ 145, 99, 138

■ 145, 114, 140

■ 145, 128, 142

■ 145, 143, 145

■ 145, 157, 147

■ 145, 171, 149

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88, 70, 166



145, 41, 129



166, 18, 82

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145, 41, 129



100, 85, 0



0, 105, 137

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145, 41, 129



41, 145, 57

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 106, 90



145, 41, 129



50, 97, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145, 41, 129



137, 66, 0



0, 103, 39



0, 101, 171

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145, 41, 129



166, 29, 51



0, 103, 39



0, 106, 122

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145, 41, 129



189, 147, 182



57, 41, 145



94, 70, 91



222, 222, 222



94, 94, 94

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145, 41, 129



189, 26, 164



145, 41, 77



71, 64, 70



135, 0, 114



8, 0, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145, 41, 129



189, 26, 164



41, 145, 109



71, 64, 70



135, 0, 114



8, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 145, 41, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

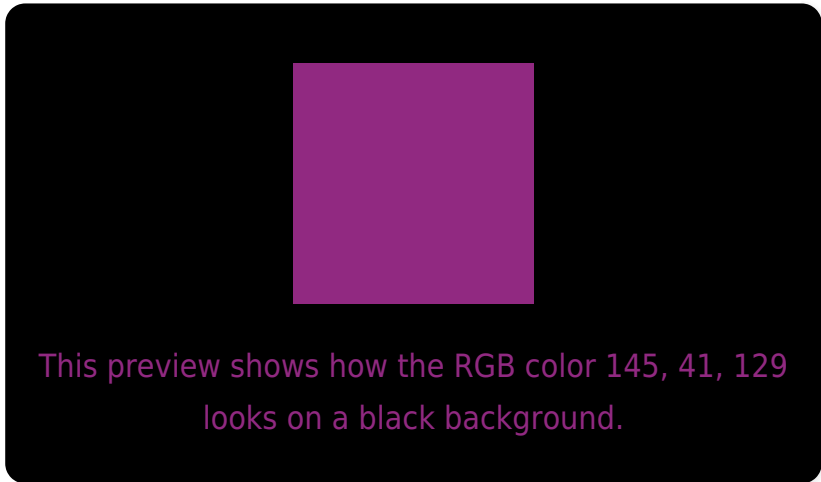
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

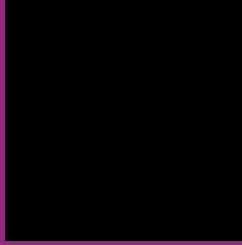
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 145, 41, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 145, 41, 129.

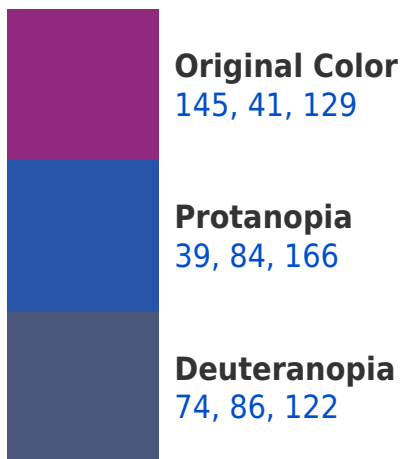


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 145, 41, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
139, 62, 66

Trichromacy



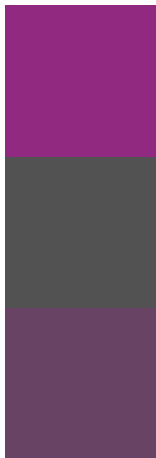
Original Color
145, 41, 129

Protanomaly
78, 68, 153

Deuteranomaly
100, 70, 125

Tritanomaly
141, 54, 89

Monochromacy



Original Color
145, 41, 129

Achromatopsia
82, 82, 82

Achromatomaly
105, 67, 99

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 145, 41, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 41, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 41, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 41, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 41, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 145, 41, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 41, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 41, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 41, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 41, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 41, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 41,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 145, 41, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 41, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 41,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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