

Converting Colors

RGB(145, 80, 226)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(145, 80, 226) contains.

RGB(145, 80, 226)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	28

Color

RGB(145, 80, 226)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9150E2
RGB	145, 80, 226
RGB Percent	57%, 31%, 89%
CMY	0.4314, 0.6863, 0.1137
CMYK	0.36, 0.65, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	267°, 72%, 60%
HSV	267°, 65%, 89%
XYZ	28.2732, 17.2481, 73.7906
YIQ	116.0790, -8.1260, 59.1860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

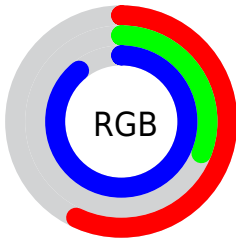
Format	Color
R_{YB}	145, 80, 226
Decimal	9523426
CIE _{Lab}	48.57, 55.45, -64.35
CIE _{LCh}	49, 84.940, 310.752
Yxy	17.2481, 0.2370, 0.1446
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287713506 (0xFF9150E2)
YUV	116.0790, 54.1911, 25.3637
Hunter-Lab	41.5308, 48.8398, -76.2730

Details

The RGB color **145, 80, 226** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **161, 226, 80**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203, 133, 255**, and **87, 26, 170** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132, 57, 226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **158, 103, 226**.

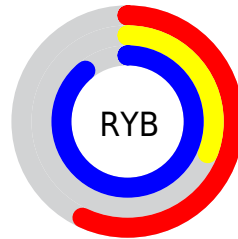
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (31%)

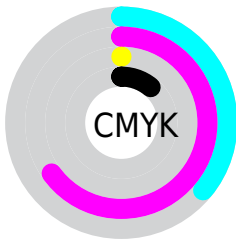
Blue (89%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (89%)

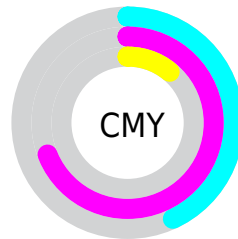


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (43%)


















Magenta (69%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 145, 80, 226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 145, 80, 226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 145, 80, 226	 145, 80, 226
 255, 255, 255	 116, 54, 197
 203, 133, 255	 87, 26, 170
 233, 160, 255	 57, 0, 142
 255, 188, 255	 19, 0, 116
 255, 216, 255	 0, 0, 91
 255, 245, 255	 0, 2, 66
	 0, 3, 43
	 0, 1, 21
	 0, 0, 0

■ 145, 80, 226

■ 145, 80, 226

■ 132, 57, 226

■ 158, 103, 226

■ 120, 35, 226

■ 170, 125, 226

■ 107, 12, 226

■ 183, 148, 226

■ 101, 0, 226

■ 195, 170, 226

■ 208, 193, 226

■ 220, 216, 226

■ 233, 238, 226

■ 245, 255, 226

■ 255, 255, 226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 117, 255



145, 80, 226



216, 0, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



145, 80, 226



177, 94, 0



0, 144, 140

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



145, 80, 226



161, 226, 80

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 142, 64



145, 80, 226



118, 121, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



145, 80, 226



220, 47, 20



2, 135, 0



0, 144, 209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



145, 80, 226



234, 0, 117



2, 135, 0



0, 144, 115

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



145, 80, 226



228, 207, 255



80, 163, 226



111, 98, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



145, 80, 226



145, 56, 255



216, 80, 226



106, 101, 112



78, 0, 176



22, 0, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



226, 80, 161



255, 56, 166



90, 226, 80



112, 101, 107



176, 0, 98



48, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 145, 80, 226 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

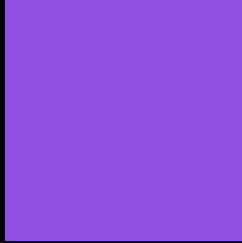
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 145, 80, 226 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

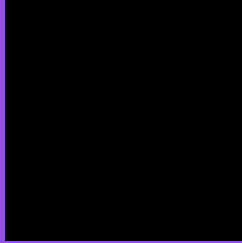
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 145, 80, 226 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 145, 80, 226.

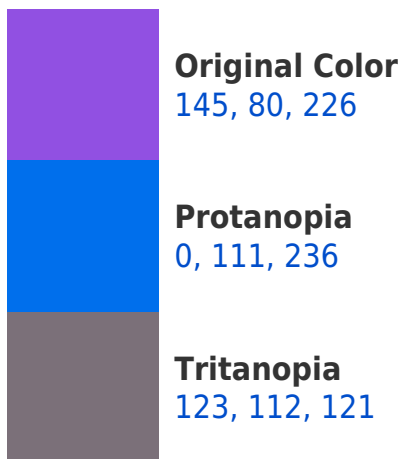


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 145, 80, 226.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Trichromacy



Original Color

145, 80, 226



Protanomaly

53, 100, 232



Tritanomaly

131, 100, 159

Monochromacy



Original Color

145, 80, 226



Achromatopsia

116, 116, 116



Achromatomaly

127, 103, 156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 145, 80, 226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 80, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 80, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 80, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 80, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 145, 80, 226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 80, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 80, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 80, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 80, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 80, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 80,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 145, 80, 226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 80, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 80,  
226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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