

Converting Colors

RGB(146, 204, 216)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(146, 204, 216) contains.

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Color

RGB(146, 204, 216)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92CCD8
RGB	146, 204, 216
RGB Percent	57%, 80%, 85%
CMY	0.4275, 0.2000, 0.1529
CMYK	0.32, 0.06, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	190°, 47%, 71%
HSV	190°, 32%, 85%
XYZ	45.8416, 54.2546, 73.0218
YIQ	188.0260, -38.4200, -8.5640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

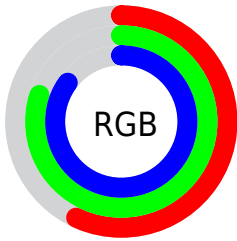
Format	Color
RYB	146, 178, 216
Decimal	9620696
CIELab	78.61, -15.69, -11.94
CIELCh	79, 19.717, 217.278
Yxy	54.2546, 0.2648, 0.3134
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287810776 (0xFF92CCD8)
YUV	188.0260, 13.7912, -36.8568
Hunter-Lab	73.6577, -17.8098, -7.2177

Details

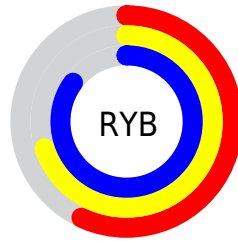
The RGB color **146, 204, 216** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **216, 158, 146**, and the grayscale version is **188, 188, 188**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **202, 255, 255**, and **92, 150, 161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **124, 200, 216**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **168, 208, 216**.

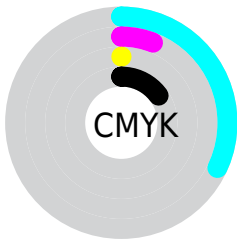
Distribution



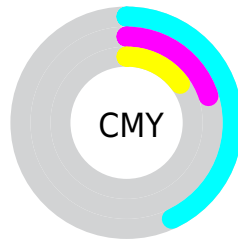
- Red (57%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 146, 204, 216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 146, 204, 216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 146, 204, 216


255, 255, 255


 202, 255, 255

 231, 255, 255

 146, 204, 216

 119, 177, 188


 92, 150, 161

 66, 124, 135

 39, 99, 110

 2, 75, 85

 0, 52, 62

 0, 31, 40

 0, 1, 20

 0, 0, 0

 146, 204, 216


 146, 204, 216

 124, 200, 216


 168, 208, 216

 103, 197, 216


 189, 211, 216

 81, 193, 216


 211, 215, 216

 60, 189, 216

 232, 219, 216

 38, 185, 216

 254, 223, 216

 16, 182, 216

 255, 226, 216

 0, 179, 216

 255, 230, 216

 255, 234, 216

 255, 237, 216

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



149, 205, 198



146, 204, 216



158, 200, 228

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



146, 204, 216



222, 183, 209



204, 195, 158

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



146, 204, 216



216, 158, 146

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



221, 189, 161



146, 204, 216



232, 182, 191

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



146, 204, 216



203, 188, 224



231, 184, 173



184, 200, 165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



146, 204, 216



172, 197, 231



231, 184, 173



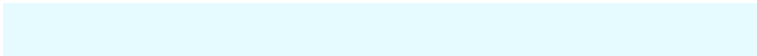
211, 193, 158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



146, 204, 216



230, 251, 255



146, 216, 158



112, 125, 128



0, 0, 0



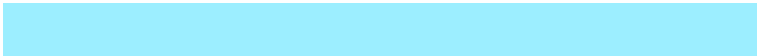
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



146, 204, 216



156, 238, 255



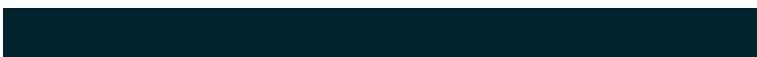
146, 169, 216



96, 105, 107



0, 142, 171



0, 36, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



216, 146, 204



255, 156, 238



216, 193, 146



107, 96, 105



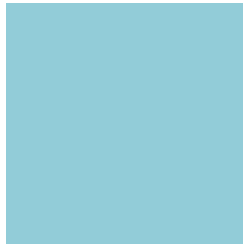
171, 0, 142



43, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 146, 204, 216 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

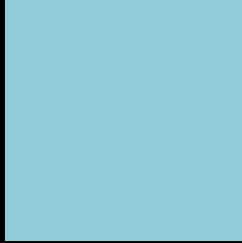
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 146, 204, 216 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

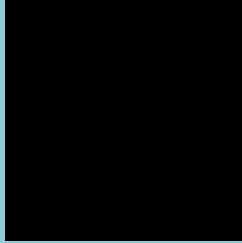
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 146, 204, 216 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 146, 204, 216.

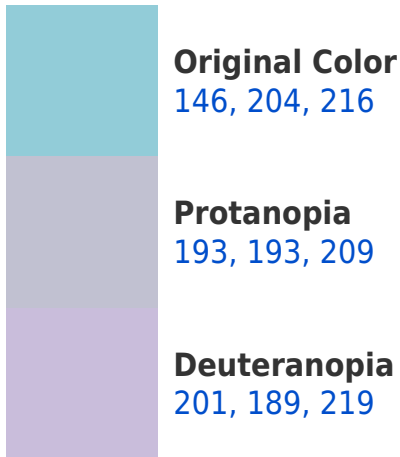


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 146, 204, 216.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
147, 203, 220

Trichromacy



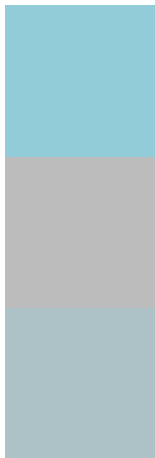
Original Color
146, 204, 216

Protanomaly
176, 197, 212

Deuteranomaly
181, 194, 218

Tritanomaly
147, 203, 219

Monochromacy



Original Color
146, 204, 216

Achromatopsia
188, 188, 188

Achromatomaly
173, 194, 198

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 146, 204, 216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 204, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 204, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 204, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 204, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 146, 204, 216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 204, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 204, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 204, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 204, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 204, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 204,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 146, 204, 216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 204, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
204, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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