

Converting Colors

RGB(147, 151, 125)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(147, 151, 125) contains.

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Color

RGB(147, 151, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93977D
RGB	147, 151, 125
RGB Percent	58%, 59%, 49%
CMY	0.4235, 0.4078, 0.5098
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.17, 0.41
HSL	69°, 11%, 54%
HSV	69°, 17%, 59%
XYZ	26.8009, 29.8169, 23.7447
YIQ	146.8400, 5.9620, -8.9340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

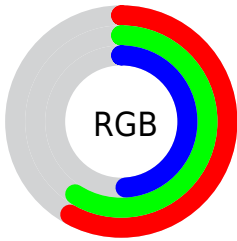
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 151, 129
Decimal	9672573
CIE Lab	61.50, -6.16, 13.23
CIE LCh	61, 14.594, 114.967
Yxy	29.8169, 0.3335, 0.3710
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287862653 (0xFF93977D)
YUV	146.8400, -10.7671, 0.1403
Hunter-Lab	54.6049, -7.9480, 12.4414

Details

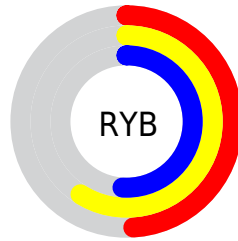
The RGB color **147, 151, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **129, 125, 151**, and the grayscale version is **147, 147, 147**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **201, 205, 178**, and **96, 100, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **145, 151, 110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149, 151, 140**.

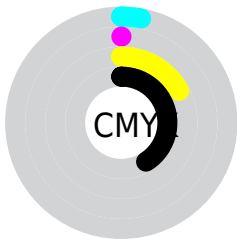
Distribution



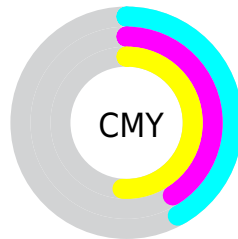
- Red (58%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 147, 151, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 147, 151, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 147, 151, 125


255, 255, 255

 201, 205, 178

 229, 233, 205

 255, 255, 233

 147, 151, 125

 121, 125, 100

 96, 100, 76

 72, 76, 53

 50, 54, 32


 29, 32, 9


 0, 10, 0

 0, 0, 0

 147, 151, 125

 145, 151, 110

 147, 151, 125


 149, 151, 140

 142, 151, 95


 152, 151, 155

 140, 151, 80


 154, 151, 170


 138, 151, 65


 156, 151, 185

 135, 151, 49

 159, 151, 201

 133, 151, 34

 161, 151, 216

 131, 151, 19

 163, 151, 231

 128, 151, 4

 166, 151, 246

 128, 151, 0

 168, 151, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161, 147, 123



147, 151, 125



132, 154, 133

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



147, 151, 125



119, 154, 169



173, 140, 151

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



147, 151, 125



129, 125, 151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163, 142, 163



147, 151, 125



132, 150, 174

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



147, 151, 125



115, 156, 159



148, 146, 172



176, 140, 138

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



147, 151, 125



124, 156, 141



148, 146, 172



171, 140, 156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



147, 151, 125



195, 196, 187



151, 129, 125



99, 99, 93



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



147, 151, 125



190, 196, 155



134, 151, 125



75, 77, 69



119, 140, 0



11, 13, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



129, 125, 151



161, 155, 196



142, 125, 151



70, 69, 77



22, 0, 140



2, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 147, 151, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

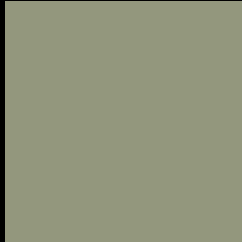
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 147, 151, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

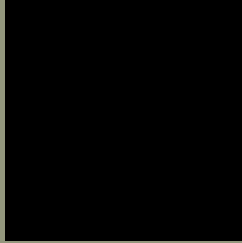
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 147, 151, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 147, 151, 125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 147, 151, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
147, 151, 125

Protanopia
157, 148, 124

Deuteranopia
170, 143, 127



Tritanopia
152, 146, 158

Trichromacy



Original Color

147, 151, 125

Protanomaly

153, 149, 124

Deuteranomaly

162, 146, 126

Tritanomaly

150, 148, 146

Monochromacy



Original Color

147, 151, 125

Achromatopsia

147, 147, 147

Achromatomaly

147, 148, 139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 147, 151, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 151, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 151, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 151, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 151, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 147, 151, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 151, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 151, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 151, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 151, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 151, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 151,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 147, 151, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 151, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
151, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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