

Converting Colors

RGB(147, 204, 234)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(147, 204, 234) contains.

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Color

RGB(147, 204, 234)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93CCEA
RGB	147, 204, 234
RGB Percent	58%, 80%, 92%
CMY	0.4235, 0.2000, 0.0824
CMYK	0.37, 0.13, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	201°, 67%, 75%
HSV	201°, 37%, 92%
XYZ	48.4768, 55.3293, 85.9665
YIQ	190.3770, -43.6020, -2.7540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

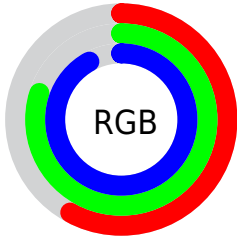
Format	Color
RYB	147, 181, 234
Decimal	9686250
CIELab	79.23, -10.99, -20.66
CIELCh	79, 23.401, 241.988
Yxy	55.3293, 0.2554, 0.2916
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287876330 (0xFF93CCEA)
YUV	190.3770, 21.5061, -38.0416
Hunter-Lab	74.3837, -13.8407, -16.4540

Details

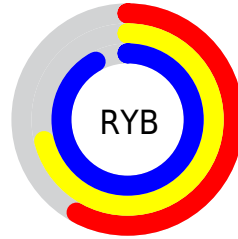
The RGB color **147, 204, 234** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**, and the color name is **cornflower**. A complement of this color would be **234, 177, 147**, and the grayscale version is **190, 190, 190**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203, 255, 255**, and **92, 150, 178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **124, 196, 234**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170, 212, 234**.

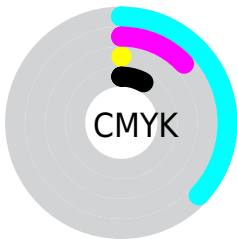
Distribution



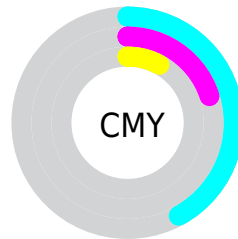
- Red (58%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 147, 204, 234 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 147, 204, 234 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 147, 204, 234


255, 255, 255


 203, 255, 255

 232, 255, 255

 147, 204, 234

 119, 177, 206

 92, 150, 178

 65, 124, 151

 35, 99, 125

 0, 75, 100

 0, 53, 76

 0, 31, 54

 0, 2, 33

 0, 0, 5

■ 147, 204, 234

■ 147, 204, 234

■ 124, 196, 234

■ 170, 212, 234

■ 100, 188, 234

■ 194, 220, 234

■ 77, 180, 234

■ 217, 228, 234

■ 53, 172, 234

■ 241, 236, 234

■ 30, 164, 234

■ 255, 244, 234

■ 7, 156, 234

■ 255, 252, 234

■ 0, 153, 234

■ 255, 255, 234

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136, 208, 218



147, 204, 234



173, 198, 239

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



147, 204, 234



239, 181, 196



187, 202, 159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



147, 204, 234



234, 177, 147

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



211, 195, 153



147, 204, 234



241, 182, 174

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



147, 204, 234



226, 184, 217



230, 188, 158



163, 207, 175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



147, 204, 234



192, 193, 236



230, 188, 158



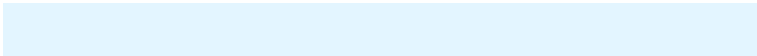
196, 200, 156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



147, 204, 234



227, 245, 255



147, 234, 176



111, 122, 128



0, 0, 0



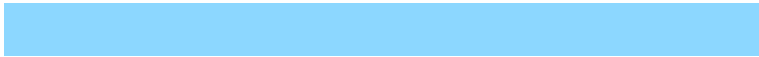
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



147, 204, 234



140, 215, 255



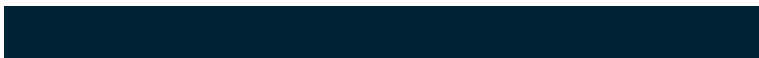
147, 162, 234



106, 113, 117



0, 119, 181



0, 35, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



234, 147, 204



255, 140, 215



234, 219, 147



117, 106, 113



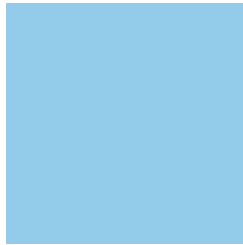
181, 0, 119



54, 0, 35

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 147, 204, 234 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

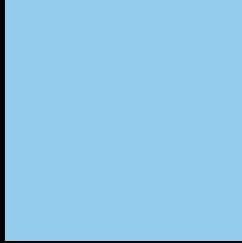
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 147, 204, 234 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 147, 204, 234 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 147, 204, 234.

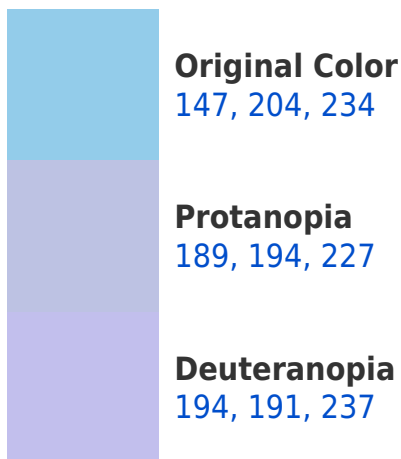


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 147, 204, 234.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
144, 206, 222

Trichromacy



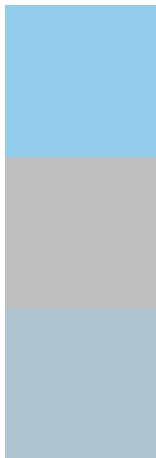
Original Color
147, 204, 234

Protanomaly
174, 198, 230

Deuteranomaly
177, 196, 236

Tritanomaly
145, 205, 226

Monochromacy



Original Color
147, 204, 234

Achromatopsia
190, 190, 190

Achromatomaly
174, 195, 206

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 147, 204, 234 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 204, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 204, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 204, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 204, 234) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 147, 204, 234 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 204, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 204, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 204, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 204, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 204, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 204,  
234) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 147, 204, 234 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 204, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
204, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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