

Converting Colors

RGB(148, 139, 106)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(148, 139, 106) contains.

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Color

RGB(148, 139, 106)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	948B6A
RGB	148, 139, 106
RGB Percent	58%, 55%, 42%
CMY	0.4196, 0.4549, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.28, 0.42
HSL	47°, 17%, 50%
HSV	47°, 28%, 58%
XYZ	24.0469, 25.8017, 17.3485
YIQ	137.9290, 15.9570, -8.3550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

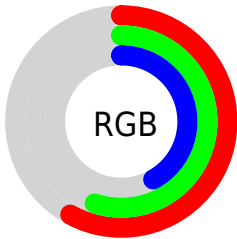
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 148, 106
Decimal	9735018
CIE Lab	57.85, -2.08, 18.90
CIE LCh	58, 19.013, 96.271
Yxy	25.8017, 0.3579, 0.3840
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287925098 (0xFF948B6A)
YUV	137.9290, -15.7410, 8.8323
Hunter-Lab	50.7954, -4.3889, 15.3071

Details

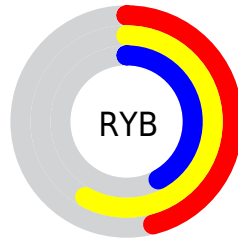
The RGB color **148, 139, 106** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **106, 115, 148**, and the grayscale version is **138, 138, 138**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203, 192, 157**, and **97, 89, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148, 136, 91**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **148, 142, 121**.

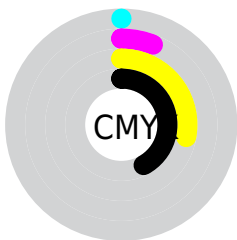
Distribution



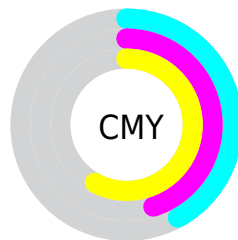
- Red (58%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 148, 139, 106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 148, 139, 106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 148, 139, 106

255, 255, 255


 203, 192, 157


 231, 220, 184

 255, 249, 212

 255, 255, 241

 148, 139, 106

 148, 136, 91

 148, 133, 76

 148, 139, 106

 122, 114, 82

 97, 89, 58


 72, 66, 36


 49, 44, 15

 28, 23, 0

 0, 0, 0

 148, 139, 106

 148, 142, 121

 148, 145, 136

■ 148, 129, 62

■ 148, 149, 150

■ 148, 126, 47

■ 148, 152, 165

■ 148, 123, 32

■ 148, 155, 180

■ 148, 120, 17

■ 148, 158, 195

■ 148, 117, 2

■ 148, 161, 210

■ 148, 116, 0

■ 148, 164, 224

■ 148, 168, 239

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163, 133, 109



148, 139, 106



130, 144, 112

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



148, 139, 106



92, 148, 158



164, 129, 153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



148, 139, 106



106, 115, 148

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146, 134, 166



148, 139, 106



103, 144, 169

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



148, 139, 106



96, 149, 142



124, 139, 172



172, 127, 136

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



148, 139, 106



117, 146, 120



124, 139, 172



159, 130, 158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



148, 139, 106



191, 188, 174



148, 106, 115



97, 95, 86



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



148, 139, 106



191, 177, 126



136, 148, 106



74, 72, 67



138, 108, 0



10, 8, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



106, 115, 148



126, 140, 191



118, 106, 148



67, 68, 74



0, 30, 138



0, 2, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 148, 139, 106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

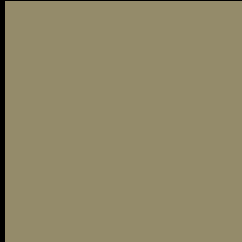
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 148, 139, 106 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

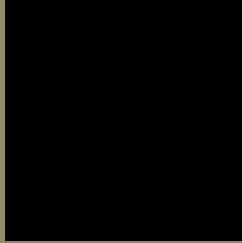
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

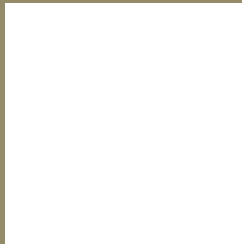
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 148, 139, 106 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 148, 139, 106.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 148, 139, 106.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


148, 139, 106

Protanopia

149, 139, 106

Deuteranopia

163, 133, 107



Tritanopia
153, 134, 144

Trichromacy



Original Color

148, 139, 106

Protanomaly

149, 139, 106

Deuteranomaly

158, 135, 107

Tritanomaly

151, 136, 130

Monochromacy



Original Color

148, 139, 106

Achromatopsia

138, 138, 138

Achromatomaly

142, 138, 126

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 148, 139, 106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(148, 139, 106) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 139, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 139, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 139, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 148, 139, 106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 139, 106) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 139, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 139, 106)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 139, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 139, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 139,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 148, 139, 106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 139, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
139, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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