

Converting Colors

RGB(148, 163, 163)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(148, 163, 163) contains.

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Color

RGB(148, 163, 163)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94A3A3
RGB	148, 163, 163
RGB Percent	58%, 64%, 64%
CMY	0.4196, 0.3608, 0.3608
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	180°, 8%, 61%
HSV	180°, 9%, 64%
XYZ	31.9208, 35.1346, 39.7496
YIQ	158.5150, -8.9400, -3.1800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

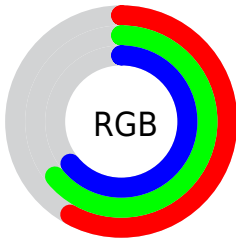
Format	Color
RYB	148, 156, 163
Decimal	9741219
CIELab	65.85, -5.27, -1.81
CIElCh	66, 5.571, 198.998
Yxy	35.1346, 0.2989, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287931299 (0xFF94A3A3)
YUV	158.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217
Hunter-Lab	59.2745, -7.6036, 1.7321

Details

The RGB color **148, 163, 163** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **163, 148, 148**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **202, 218, 218**, and **97, 111, 111** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132, 163, 163**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **164, 163, 163**.

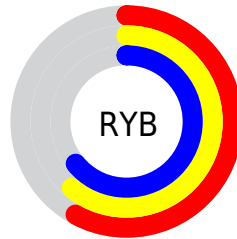
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (64%)

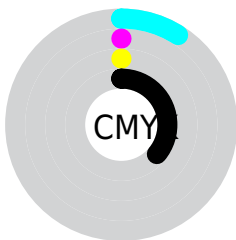
Blue (64%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (64%)

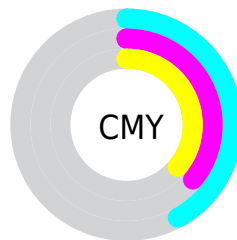


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 148, 163, 163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 148, 163, 163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 148, 163, 163

 148, 163, 163

255, 255, 255


 122, 137, 137

 202, 218, 218

 97, 111, 111

 230, 246, 246

 73, 87, 87


 51, 64, 64

 29, 42, 42


 6, 22, 21

 0, 0, 0

 148, 163, 163

 148, 163, 163

 132, 163, 163

 164, 163, 163

■ 115, 163, 163

■ 181, 163, 163

■ 99, 163, 163

■ 197, 163, 163

■ 83, 163, 163

■ 213, 163, 163

■ 67, 163, 163

■ 230, 163, 163

■ 50, 163, 163

■ 246, 163, 163

■ 34, 163, 163

■ 255, 163, 163

■ 18, 163, 163

■ 1, 163, 163

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150, 163, 158



148, 163, 163



149, 162, 167

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



148, 163, 163



165, 158, 167



166, 159, 150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



148, 163, 163



163, 148, 148

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



170, 158, 153



148, 163, 163



169, 157, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



148, 163, 163



159, 159, 169



171, 157, 157



161, 161, 151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



148, 163, 163



151, 161, 169



171, 157, 157



168, 158, 151

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



148, 163, 163



205, 212, 212



148, 163, 148



103, 107, 107



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



148, 163, 163



188, 212, 212



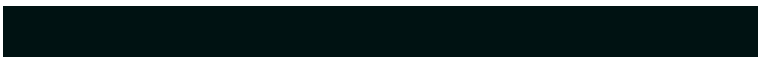
148, 155, 163



73, 82, 82



0, 145, 145



0, 18, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



163, 148, 163



212, 188, 212



163, 155, 148



82, 73, 82



145, 0, 145



18, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 148, 163, 163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

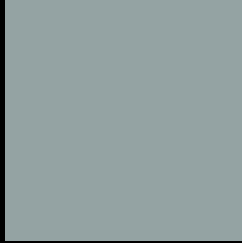
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 148, 163, 163 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

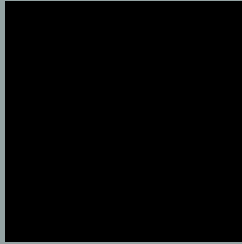
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

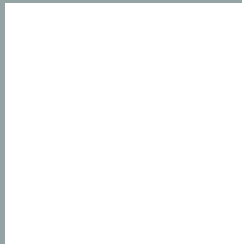
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 148, 163, 163 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 148, 163, 163.

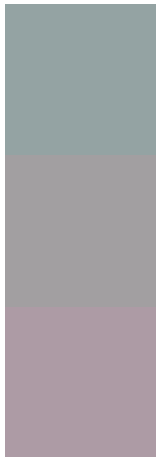


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 148, 163, 163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

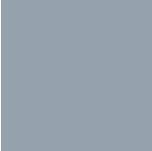
Dichromacy



Original Color
148, 163, 163

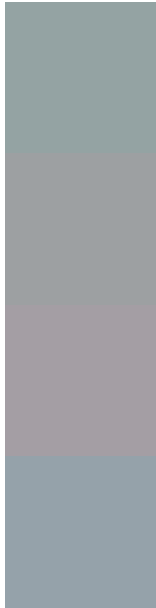
Protanopia
162, 159, 161

Deuteranopia
173, 155, 165



Tritanopia
150, 161, 174

Trichromacy



Original Color

148, 163, 163

Protanomaly

157, 160, 162

Deuteranomaly

164, 158, 164

Tritanomaly

149, 162, 170

Monochromacy



Original Color

148, 163, 163

Achromatopsia

159, 159, 159

Achromatomaly

155, 160, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 148, 163, 163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 163, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 163, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 163, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 163, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 148, 163, 163 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 163, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 163, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 163, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 163, 163); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 163, 163); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 163, 163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 148, 163, 163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 163, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
163, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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