

Converting Colors

RGB(148, 208, 244)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(148, 208, 244) contains.

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Color

RGB(148, 208, 244)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94D0F4
RGB	148, 208, 244
RGB Percent	58%, 82%, 96%
CMY	0.4196, 0.1843, 0.0431
CMYK	0.39, 0.15, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	202°, 81%, 77%
HSV	202°, 39%, 96%
XYZ	51.0978, 57.9393, 94.0782
YIQ	194.1640, -47.3160, -1.5240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

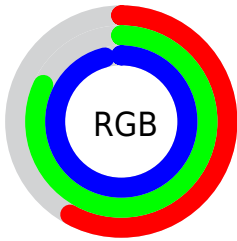
Format	Color
R _Y B	148, 185, 244
Decimal	9752820
CIE Lab	80.71, -10.27, -23.76
CIE LCh	81, 25.883, 246.617
Yxy	57.9393, 0.2516, 0.2853
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287942900 (0xFF94D0F4)
YUV	194.1640, 24.5691, -40.4858
Hunter-Lab	76.1179, -13.3796, -19.9972

Details

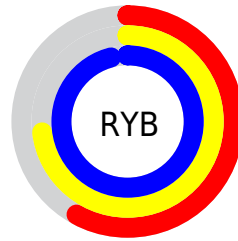
The RGB color **148, 208, 244** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **244, 184, 148**, and the grayscale version is **194, 194, 194**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205, 255, 255**, and **92, 154, 188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **124, 199, 244**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **172, 217, 244**.

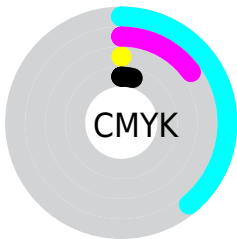
Distribution



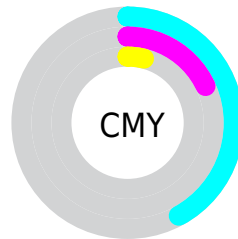
- Red (58%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 148, 208, 244 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 148, 208, 244 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 148, 208, 244


255, 255, 255


 205, 255, 255


 234, 255, 255

 148, 208, 244

 120, 180, 216


 92, 154, 188

 64, 128, 161

 33, 103, 134

 0, 79, 109

 0, 56, 85

 0, 34, 61

 0, 8, 39

 0, 1, 17

■ 148, 208, 244

■ 148, 208, 244

■ 124, 199, 244

■ 172, 217, 244

■ 99, 190, 244

■ 197, 226, 244

■ 75, 181, 244

■ 221, 235, 244

■ 50, 171, 244

■ 246, 245, 244

■ 26, 162, 244

■ 255, 254, 244

■ 2, 153, 244

■ 255, 255, 244

■ 0, 153, 244

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132, 213, 228



148, 208, 244



179, 201, 248

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



148, 208, 244



249, 183, 196



186, 208, 161

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



148, 208, 244



244, 184, 148

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



213, 200, 152



148, 208, 244



248, 186, 173

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



148, 208, 244



236, 185, 220



235, 192, 157



159, 212, 180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



148, 208, 244



201, 195, 243



235, 192, 157



195, 205, 157

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



148, 208, 244



224, 244, 255



148, 244, 183



110, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



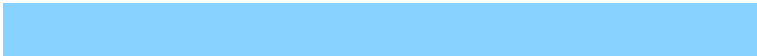
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



148, 208, 244



135, 210, 255



148, 161, 244



110, 118, 122



0, 116, 186



0, 37, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



244, 148, 208



255, 135, 210



244, 231, 148



122, 110, 118



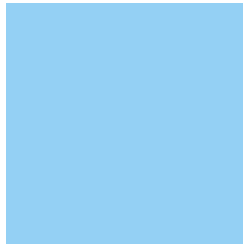
186, 0, 116



59, 0, 37

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 148, 208, 244 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

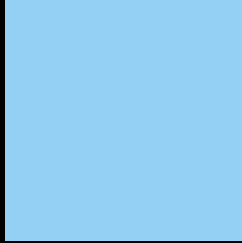
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 148, 208, 244 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 148, 208, 244 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 148, 208, 244.

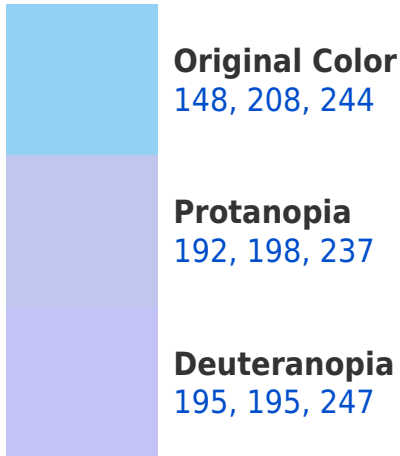


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 148, 208, 244.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

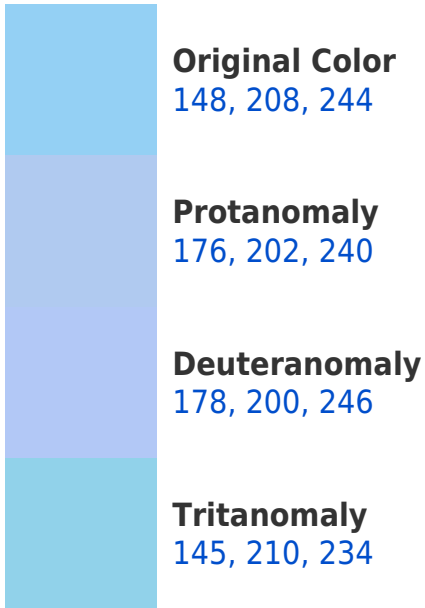
Dichromacy



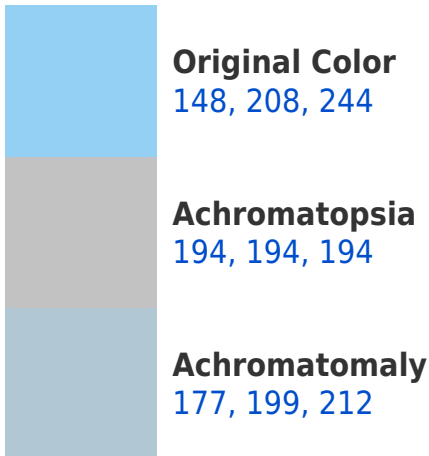


Tritanopia
144, 211, 228

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 148, 208, 244 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 208, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 208, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 208, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 208, 244) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 148, 208, 244 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 208, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 208, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 208, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 208, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 208, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 208,  
244) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 148, 208, 244 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 208, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
208, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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