

Converting Colors

RGB(148, 210, 202)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(148, 210, 202) contains.

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Color

RGB(148, 210, 202)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	94D2CA
RGB	148, 210, 202
RGB Percent	58%, 82%, 79%
CMY	0.4196, 0.1765, 0.2078
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.04, 0.18
HSL	172°, 41%, 70%
HSV	172°, 30%, 82%
XYZ	45.9200, 56.6534, 64.3921
YIQ	190.5500, -34.3840, -15.6320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

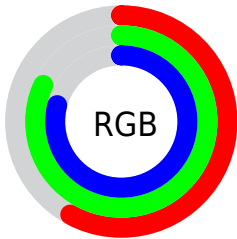
Format	Color
RYB	148, 181, 210
Decimal	9753290
CIELab	79.98, -21.39, -2.39
CIELCh	80, 21.522, 186.364
Yxy	56.6534, 0.2750, 0.3393
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287943370 (0xFF94D2CA)
YUV	190.5500, 5.6449, -37.3163
Hunter-Lab	75.2684, -22.8199, 1.9654

Details

The RGB color **148, 210, 202** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **210, 148, 156**, and the grayscale version is **191, 191, 191**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **204, 255, 255**, and **95, 155, 148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127, 210, 199**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **169, 210, 205**.

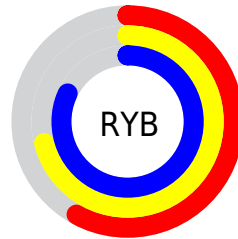
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (82%)

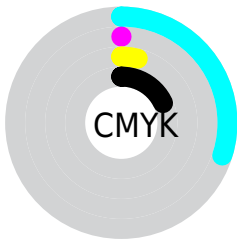
Blue (79%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (82%)

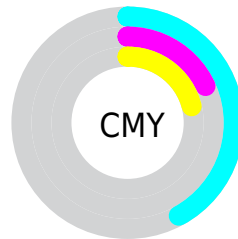


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 148, 210, 202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 148, 210, 202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 148, 210, 202


255, 255, 255


 204, 255, 255

 232, 255, 255


 148, 210, 202

 121, 182, 175

 95, 155, 148

 69, 129, 122

 42, 104, 97

 11, 80, 74

 0, 56, 51

 0, 35, 30

 0, 0, 6

 0, 0, 0

■ 148, 210, 202

■ 148, 210, 202

■ 127, 210, 199

■ 169, 210, 205

■ 106, 210, 197

■ 190, 210, 207

■ 85, 210, 194

■ 211, 210, 210

■ 64, 210, 191

■ 232, 210, 213

■ 43, 210, 188

■ 253, 210, 216

■ 22, 210, 186

■ 255, 210, 218

■ 1, 210, 183

■ 255, 210, 221

■ 0, 210, 183

■ 255, 210, 224

■ 255, 210, 226

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165, 208, 182



148, 210, 202



144, 209, 221

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



148, 210, 202



207, 192, 231



228, 192, 162

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



148, 210, 202



210, 148, 156

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



239, 186, 175



148, 210, 202



228, 186, 215

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



148, 210, 202



181, 199, 238



239, 184, 195



209, 198, 159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



148, 210, 202



151, 206, 231



239, 184, 195



233, 190, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



148, 210, 202



232, 255, 252



156, 210, 148



113, 128, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



148, 210, 202



166, 255, 243



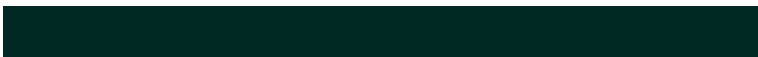
148, 187, 210



94, 105, 103



0, 168, 147



0, 41, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



210, 148, 156



255, 166, 177



210, 171, 148



105, 94, 95



168, 0, 22



41, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 148, 210, 202 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

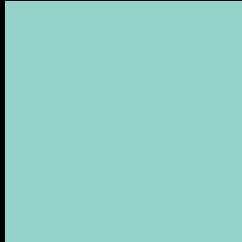
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 148, 210, 202 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

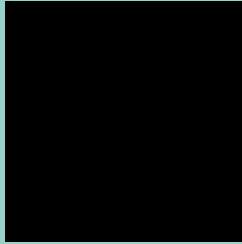
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

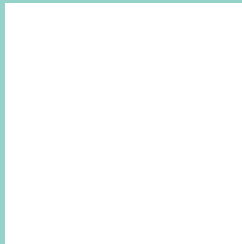
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 148, 210, 202 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 148, 210, 202.

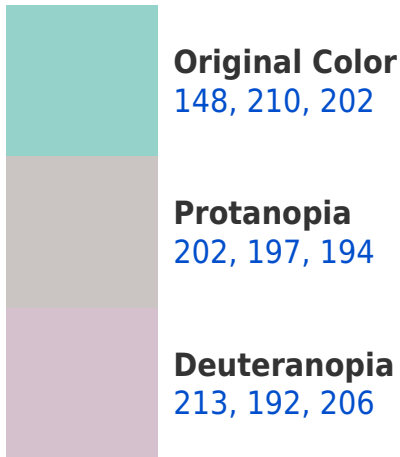


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 148, 210, 202.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
153, 207, 223

Trichromacy



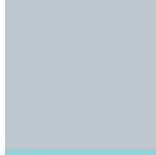
Original Color

148, 210, 202



Protanomaly

182, 202, 197



Deuteranomaly

189, 199, 205



Tritanomaly

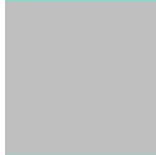
151, 208, 215

Monochromacy



Original Color

148, 210, 202



Achromatopsia

191, 191, 191



Achromatomaly

175, 198, 195

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 148, 210, 202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(148, 210, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(148, 210, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(148, 210, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(148, 210, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 148, 210, 202 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(148, 210, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(148, 210, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(148, 210, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(148, 210, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 210, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(148, 210,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 148, 210, 202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(148, 210, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(148,  
210, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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