

Converting Colors

RGB(149, 115, 114)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(149, 115, 114) contains.

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Color

RGB(149, 115, 114)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	957372
RGB	149, 115, 114
RGB Percent	58%, 45%, 45%
CMY	0.4157, 0.5490, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.23, 0.42
HSL	2°, 14%, 52%
HSV	2°, 23%, 58%
XYZ	21.5624, 19.8659, 18.6176
YIQ	125.0520, 20.5850, 6.8970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

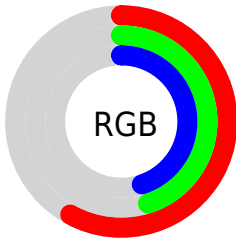
Format	Color
R_{YB}	149, 115, 114
Decimal	9794418
CIE _{Lab}	51.69, 13.20, 5.69
CIE _{LCh}	52, 14.374, 23.326
Yxy	19.8659, 0.3591, 0.3308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287984498 (0xFF957372)
YUV	125.0520, -5.4486, 21.0024
Hunter-Lab	44.5712, 8.3541, 6.4341

Details

The RGB color **149, 115, 114** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **114, 148, 149**, and the grayscale version is **125, 125, 125**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **204, 167, 166**, and **97, 67, 66** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **149, 101, 99**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149, 129, 129**.

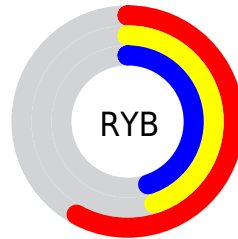
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (45%)

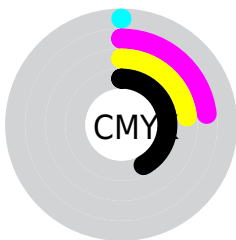
Blue (45%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (45%)

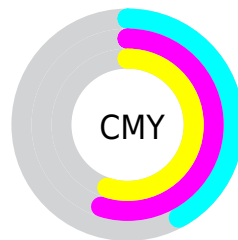


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 149, 115, 114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 149, 115, 114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 149, 115, 114

 149, 115, 114


255, 255, 255

 123, 90, 90

 204, 167, 166

 97, 67, 66

 232, 194, 193

 73, 44, 44

 255, 222, 221

 50, 23, 24

 255, 251, 249

 30, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 149, 115, 114

 149, 115, 114

 149, 101, 99

 149, 129, 129

 149, 86, 84

 149, 144, 144

 149, 72, 69

 149, 158, 159

 149, 57, 54

 149, 173, 174

 149, 43, 40

 149, 187, 189

 149, 28, 25

 149, 202, 203

 149, 14, 10

 149, 216, 218

 149, 4, 0

 149, 231, 233

 149, 245, 248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146, 115, 126



149, 115, 114



145, 118, 104

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149, 115, 114



108, 128, 108



106, 125, 147

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149, 115, 114



114, 148, 149

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94, 128, 142



149, 115, 114



96, 130, 120

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149, 115, 114



122, 125, 101



90, 130, 132



122, 121, 146

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149, 115, 114



139, 120, 100



90, 130, 132



101, 126, 146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149, 115, 114



194, 181, 180



149, 114, 148



97, 89, 89



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149, 115, 114



194, 141, 140



149, 132, 114



74, 67, 67



138, 4, 0



10, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114, 148, 149



140, 192, 194



114, 131, 149



67, 74, 74



0, 134, 138



0, 10, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 149, 115, 114 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

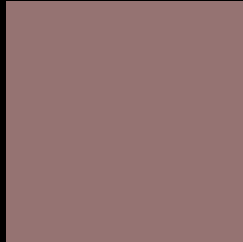
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 149, 115, 114 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 149, 115, 114 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 149, 115, 114.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 149, 115, 114.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

[149, 115, 114](#)

Protanopia

[127, 123, 118](#)

Deuteranopia

[139, 119, 113](#)



Tritanopia
150, 114, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color

149, 115, 114

Protanomaly

135, 120, 117

Deuteranomaly

143, 118, 113

Tritanomaly

150, 114, 119

Monochromacy



Original Color

149, 115, 114

Achromatopsia

125, 125, 125

Achromatomaly

134, 121, 121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 149, 115, 114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 115, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 115, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 115, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 115, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 149, 115, 114 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 115, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 115, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 115, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 115, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 115, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 115,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 149, 115, 114 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 115, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
115, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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