

Converting Colors

RGB(149, 128, 122)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(149, 128, 122) contains.

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Color

RGB(149, 128, 122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95807A
RGB	149, 128, 122
RGB Percent	58%, 50%, 48%
CMY	0.4157, 0.4980, 0.5216
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.18, 0.42
HSL	13°, 11%, 53%
HSV	13°, 18%, 58%
XYZ	23.6264, 23.2330, 21.6515
YIQ	133.5950, 14.4420, 2.5860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

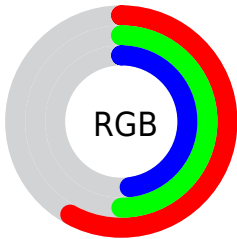
Format	Color
R_{YB}	149, 130, 122
Decimal	9797754
CIE _{Lab}	55.31, 7.00, 6.21
CIE _{LCh}	55, 9.363, 41.583
Yxy	23.2330, 0.3449, 0.3391
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287987834 (0xFF95807A)
YUV	133.5950, -5.7163, 13.5102
Hunter-Lab	48.2007, 3.1439, 7.1077

Details

The RGB color **149, 128, 122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **122, 143, 149**, and the grayscale version is **134, 134, 134**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203, 181, 174**, and **98, 79, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **149, 116, 107**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149, 140, 137**.

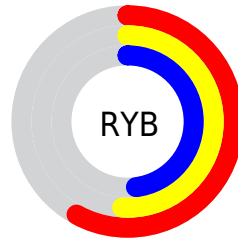
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (50%)

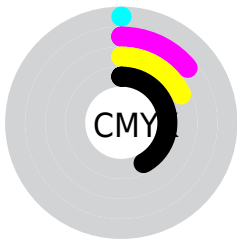
Blue (48%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (48%)

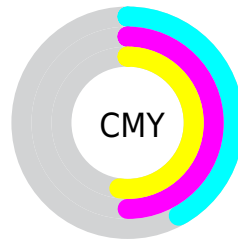


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 149, 128, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 149, 128, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 149, 128, 122

 149, 128, 122

255, 255, 255

 123, 103, 97


 203, 181, 174


 98, 79, 73

 232, 208, 202

 74, 56, 51

 255, 237, 230

 51, 35, 30

 31, 13, 5

 0, 0, 0

 149, 128, 122

 149, 128, 122

 149, 116, 107

 149, 140, 137

 149, 105, 92

 149, 151, 152

■ 149, 93, 77

■ 149, 163, 167

■ 149, 82, 62

■ 149, 174, 182

■ 149, 70, 48

■ 149, 186, 197

■ 149, 58, 33

■ 149, 198, 211

■ 149, 47, 18

■ 149, 209, 226

■ 149, 35, 3

■ 149, 221, 241

■ 149, 33, 0

■ 149, 232, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150, 127, 129



149, 128, 122



144, 130, 117

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149, 128, 122



118, 137, 127



128, 132, 148

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149, 128, 122



122, 143, 149

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



118, 135, 148



149, 128, 122



113, 137, 135

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149, 128, 122



126, 135, 120



113, 137, 143



138, 129, 145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149, 128, 122



139, 132, 116



113, 137, 143



124, 133, 148

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149, 128, 122



194, 186, 184



149, 122, 143



97, 92, 91



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149, 128, 122



194, 161, 151



149, 141, 122



74, 68, 67



138, 31, 0



10, 2, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122, 143, 149



151, 184, 194



122, 130, 149



67, 72, 74



0, 107, 138



0, 8, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 149, 128, 122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

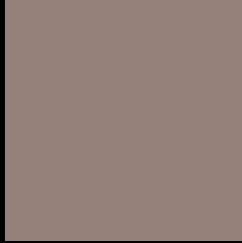
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 149, 128, 122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

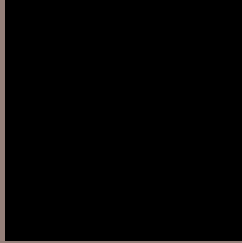
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 149, 128, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 149, 128, 122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 149, 128, 122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

149, 128, 122

Protanopia

137, 132, 124

Deuteranopia

149, 128, 122



Tritanopia
151, 126, 136

Trichromacy



Original Color

149, 128, 122

Protanomaly

141, 131, 123

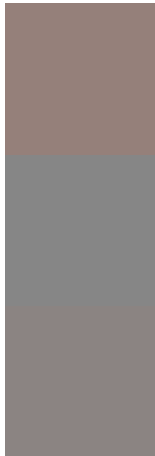
Deuteranomaly

149, 128, 122

Tritanomaly

150, 127, 131

Monochromacy



Original Color

149, 128, 122

Achromatopsia

134, 134, 134

Achromatomaly

139, 132, 130

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 149, 128, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(149, 128, 122) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 128, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 128, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 128, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 149, 128, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 128, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 128, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 128, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 128, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 128, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 128,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 149, 128, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 128, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
128, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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