

# Converting Colors

RGB(149, 147, 153)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(149, 147, 153) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(149, 147, 153)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	959399
RGB	149, 147, 153
RGB Percent	58%, 58%, 60%
CMY	0.4157, 0.4235, 0.4000
CMYK	0.03, 0.04, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	260°, 3%, 59%
HSV	260°, 4%, 60%
XYZ	28.5779, 29.5569, 34.3358
YIQ	148.2820, -0.7340, 2.2900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

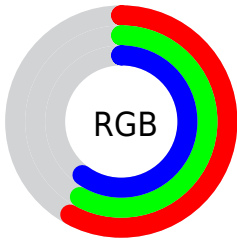
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	149, 147, 153
Decimal	9802649
CIE Lab	61.27, 1.91, -2.91
CIE LCh	61, 3.476, 303.241
Yxy	29.5569, 0.3090, 0.3196
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287992729 (0xFF959399)
YUV	148.2820, 2.3260, 0.6297
Hunter-Lab	54.3663, -1.3115, 0.6109

# Details

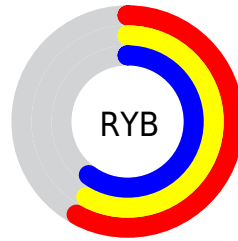
The RGB color **149, 147, 153** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **151, 153, 147**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203, 201, 207**, and **98, 97, 102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139, 132, 153**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159, 162, 153**.

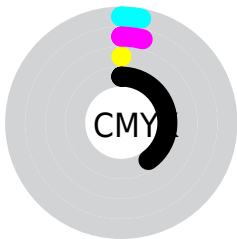
# Distribution



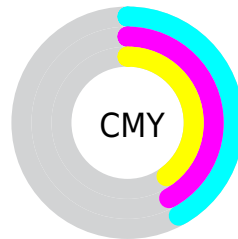
- Red (58%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 149, 147, 153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 149, 147, 153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 149, 147, 153

255, 255, 255


 203, 201, 207

 231, 229, 236


 149, 147, 153

 123, 121, 127

 98, 97, 102

 75, 73, 78

 52, 50, 55

 31, 29, 34

 6, 3, 12

 0, 0, 0

 149, 147, 153

 139, 132, 153

 149, 147, 153

 159, 162, 153

■ 129, 116, 153

■ 169, 178, 153

■ 118, 101, 153

■ 180, 193, 153

■ 108, 86, 153

■ 190, 208, 153

■ 98, 70, 153

■ 200, 223, 153

■ 88, 55, 153

■ 210, 239, 153

■ 78, 40, 153

■ 220, 254, 153

■ 67, 25, 153

■ 231, 255, 153

■ 57, 9, 153

■ 241, 255, 153

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



145, 148, 154



149, 147, 153



152, 146, 151

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149, 147, 153



153, 147, 142



141, 150, 148

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149, 147, 153



151, 153, 147

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



143, 149, 145



149, 147, 153



150, 148, 142

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149, 147, 153



155, 146, 145



147, 149, 143



141, 150, 151

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149, 147, 153



154, 146, 149



147, 149, 143



142, 150, 147



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149, 147, 153



198, 197, 199



147, 151, 153



99, 98, 99



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149, 147, 153



192, 189, 199



152, 147, 153



73, 72, 77



47, 0, 140



4, 0, 13



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153, 147, 151



199, 189, 196



148, 153, 147



77, 72, 75



140, 0, 93



13, 0, 8



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 149, 147, 153 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 149, 147, 153 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

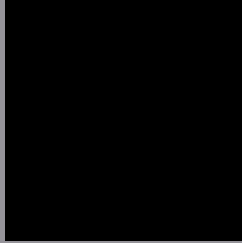
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

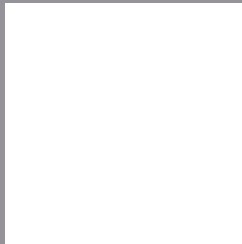
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 149, 147, 153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 149, 147, 153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 149, 147, 153.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

149, 147, 153

### Protanopia

149, 147, 153

### Deuteranopia

159, 143, 154



**Tritanopia**  
150, 146, 158

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

149, 147, 153

## Protanomaly

149, 147, 153

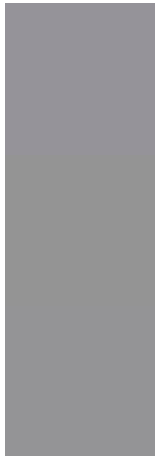
## Deuteranomaly

155, 144, 154

## Tritanomaly

150, 146, 156

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

149, 147, 153

## Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148

## Achromatomaly

148, 148, 150

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 149, 147, 153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(149, 147, 153) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 147, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 147, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 147, 153) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 149, 147, 153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 147, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 147, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 147, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 147, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 147, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 147,  
153) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 149, 147, 153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 147, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
147, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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