

Converting Colors

RGB(149, 163, 147)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(149, 163, 147) contains.

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Color

RGB(149, 163, 147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 95A393 |
| RGB | 149, 163, 147 |
| RGB Percent | 58%, 64%, 58% |
| CMY | 0.4157, 0.3608, 0.4235 |
| CMYK | 0.09, 0.00, 0.10, 0.36 |
| HSL | 112°, 8%, 61% |
| HSV | 112°, 10%, 64% |
| XYZ | 30.7581, 34.6905, 32.6786 |
| YIQ | 156.9900, -3.2080, -7.9440 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

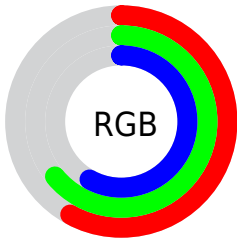
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 147, 163, 161 |
| Decimal | 9806739 |
| CIELab | 65.51, -8.05, 6.62 |
| CIELCh | 66, 10.423, 140.540 |
| Yxy | 34.6905, 0.3135, 0.3535 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287996819 (0xFF95A393) |
| YUV | 156.9900, -4.9251, -7.0072 |
| Hunter-Lab | 58.8987, -9.8563, 8.3334 |

Details

The RGB color **149, 163, 147** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **161, 147, 163**, and the grayscale version is **157, 157, 157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203, 218, 201**, and **98, 111, 96** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **135, 163, 131**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **163, 163, 163**.

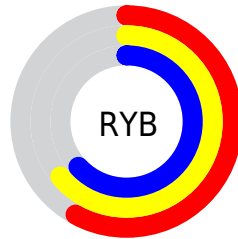
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (64%)

Blue (58%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (63%)

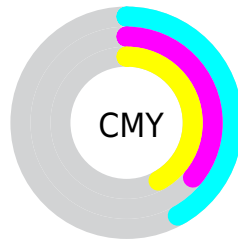


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (42%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 149, 163, 147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 149, 163, 147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 149, 163, 147

255, 255, 255

■ 203, 218, 201

■ 231, 246, 229

■ 149, 163, 147

■ 123, 137, 121

■ 98, 111, 96

■ 74, 87, 73

■ 52, 64, 50

■ 30, 42, 29

■ 7, 22, 4

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 149, 163, 147


■ 135, 163, 131

■ 149, 163, 147


■ 163, 163, 163

 120, 163, 114

 178, 163, 180


 106, 163, 98

 192, 163, 196

 92, 163, 82

 206, 163, 212

 78, 163, 66

 220, 163, 229

 63, 163, 49


 235, 163, 245

 49, 163, 33

 249, 163, 255

 35, 163, 17

 255, 163, 255

 21, 163, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160, 160, 142



149, 163, 147



140, 164, 156

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149, 163, 147



146, 161, 177



179, 153, 153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149, 163, 147



161, 147, 163

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



176, 153, 162



149, 163, 147



157, 158, 176

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149, 163, 147



138, 163, 173



168, 155, 171



177, 155, 145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149, 163, 147



137, 165, 162



168, 155, 171



179, 153, 156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149, 163, 147



206, 212, 205



163, 161, 147



103, 107, 103



235, 235, 235



107, 107, 107

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149, 163, 147



189, 212, 186



147, 163, 153



74, 82, 73



18, 145, 0



2, 18, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



161, 147, 163



208, 186, 212



163, 147, 157



81, 73, 82



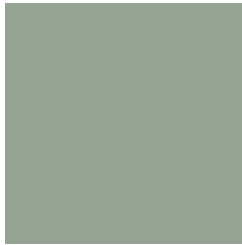
127, 0, 145



16, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 149, 163, 147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

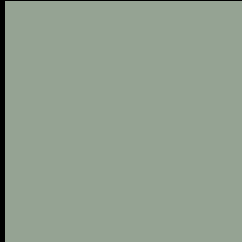
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 149, 163, 147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

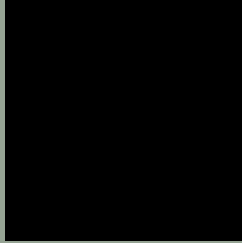
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

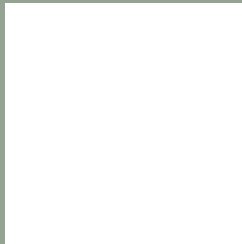
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 149, 163, 147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 149, 163, 147.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 149, 163, 147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

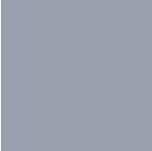
Dichromacy



Original Color
149, 163, 147

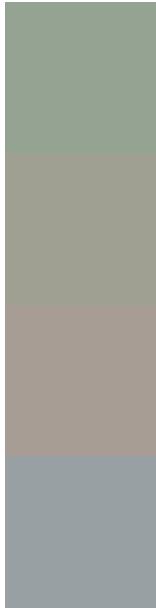
Protanopia
165, 158, 145

Deuteranopia
178, 153, 149



Tritanopia
153, 159, 172

Trichromacy



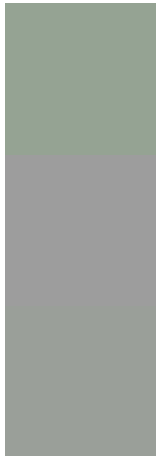
Original Color
149, 163, 147

Protanomaly
159, 160, 146

Deuteranomaly
167, 157, 148

Tritanomaly
152, 160, 163

Monochromacy



Original Color
149, 163, 147

Achromatopsia
157, 157, 157

Achromatomaly
154, 159, 153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 149, 163, 147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(149, 163, 147) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 163, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 163, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 163, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 149, 163, 147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 163, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 163, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 163, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 163, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 163, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 163,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 149, 163, 147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 163, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
163, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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