

Converting Colors

RGB(149, 210, 211)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(149, 210, 211) contains.

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Color

RGB(149, 210, 211)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	95D2D3
RGB	149, 210, 211
RGB Percent	58%, 82%, 83%
CMY	0.4157, 0.1765, 0.1725
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	181°, 41%, 71%
HSV	181°, 29%, 83%
XYZ	47.1989, 57.1859, 70.1784
YIQ	191.8750, -36.6770, -12.6210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

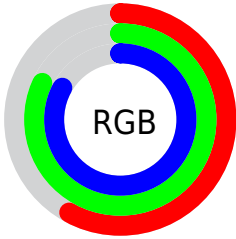
Format	Color
RYB	149, 180, 211
Decimal	9818835
CIELab	80.28, -19.07, -6.75
CIELCh	80, 20.233, 199.499
Yxy	57.1859, 0.2704, 0.3276
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288008915 (0xFF95D2D3)
YUV	191.8750, 9.4286, -37.6014
Hunter-Lab	75.6214, -20.9270, -2.0875

Details

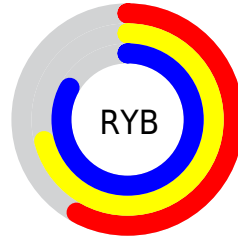
The RGB color **149, 210, 211** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **211, 150, 149**, and the grayscale version is **192, 192, 192**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205, 255, 255**, and **95, 155, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128, 210, 211**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170, 210, 211**.

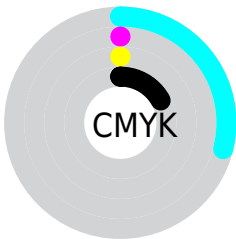
Distribution



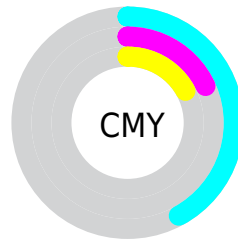
- Red (58%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 149, 210, 211 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 149, 210, 211 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 149, 210, 211

 149, 210, 211


255, 255, 255


 122, 182, 183

 205, 255, 255

 95, 155, 157

 234, 255, 255

 69, 129, 130

 43, 104, 105

 10, 80, 81

 0, 56, 58

 0, 35, 37

 0, 3, 16

 0, 0, 0

■ 149, 210, 211

■ 149, 210, 211

■ 128, 210, 211

■ 170, 210, 211

■ 107, 209, 211

■ 191, 211, 211

■ 86, 209, 211

■ 212, 211, 211

■ 65, 209, 211

■ 233, 211, 211

■ 44, 208, 211

■ 255, 212, 211

■ 22, 208, 211

■ 255, 212, 211

■ 1, 208, 211

■ 255, 212, 211

■ 0, 208, 211

■ 255, 213, 211

■ 255, 213, 211

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160, 210, 192



149, 210, 211



152, 208, 227

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



149, 210, 211



217, 190, 224



220, 196, 162

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



149, 210, 211



211, 150, 149

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



234, 190, 171



149, 210, 211



233, 187, 207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



149, 210, 211



194, 197, 235



239, 186, 187



201, 202, 163

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



149, 210, 211



163, 205, 234



239, 186, 187



226, 194, 164

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



149, 210, 211



232, 255, 255



149, 211, 149



113, 127, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



149, 210, 211



166, 254, 255



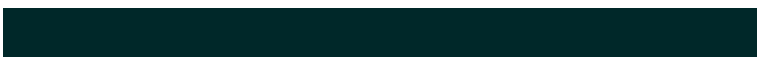
149, 180, 211



94, 104, 105



0, 166, 168



0, 40, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



211, 149, 210



255, 166, 254



211, 180, 149



105, 94, 104



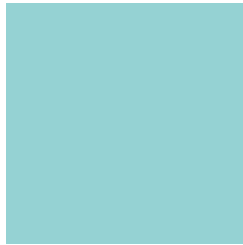
168, 0, 166



41, 0, 40

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 149, 210, 211 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

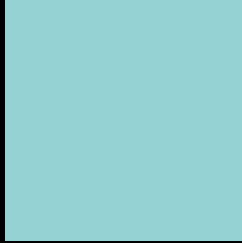
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 149, 210, 211 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

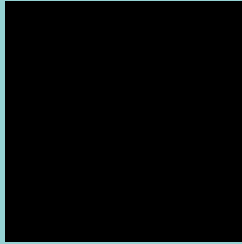
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 149, 210, 211 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 149, 210, 211.

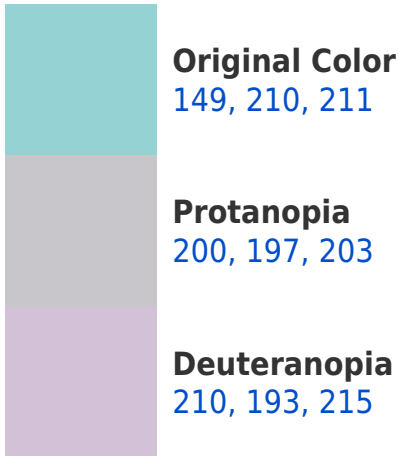


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 149, 210, 211.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
152, 208, 225

Trichromacy



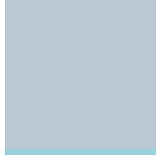
Original Color

149, 210, 211



Protanomaly

181, 202, 206



Deuteranomaly

188, 199, 214



Tritanomaly

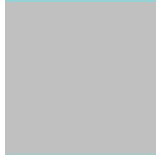
151, 209, 220

Monochromacy



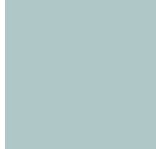
Original Color

149, 210, 211



Achromatopsia

192, 192, 192



Achromatomaly

176, 199, 199

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 149, 210, 211 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 210, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 210, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 210, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 210, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 149, 210, 211 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 210, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 210, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 210, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 210, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 210, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 210,  
211) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 149, 210, 211 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 210, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
210, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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