

Converting Colors

RGB(14, 142, 124)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(14, 142, 124) contains.

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Color

RGB(14, 142, 124)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0E8E7C
RGB	14, 142, 124
RGB Percent	5%, 56%, 49%
CMY	0.9451, 0.4431, 0.5137
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.13, 0.44
HSL	172°, 82%, 31%
HSV	172°, 90%, 56%
XYZ	13.4922, 20.8946, 22.3907
YIQ	101.6760, -70.5100, -32.7340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

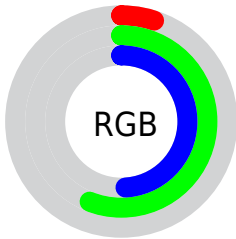
Format	Color
R_{YB}	14, 83, 142
Decimal	953980
CIE _{Lab}	52.83, -35.87, 0.63
CIE _{LCh}	53, 35.877, 178.995
Y _{xy}	20.8946, 0.2376, 0.3680
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279144060 (0xFF0E8E7C)
YUV	101.6760, 11.0057, -76.8919
Hunter-Lab	45.7106, -27.3065, 2.9550

Details

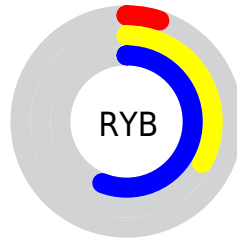
The RGB color **14, 142, 124** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **142, 14, 32**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88, 196, 176**, and **0, 91, 75** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 142, 122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28, 142, 126**.

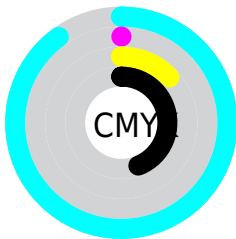
Distribution



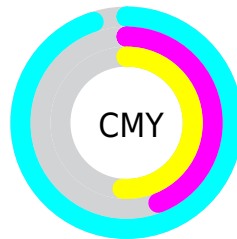
- Red (5%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 14, 142, 124 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 14, 142, 124 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



14, 142, 124



14, 142, 124

255, 255, 255



0, 116, 99



88, 196, 176



0, 91, 75



118, 225, 204



0, 66, 53



147, 254, 232



0, 44, 32



176, 255, 255



0, 18, 8



205, 255, 255



0, 0, 0



235, 255, 255



14, 142, 124



14, 142, 124



0, 142, 122



28, 142, 126

■ 42, 142, 128

■ 57, 142, 130

■ 71, 142, 132

■ 85, 142, 134

■ 99, 142, 136

■ 113, 142, 138

■ 128, 142, 140

■ 142, 142, 142

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77, 139, 93



14, 142, 124



0, 142, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14, 142, 124



127, 118, 180



170, 113, 74

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14, 142, 124



142, 14, 32

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



184, 104, 98



14, 142, 124



164, 107, 158

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14, 142, 124



74, 130, 187



182, 101, 128



146, 124, 63

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14, 142, 124



0, 139, 172



182, 101, 128



176, 109, 81

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14, 142, 124



134, 184, 177



33, 142, 14



62, 92, 88



219, 219, 219



92, 92, 92

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14, 142, 124



0, 184, 158



14, 97, 142



64, 71, 70



0, 135, 116



0, 8, 7

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



142, 14, 32



184, 0, 26



142, 59, 14



71, 64, 65



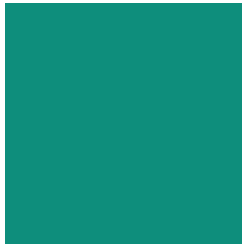
135, 0, 19



8, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 14, 142, 124 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 14, 142, 124 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

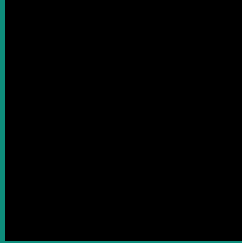
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 14, 142, 124 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 14, 142, 124.

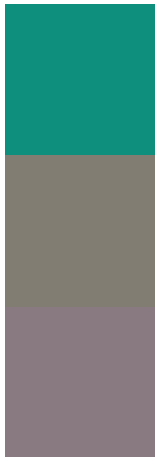


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 14, 142, 124.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
14, 142, 124

Protanopia
130, 125, 115

Deuteranopia
136, 122, 128



Tritanopia
40, 138, 150

Trichromacy



Original Color

14, 142, 124

Protanomaly

88, 131, 118

Deuteranomaly

92, 129, 127

Tritanomaly

31, 139, 141

Monochromacy



Original Color

14, 142, 124

Achromatopsia

102, 102, 102

Achromatomaly

70, 117, 110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 14, 142, 124 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(14, 142, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(14, 142, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 142, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(14, 142, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 14, 142, 124 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(14, 142, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(14, 142, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(14, 142, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(14, 142, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 142, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 142,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 14, 142, 124 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(14, 142, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(14, 142,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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