

Converting Colors

RGB(14, 236, 107)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(14, 236, 107) contains.

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Color

RGB(14, 236, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0EEC6B
RGB	14, 236, 107
RGB Percent	5%, 93%, 42%
CMY	0.9451, 0.0745, 0.5804
CMYK	0.94, 0.00, 0.55, 0.07
HSL	145°, 89%, 49%
HSV	145°, 94%, 93%
XYZ	32.8304, 61.1458, 23.9819
YIQ	154.9160, -90.9030, -87.1830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

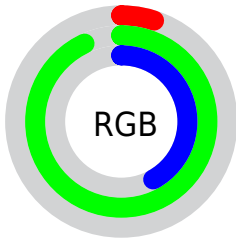
Format	Color
RYB	14, 170, 236
Decimal	978027
CIELab	82.46, -73.57, 48.97
CIELCh	82, 88.374, 146.349
Yxy	61.1458, 0.2783, 0.5184
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279168107 (0xFF0EEC6B)
YUV	154.9160, -23.6226, -123.5833
Hunter-Lab	78.1958, -61.8996, 36.5534

Details

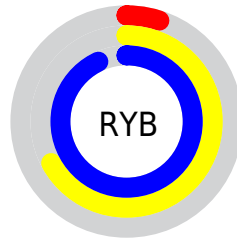
The RGB color **14, 236, 107** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF66**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **236, 14, 143**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **113, 255, 161**, and **0, 178, 54** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0, 236, 99**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38, 236, 121**.

Distribution



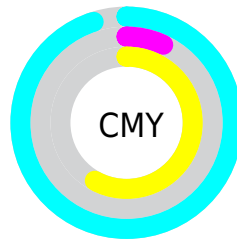
- Red (5%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (7%)













- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 14, 236, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 14, 236, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 14, 236, 107	 14, 236, 107
 255, 255, 255	 0, 207, 81
 113, 255, 161	 0, 178, 54
 147, 255, 189	 0, 151, 26
 179, 255, 217	 0, 123, 0
 211, 255, 246	 0, 97, 0
 243, 255, 255	 0, 71, 0
	 0, 46, 0
	 0, 16, 0
	 0, 0, 0

■ 14, 236, 107

■ 14, 236, 107

■ 0, 236, 99

■ 38, 236, 121

■ 61, 236, 134

■ 85, 236, 148

■ 108, 236, 162

■ 132, 236, 176

■ 156, 236, 189

■ 179, 236, 203

■ 203, 236, 217

■ 226, 236, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



173, 222, 19



14, 236, 107



0, 242, 192

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14, 236, 107



0, 218, 255



255, 129, 137

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14, 236, 107



236, 14, 143

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 119, 219



14, 236, 107



182, 188, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14, 236, 107



0, 236, 255



255, 148, 255



255, 164, 62

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14, 236, 107



0, 243, 250



255, 148, 255



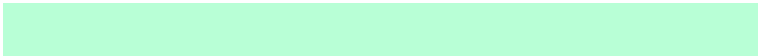
255, 121, 163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14, 236, 107



184, 255, 214



144, 236, 14



84, 128, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14, 236, 107



0, 255, 107



14, 236, 217



106, 117, 110



0, 181, 76



0, 54, 22

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



236, 14, 143



255, 0, 148



236, 14, 32



117, 106, 112



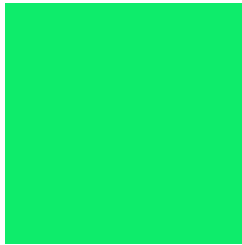
181, 0, 105



54, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 14, 236, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 14, 236, 107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 14, 236, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 14, 236, 107.

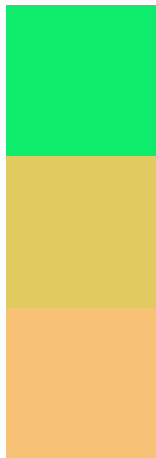


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 14, 236, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

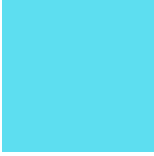
Dichromacy



Original Color
14, 236, 107

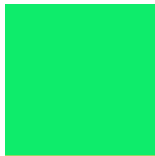
Protanopia
225, 203, 96

Deuteranopia
247, 194, 118



Tritanopia
93, 222, 240

Trichromacy



Original Color

14, 236, 107



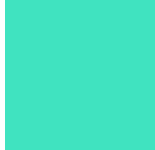
Protanomaly

148, 215, 100



Deuteranomaly

162, 209, 114



Tritanomaly

64, 227, 192

Monochromacy



Original Color

14, 236, 107



Achromatopsia

155, 155, 155



Achromatomaly

104, 184, 138

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 14, 236, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(14, 236, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(14, 236, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 236, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(14, 236, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 14, 236, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(14, 236, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(14, 236, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(14, 236, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(14, 236, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 236, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 236,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 14, 236, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(14, 236, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(14, 236,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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