

Converting Colors

RGB(150, 114, 128)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(150, 114, 128) contains.

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Color

RGB(150, 114, 128)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	967280
RGB	150, 114, 128
RGB Percent	59%, 45%, 50%
CMY	0.4118, 0.5529, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.15, 0.41
HSL	337°, 15%, 52%
HSV	337°, 24%, 59%
XYZ	22.4913, 20.0772, 23.1119
YIQ	126.3600, 16.9620, 11.9860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

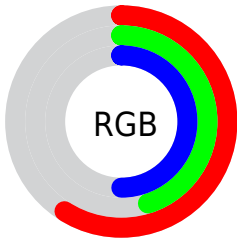
Format	Color
RYB	150, 114, 128
Decimal	9859712
CIELab	51.92, 16.49, -2.19
CIELCh	52, 16.631, 352.422
Yxy	20.0772, 0.3424, 0.3057
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288049792 (0xFF967280)
YUV	126.3600, 0.8085, 20.7323
Hunter-Lab	44.8076, 11.1853, 0.7832

Details

The RGB color **150, 114, 128** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **114, 150, 136**, and the grayscale version is **126, 126, 126**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **205, 166, 181**, and **99, 66, 79** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **150, 99, 119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150, 129, 137**.

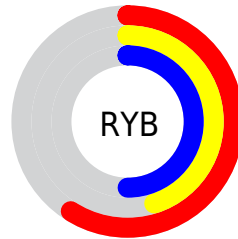
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (45%)

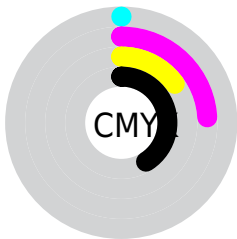
Blue (50%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (50%)

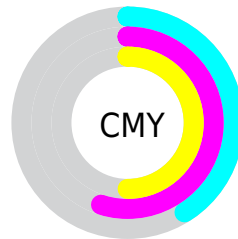


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)


Magenta (55%)

Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 150, 114, 128 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 150, 114, 128 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 150, 114, 128


255, 255, 255

 205, 166, 181

 233, 193, 208

 255, 221, 237


 255, 250, 255

 150, 114, 128

 124, 89, 103


 99, 66, 79

 74, 43, 56

 51, 22, 35


 32, 0, 13

 0, 0, 0


 150, 114, 128

 150, 99, 119

 150, 84, 110

 150, 114, 128

 150, 129, 137

 150, 144, 146

■ 150, 69, 100

■ 150, 159, 155

■ 150, 54, 91

■ 150, 174, 165

■ 150, 39, 82

■ 150, 189, 174

■ 150, 24, 73

■ 150, 204, 183

■ 150, 9, 64

■ 150, 219, 192

■ 150, 0, 58

■ 150, 234, 201

■ 150, 249, 211

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139, 117, 141



150, 114, 128



153, 114, 114

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150, 114, 128



123, 126, 97



88, 130, 146

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150, 114, 128



114, 150, 136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84, 132, 134



150, 114, 128



107, 130, 106

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150, 114, 128



138, 122, 96



92, 132, 120



102, 126, 152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150, 114, 128



151, 116, 105



92, 132, 120



85, 131, 142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150, 114, 128



194, 180, 186



136, 114, 150



97, 89, 92



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150, 114, 128



194, 138, 159



150, 118, 114



74, 67, 69



138, 0, 54



10, 0, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



150, 114, 128



194, 138, 159



114, 146, 150



74, 67, 69



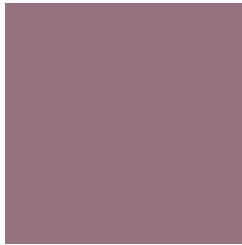
138, 0, 54



10, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 150, 114, 128 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 150, 114, 128 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

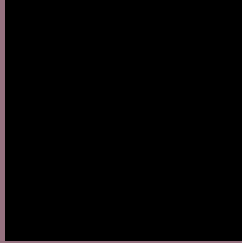
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 150, 114, 128 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 150, 114, 128.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 150, 114, 128.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


150, 114, 128

Protanopia

123, 123, 134

Deuteranopia

135, 120, 127



Tritanopia
149, 115, 124

Trichromacy



Original Color

150, 114, 128

Protanomaly

133, 120, 132

Deuteranomaly

140, 118, 127

Tritanomaly

149, 115, 125

Monochromacy



Original Color

150, 114, 128

Achromatopsia

126, 126, 126

Achromatomaly

135, 122, 127

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 150, 114, 128 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(150, 114, 128) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 114, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 114, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 114, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 150, 114, 128 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 114, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 114, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 114, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 114, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 114, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 114,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 150, 114, 128 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 114, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
114, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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