

Converting Colors

RGB(150, 142, 134)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(150, 142, 134) contains.

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Color

RGB(150, 142, 134)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	968E86
RGB	150, 142, 134
RGB Percent	59%, 56%, 53%
CMY	0.4118, 0.4431, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.11, 0.41
HSL	30°, 7%, 56%
HSV	30°, 11%, 59%
XYZ	26.5538, 27.5513, 26.4726
YIQ	143.4800, 7.3360, -0.7920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

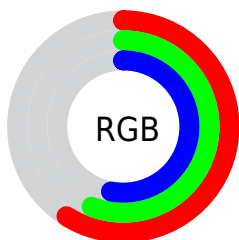
Format	Color
RYB	150, 150, 134
Decimal	9866886
CIELab	59.48, 1.51, 5.31
CIELCh	59, 5.524, 74.101
Yxy	27.5513, 0.3295, 0.3419
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288056966 (0xFF968E86)
YUV	143.4800, -4.6736, 5.7180
Hunter-Lab	52.4893, -1.5551, 6.8400

Details

The RGB color **150, 142, 134** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **134, 142, 150**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **204, 196, 187**, and **99, 92, 84** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **150, 135, 119**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150, 150, 149**.

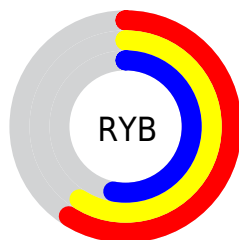
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (56%)

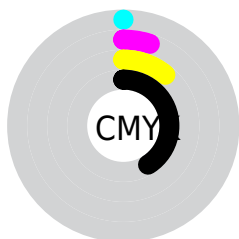
Blue (53%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (53%)

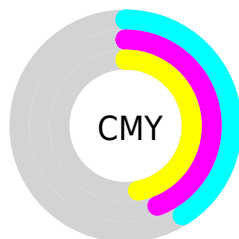


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 150, 142, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 150, 142, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 150, 142, 134


255, 255, 255

 204, 196, 187

 232, 224, 215

 255, 252, 243


 150, 142, 134

 124, 116, 109

 99, 92, 84

 75, 68, 61

 52, 46, 40

 31, 26, 19


 0, 0, 0

 150, 142, 134


 150, 135, 119


 150, 127, 104


 150, 142, 134


 150, 150, 149


 150, 157, 164


 150, 120, 89

 150, 165, 179


 150, 112, 74

 150, 172, 194


 150, 105, 59

 150, 180, 209

 150, 97, 44

 150, 187, 224

 150, 90, 29

 150, 195, 239

 150, 82, 14

 150, 202, 254

 150, 75, 0

 150, 210, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153, 141, 137



150, 142, 134



145, 144, 134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150, 142, 134



132, 146, 145



147, 141, 150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150, 142, 134



134, 142, 150

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141, 143, 153



150, 142, 134



132, 146, 150

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150, 142, 134



134, 146, 140



136, 144, 152



152, 140, 146

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150, 142, 134



141, 145, 135



136, 144, 152



145, 142, 151

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150, 142, 134



194, 191, 188



150, 134, 142



97, 95, 93



224, 224, 224



97, 97, 97

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150, 142, 134



194, 181, 169



150, 150, 134



74, 70, 67



138, 69, 0



10, 5, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134, 142, 150



169, 181, 194



134, 134, 150



67, 70, 74



0, 69, 138



0, 5, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 150, 142, 134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

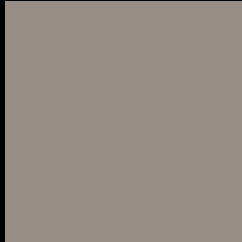
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 150, 142, 134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

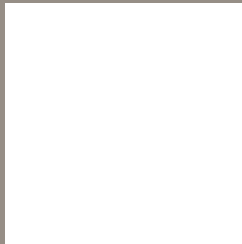
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 150, 142, 134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 150, 142, 134.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 150, 142, 134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

150, 142, 134

Protanopia

148, 143, 134

Deuteranopia

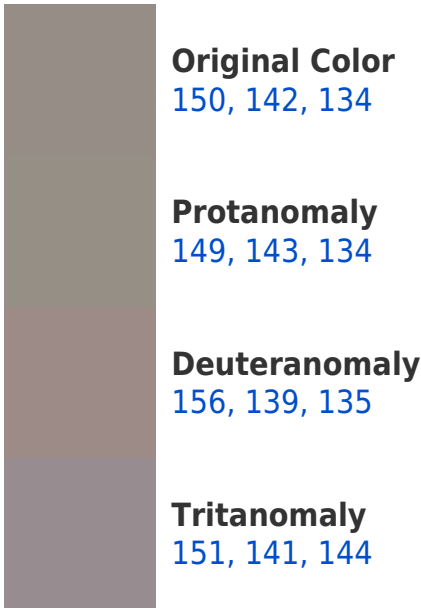
160, 138, 135



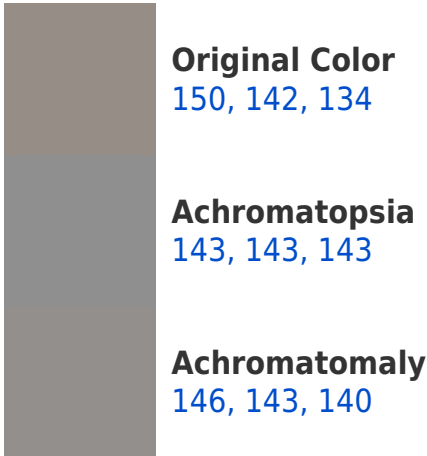
Tritanopia

152, 140, 150

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 150, 142, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(150, 142, 134) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 142, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 142, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 142, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 150, 142, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 142, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 142, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 142, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 142, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 142, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 142,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 150, 142, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 142, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
142, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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