

Converting Colors

RGB(150, 172, 182)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(150, 172, 182) contains.

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Color

RGB(150, 172, 182)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	96ACB6
RGB	150, 172, 182
RGB Percent	59%, 67%, 71%
CMY	0.4118, 0.3255, 0.2863
CMYK	0.18, 0.05, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	199°, 18%, 65%
HSV	199°, 18%, 71%
XYZ	35.7737, 39.3665, 49.9690
YIQ	166.5620, -16.3220, -1.5540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

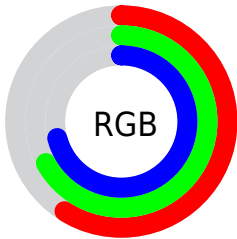
Format	Color
RYB	150, 163, 182
Decimal	9874614
CIELab	69.02, -5.44, -7.69
CIELCh	69, 9.421, 234.701
Yxy	39.3665, 0.2859, 0.3147
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288064694 (0xFF96ACB6)
YUV	166.5620, 7.6109, -14.5249
Hunter-Lab	62.7427, -8.0253, -3.2993

Details

The RGB color **150, 172, 182** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **182, 160, 150**, and the grayscale version is **167, 167, 167**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **204, 227, 238**, and **99, 120, 129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132, 166, 182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **168, 178, 182**.

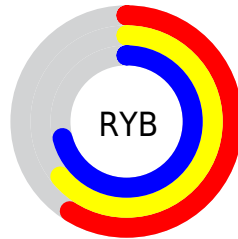
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (67%)

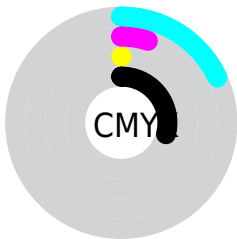
Blue (71%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (71%)

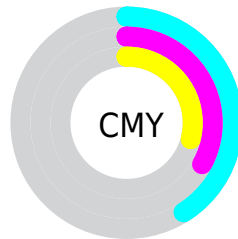


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 150, 172, 182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 150, 172, 182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 150, 172, 182


255, 255, 255

 204, 227, 238


 233, 255, 255

 150, 172, 182

 124, 145, 155


 99, 120, 129

 74, 95, 104

 51, 71, 80

 29, 49, 57

 7, 28, 36

 0, 1, 14

 0, 0, 0

 150, 172, 182

 150, 172, 182

■ 132, 166, 182

■ 168, 178, 182

■ 114, 161, 182

■ 186, 183, 182

■ 95, 155, 182

■ 205, 189, 182

■ 77, 149, 182

■ 223, 195, 182

■ 59, 144, 182

■ 241, 200, 182

■ 41, 138, 182

■ 255, 206, 182

■ 23, 132, 182

■ 255, 212, 182

■ 4, 127, 182

■ 255, 218, 182

■ 0, 125, 182

■ 255, 223, 182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



147, 173, 175



150, 172, 182



158, 170, 185

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150, 172, 182



185, 163, 170



168, 170, 153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150, 172, 182



182, 160, 150

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



177, 167, 152



150, 172, 182



187, 163, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150, 172, 182



178, 164, 178



184, 165, 155



158, 172, 158

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150, 172, 182



165, 168, 185



184, 165, 155



171, 169, 152

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150, 172, 182



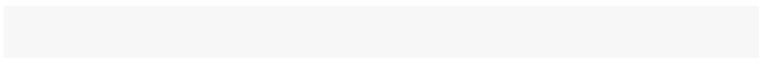
225, 233, 237



150, 182, 160



113, 118, 120



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150, 172, 182



187, 222, 237



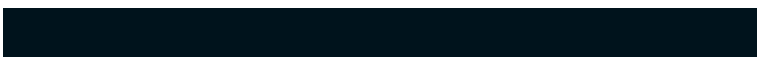
150, 156, 182



83, 89, 92



0, 107, 156



0, 19, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



182, 150, 172



237, 187, 222



182, 176, 150



92, 83, 89



156, 0, 107



28, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 150, 172, 182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

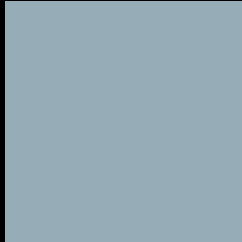
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 150, 172, 182 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

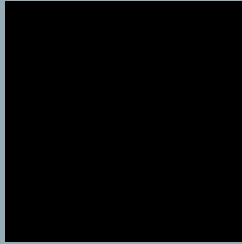
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

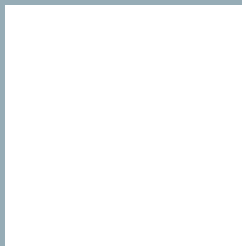
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 150, 172, 182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 150, 172, 182.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 150, 172, 182.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

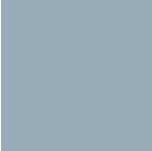
Dichromacy



Original Color
150, 172, 182

Protanopia
168, 167, 179

Deuteranopia
177, 163, 184



Tritanopia
151, 171, 185

Trichromacy



Original Color

150, 172, 182

Protanomaly

161, 169, 180

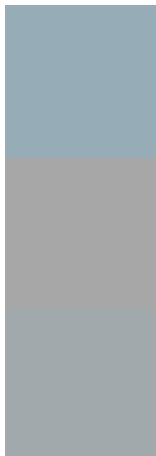
Deuteranomaly

167, 166, 183

Tritanomaly

151, 171, 184

Monochromacy



Original Color

150, 172, 182

Achromatopsia

167, 167, 167

Achromatomaly

161, 169, 172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 150, 172, 182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 172, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 172, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 172, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 172, 182) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 150, 172, 182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 172, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 172, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 172, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 172, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 172, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 172,  
182) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 150, 172, 182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 172, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
172, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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