

Converting Colors

RGB(150, 79, 207)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(150, 79, 207) contains.

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Color

RGB(150, 79, 207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	964FCF
RGB	150, 79, 207
RGB Percent	59%, 31%, 81%
CMY	0.4118, 0.6902, 0.1882
CMYK	0.28, 0.62, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	273°, 57%, 56%
HSV	273°, 62%, 81%
XYZ	26.6361, 16.5810, 60.8281
YIQ	114.8210, 1.2280, 54.8600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

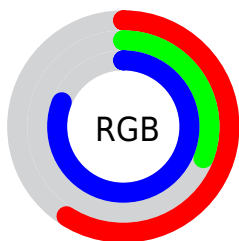
Format	Color
RYB	150, 79, 207
Decimal	9850831
CIELab	47.73, 52.51, -54.84
CIELCh	48, 75.930, 313.756
Yxy	16.5810, 0.2560, 0.1594
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288040911 (0xFF964FCF)
YUV	114.8210, 45.4442, 30.8520
Hunter-Lab	40.7198, 45.5032, -60.0648

Details

The RGB color **150, 79, 207** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9933CC**. The color can be described as middle muted purple. A complement of this color would be **136, 207, 79**, and the grayscale version is **114, 114, 114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207, 132, 255**, and **94, 25, 152** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **141, 58, 207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159, 100, 207**.

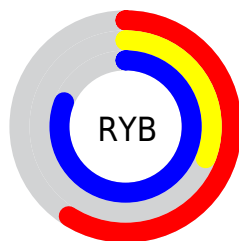
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (31%)

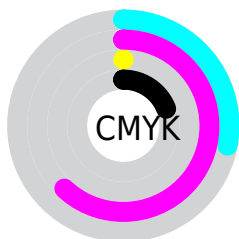
Blue (81%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (81%)

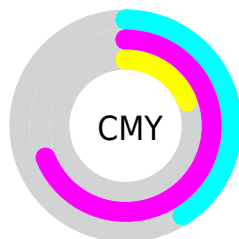


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (41%)


Magenta (69%)

Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 150, 79, 207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 150, 79, 207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 150, 79, 207

255, 255, 255


 207, 132, 255

 237, 159, 255

 255, 187, 255

 255, 215, 255

 255, 244, 255

 150, 79, 207


 122, 53, 179

 94, 25, 152

 66, 0, 125


 37, 0, 100


 5, 0, 75


 0, 4, 51

 0, 2, 29

 0, 0, 0

 150, 79, 207

 150, 79, 207

 141, 58, 207

 159, 100, 207

 132, 38, 207

 168, 120, 207

 122, 17, 207

 178, 141, 207

 115, 0, 207

 187, 162, 207

 196, 183, 207

 205, 203, 207

 215, 224, 207

 224, 245, 207

 233, 255, 207

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 112, 240



150, 79, 207



207, 32, 151

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



150, 79, 207



166, 97, 0



0, 140, 142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



150, 79, 207



136, 207, 79

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 138, 75



150, 79, 207



111, 120, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



150, 79, 207



206, 62, 23



13, 132, 0



0, 139, 201

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



150, 79, 207



222, 1, 108



13, 132, 0



0, 140, 120

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



150, 79, 207



233, 207, 255



79, 137, 207



114, 98, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



150, 79, 207



171, 66, 255



207, 79, 201



100, 94, 105



93, 0, 168



23, 0, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 79, 136



255, 66, 150



79, 207, 85



105, 94, 99



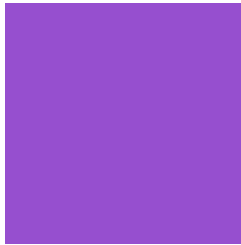
168, 0, 75



41, 0, 18

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 150, 79, 207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

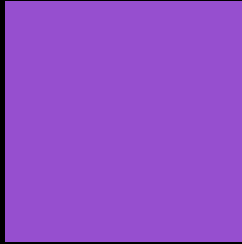
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 150, 79, 207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 150, 79, 207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 150, 79, 207.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 150, 79, 207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

150, 79, 207

Protanopia

0, 109, 233

Deuteranopia





38, 115, 200






Tritanopia

134, 106, 114

Trichromacy

	Original Color 150, 79, 207
	Protanomaly 55, 98, 224
	Deuteranomaly 79, 102, 203
	Tritanomaly 140, 96, 148

Monochromacy

	Original Color 150, 79, 207
	Achromatopsia 115, 115, 115
	Achromatomaly 128, 102, 148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 150, 79, 207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(150, 79, 207) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 79, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 79, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 79, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 150, 79, 207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 79, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 79, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 79, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 79, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 79, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 79,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 150, 79, 207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 79, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150, 79,  
207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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