

Converting Colors

RGB(151, 120, 105)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(151, 120, 105) contains.

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Color

RGB(151, 120, 105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	977869
RGB	151, 120, 105
RGB Percent	59%, 47%, 41%
CMY	0.4078, 0.5294, 0.5882
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.30, 0.41
HSL	20°, 18%, 50%
HSV	20°, 30%, 59%
XYZ	22.0288, 21.0322, 16.2632
YIQ	127.5590, 23.2910, 1.9070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

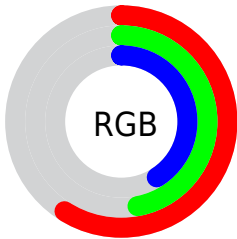
Format	Color
R_{YB}	151, 127, 105
Decimal	9926761
CIE Lab	52.98, 9.78, 12.82
CIE LCh	53, 16.128, 52.666
Yxy	21.0322, 0.3713, 0.3545
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288116841 (0xFF977869)
YUV	127.5590, -11.1216, 20.5578
Hunter-Lab	45.8608, 5.4841, 11.0772

Details

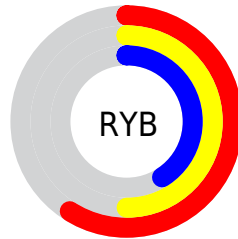
The RGB color **151, 120, 105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **105, 136, 151**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **206, 172, 156**, and **99, 71, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151, 110, 90**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **151, 130, 120**.

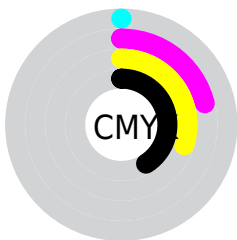
Distribution



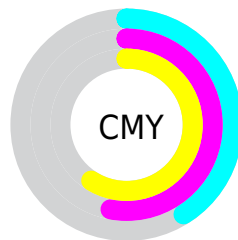
- Red (59%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (41%)





- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 151, 120, 105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 151, 120, 105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 151, 120, 105

 151, 120, 105

255, 255, 255

 125, 95, 81


 206, 172, 156

 99, 71, 58

 234, 200, 183

 74, 49, 36


 255, 228, 211


 51, 28, 15


 255, 255, 239


 30, 3, 0


 0, 0, 0


 151, 120, 105

 151, 120, 105

 151, 110, 90

 151, 130, 120

 151, 100, 75

 151, 140, 135

151, 89, 60

151, 151, 150

151, 79, 45

151, 161, 165

151, 69, 30

151, 171, 181

151, 59, 14

151, 181, 196

151, 49, 0

151, 191, 211

151, 201, 226

151, 212, 241

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



155, 117, 116



151, 120, 105



140, 124, 99

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151, 120, 105



96, 134, 122



125, 124, 152

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151, 120, 105



105, 136, 151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106, 129, 154



151, 120, 105



89, 134, 137

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151, 120, 105



110, 132, 109



92, 132, 148



141, 120, 143

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151, 120, 105



131, 127, 99



92, 132, 148



118, 126, 153

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151, 120, 105



196, 184, 179



151, 105, 136



99, 92, 89



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151, 120, 105



196, 147, 124



151, 143, 105



77, 71, 69



140, 46, 0



13, 4, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



105, 136, 151



124, 173, 196



105, 113, 151



69, 74, 77



0, 95, 140



0, 9, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 151, 120, 105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

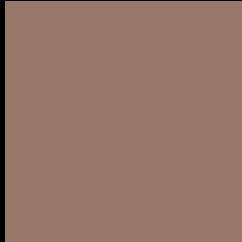
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 151, 120, 105 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 151, 120, 105 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 151, 120, 105.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 151, 120, 105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
151, 120, 105

Protanopia
133, 126, 108

Deuteranopia
147, 122, 105



Tritanopia
153, 117, 126

Trichromacy



Original Color

151, 120, 105

Protanomaly

140, 124, 107

Deuteranomaly

148, 121, 105

Tritanomaly

152, 118, 118

Monochromacy



Original Color

151, 120, 105

Achromatopsia

128, 128, 128

Achromatomaly

136, 125, 120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 151, 120, 105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 120, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 120, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 120, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 120, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 151, 120, 105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 120, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 120, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 120, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 120, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 120, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 120,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 151, 120, 105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 120, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
120, 105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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