

Converting Colors

RGB(151, 181, 190)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(151, 181, 190) contains.

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Color

RGB(151, 181, 190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97B5BE
RGB	151, 181, 190
RGB Percent	59%, 71%, 75%
CMY	0.4078, 0.2902, 0.2549
CMYK	0.21, 0.05, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	194°, 23%, 67%
HSV	194°, 21%, 75%
XYZ	38.5806, 43.3448, 55.0482
YIQ	173.0560, -20.7690, -3.5610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

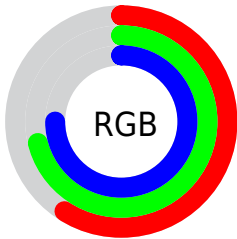
Format	Color
R _Y B	151, 168, 190
Decimal	9942462
CIE Lab	71.79, -8.19, -7.97
CIE LCh	72, 11.426, 224.217
Yxy	43.3448, 0.2817, 0.3164
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288132542 (0xFF97B5BE)
YUV	173.0560, 8.3534, -19.3431
Hunter-Lab	65.8367, -10.6125, -3.4885

Details

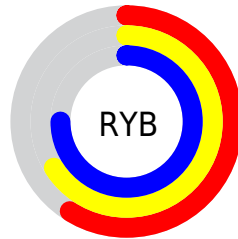
The RGB color **151, 181, 190** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **190, 160, 151**, and the grayscale version is **173, 173, 173**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **206, 237, 246**, and **99, 128, 137** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132, 177, 190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170, 185, 190**.

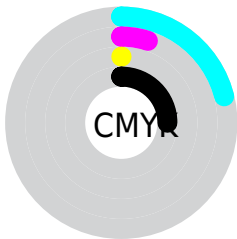
Distribution



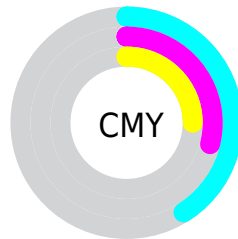
- Red (59%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 151, 181, 190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 151, 181, 190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 151, 181, 190


255, 255, 255


 206, 237, 246


 234, 255, 255

 151, 181, 190

 125, 154, 163

 99, 128, 137

 75, 103, 111

 51, 79, 87


 28, 56, 64

 4, 35, 42

 0, 13, 22

 0, 0, 0

 151, 181, 190

 151, 181, 190

■ 132, 177, 190

■ 170, 185, 190

■ 113, 172, 190

■ 189, 190, 190

■ 94, 168, 190

■ 208, 194, 190

■ 75, 163, 190

■ 227, 199, 190

■ 56, 159, 190

■ 246, 203, 190

■ 37, 155, 190

■ 255, 207, 190

■ 18, 150, 190

■ 255, 212, 190

■ 0, 146, 190

■ 255, 216, 190

■ 255, 220, 190

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



150, 182, 181



151, 181, 190



159, 178, 196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151, 181, 190



194, 169, 182



179, 177, 156

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151, 181, 190



190, 160, 151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



190, 173, 156



151, 181, 190



198, 169, 171

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151, 181, 190



184, 172, 191



197, 170, 162



167, 180, 161

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151, 181, 190



167, 176, 196



197, 170, 162



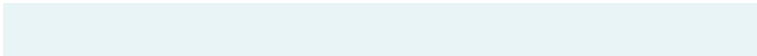
183, 176, 155

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151, 181, 190



233, 244, 247



151, 190, 159



116, 123, 125



252, 252, 252



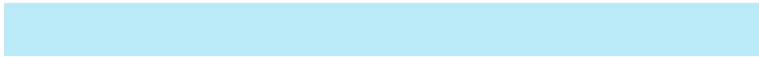
125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151, 181, 190



186, 233, 247



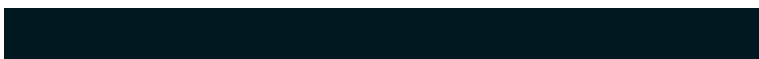
151, 162, 190



85, 92, 94



0, 122, 158



0, 24, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190, 151, 181



247, 186, 233



190, 179, 151



94, 85, 92



158, 0, 122



31, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 151, 181, 190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

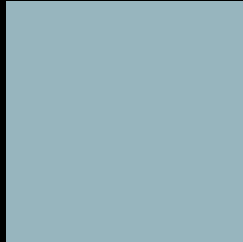
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 151, 181, 190 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

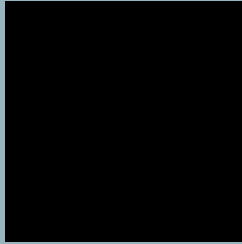
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

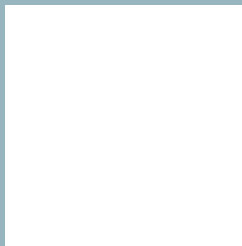
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 151, 181, 190 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 151, 181, 190.

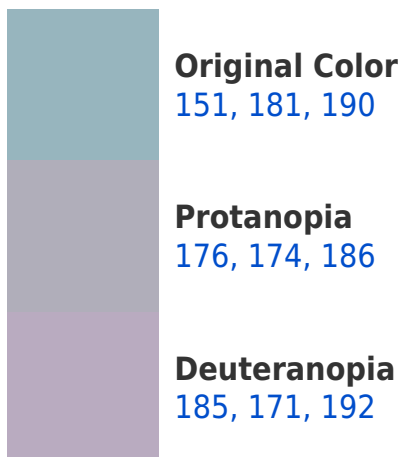


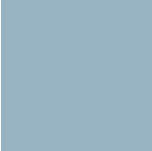
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 151, 181, 190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
152, 180, 195

Trichromacy



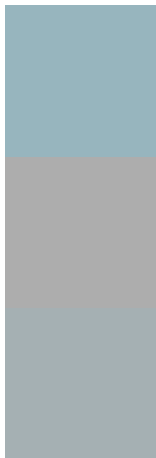
Original Color
151, 181, 190

Protanomaly
167, 177, 187

Deuteranomaly
173, 175, 191

Tritanomaly
152, 180, 193

Monochromacy



Original Color
151, 181, 190

Achromatopsia
173, 173, 173

Achromatomaly
165, 176, 179

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 151, 181, 190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 181, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 181, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 181, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 181, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 151, 181, 190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 181, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 181, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 181, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 181, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 181, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 181,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 151, 181, 190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 181, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
181, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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