

Converting Colors

RGB(151, 210, 244)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(151, 210, 244) contains.

RGB(151, 210, 244)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(151, 210, 244)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97D2F4
RGB	151, 210, 244
RGB Percent	59%, 82%, 96%
CMY	0.4078, 0.1765, 0.0431
CMYK	0.38, 0.14, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	202°, 81%, 77%
HSV	202°, 38%, 96%
XYZ	52.1382, 59.2041, 94.2675
YIQ	196.2350, -46.0780, -1.9340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

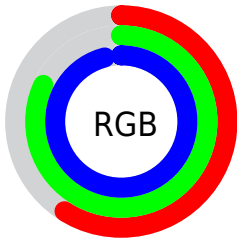
Format	Color
R _{YB}	151, 187, 244
Decimal	9949940
CIE _{Lab}	81.40, -10.54, -22.68
CIE _{LCh}	81, 25.011, 245.070
Y _{xy}	59.2041, 0.2536, 0.2879
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288140020 (0xFF97D2F4)
YUV	196.2350, 23.5481, -39.6711
Hunter-Lab	76.9442, -13.6989, -18.7776

Details

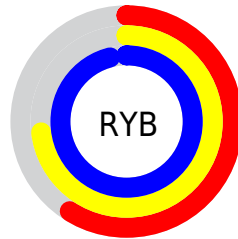
The RGB color **151, 210, 244** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **244, 185, 151**, and the grayscale version is **196, 196, 196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **208, 255, 255**, and **96, 156, 188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127, 201, 244**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **175, 219, 244**.

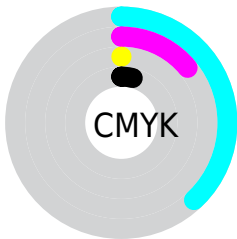
Distribution



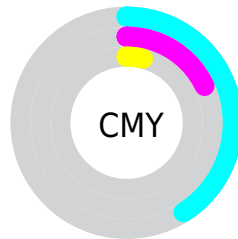
- Red (59%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 151, 210, 244 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 151, 210, 244 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 151, 210, 244


255, 255, 255


 208, 255, 255


 237, 255, 255

 151, 210, 244

 123, 182, 216

 96, 156, 188


 68, 130, 161

 38, 104, 134

 0, 80, 109

 0, 57, 85

 0, 36, 61

 0, 12, 39

 0, 1, 17

■ 151, 210, 244

■ 151, 210, 244

■ 127, 201, 244

■ 175, 219, 244

■ 102, 192, 244

■ 200, 228, 244

■ 78, 183, 244

■ 224, 237, 244

■ 53, 174, 244

■ 249, 246, 244

■ 29, 165, 244

■ 255, 255, 244

■ 5, 156, 244

■ 255, 255, 244

■ 0, 155, 244

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137, 214, 228



151, 210, 244



180, 203, 248

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



151, 210, 244



249, 186, 199



190, 209, 164

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



151, 210, 244



244, 185, 151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



216, 202, 156



151, 210, 244



249, 188, 176

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



151, 210, 244



236, 188, 222



237, 194, 160



164, 214, 182

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



151, 210, 244



201, 198, 245



237, 194, 160



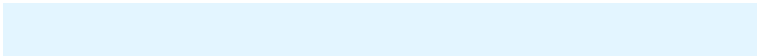
199, 207, 160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



151, 210, 244



227, 245, 255



151, 244, 184



111, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



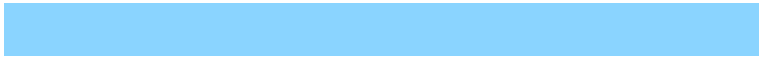
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



151, 210, 244



138, 212, 255



151, 165, 244



110, 118, 122



0, 118, 186



0, 37, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



244, 151, 210



255, 138, 212



244, 230, 151



122, 110, 118



186, 0, 118



59, 0, 37

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 151, 210, 244 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

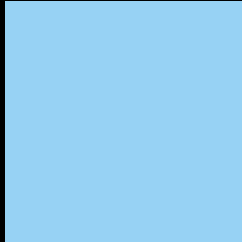
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 151, 210, 244 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

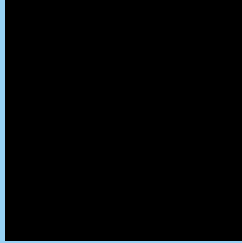
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 151, 210, 244 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 151, 210, 244.

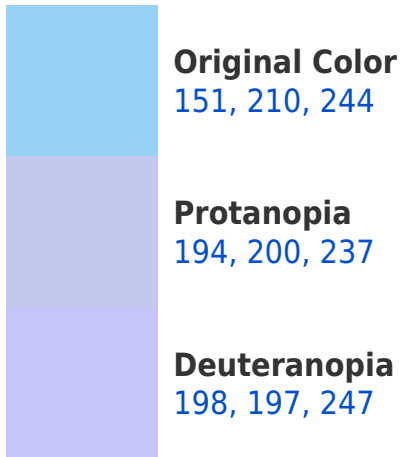


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 151, 210, 244.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

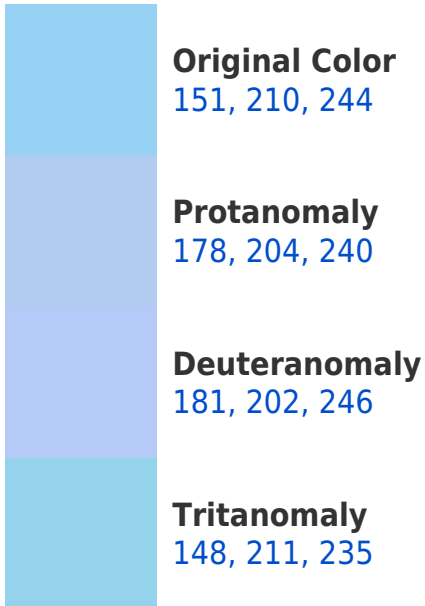
Dichromacy



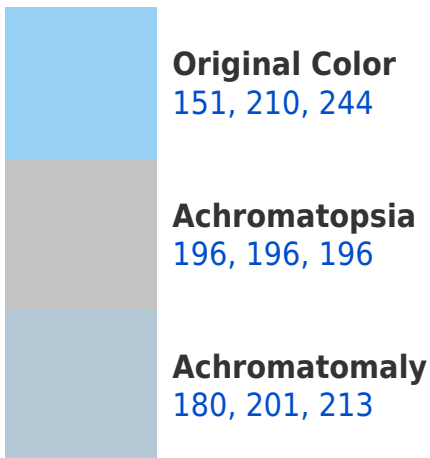


Tritanopia
147, 212, 230

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 151, 210, 244 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 210, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 210, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 210, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 210, 244) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 151, 210, 244 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 210, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 210, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 210, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 210, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 210, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 210,  
244) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 151, 210, 244 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 210, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
210, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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