

Converting Colors

RGB(152, 119, 176)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(152, 119, 176) contains.

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Color

RGB(152, 119, 176)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9877B0
RGB	152, 119, 176
RGB Percent	60%, 47%, 69%
CMY	0.4039, 0.5333, 0.3098
CMYK	0.14, 0.32, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	275°, 27%, 58%
HSV	275°, 32%, 69%
XYZ	27.3822, 23.0036, 44.0712
YIQ	135.3650, 1.3710, 24.7230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

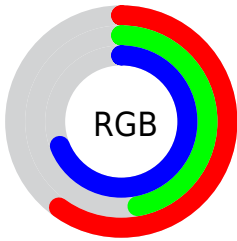
Format	Color
RYB	152, 119, 176
Decimal	9992112
CIELab	55.08, 23.87, -25.40
CIELCh	55, 34.851, 313.217
Yxy	23.0036, 0.2899, 0.2435
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288182192 (0xFF9877B0)
YUV	135.3650, 20.0331, 14.5889
Hunter-Lab	47.9621, 17.9743, -20.9067

Details

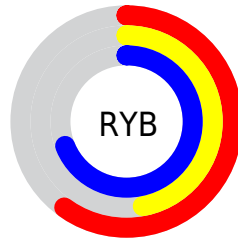
The RGB color **152, 119, 176** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **143, 176, 119**, and the grayscale version is **135, 135, 135**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207, 172, 232**, and **100, 70, 123** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **145, 101, 176**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **159, 137, 176**.

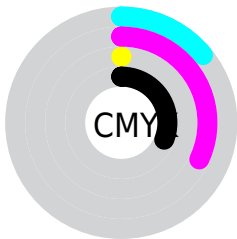
Distribution



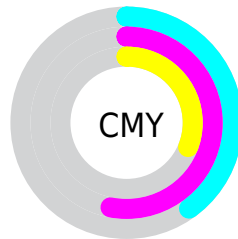
- Red (60%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (31%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 152, 119, 176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 152, 119, 176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 152, 119, 176

255, 255, 255


 207, 172, 232

 235, 199, 255

 255, 227, 255

 152, 119, 176

 126, 94, 149

 100, 70, 123

 75, 47, 98

 52, 25, 74

 29, 2, 51

 0, 0, 30

 0, 0, 0

 152, 119, 176


 145, 101, 176

 152, 119, 176

 159, 137, 176


 137, 84, 176


 167, 154, 176

 130, 66, 176


 174, 172, 176

 122, 49, 176

 182, 189, 176

 115, 31, 176


 189, 207, 176

 108, 13, 176

 196, 225, 176

 102, 0, 176

 204, 242, 176

 211, 255, 176

 219, 255, 176

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



109, 130, 190



152, 119, 176



180, 110, 150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152, 119, 176



166, 124, 74



0, 148, 145

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152, 119, 176



143, 176, 119

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64, 147, 113



152, 119, 176



138, 134, 72

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152, 119, 176



184, 114, 92



104, 142, 87



0, 146, 172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152, 119, 176



188, 108, 130



104, 142, 87



24, 148, 134

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152, 119, 176



220, 207, 230



119, 144, 176



109, 101, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152, 119, 176



192, 140, 230



176, 119, 172



85, 80, 89



89, 0, 153



15, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



176, 119, 143



230, 140, 178



119, 176, 123



89, 80, 84



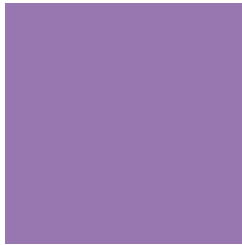
153, 0, 64



26, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 119, 176 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

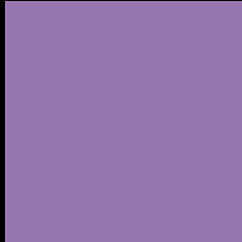
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 119, 176 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

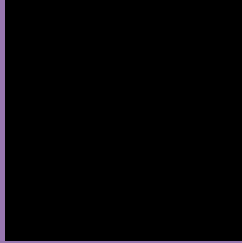
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 152, 119, 176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 119, 176.

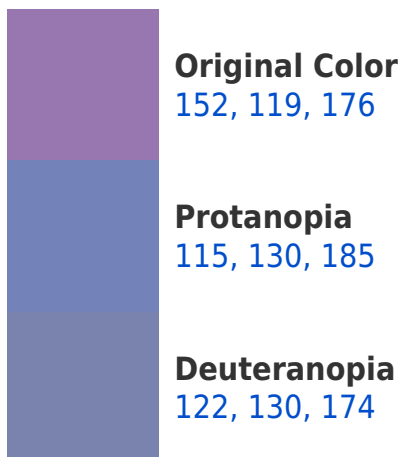


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 119, 176.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
146, 127, 137

Trichromacy



Original Color
152, 119, 176

Protanomaly
128, 126, 182

Deuteranomaly
133, 126, 175

Tritanomaly
148, 124, 151

Monochromacy



Original Color
152, 119, 176

Achromatopsia
135, 135, 135

Achromatomaly
141, 129, 150

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 152, 119, 176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 119, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 119, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 119, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 119, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 152, 119, 176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 119, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 119, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 119, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 119, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 119, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 119,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 152, 119, 176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 119, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
119, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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