

Converting Colors

RGB(152, 131, 114)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(152, 131, 114) contains.

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Color

RGB(152, 131, 114)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	988372
RGB	152, 131, 114
RGB Percent	60%, 51%, 45%
CMY	0.4039, 0.4863, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.25, 0.40
HSL	27°, 16%, 52%
HSV	27°, 25%, 60%
XYZ	24.1025, 24.1229, 19.3054
YIQ	135.3410, 17.9730, -0.8350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

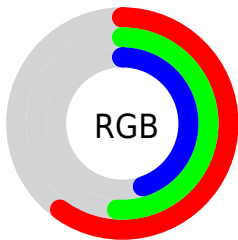
Format	Color
RYB	152, 145, 114
Decimal	9995122
CIELab	56.21, 5.23, 12.14
CIELCh	56, 13.220, 66.716
Yxy	24.1229, 0.3569, 0.3572
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288185202 (0xFF988372)
YUV	135.3410, -10.5211, 14.6099
Hunter-Lab	49.1151, 1.6447, 11.0757

Details

The RGB color **152, 131, 114** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **114, 135, 152**, and the grayscale version is **135, 135, 135**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207, 184, 166**, and **100, 82, 66** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **152, 123, 99**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **152, 139, 129**.

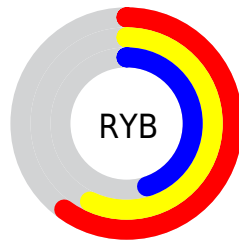
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (51%)

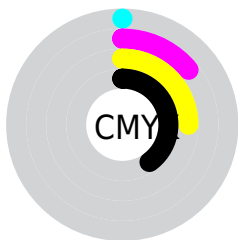
Blue (45%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (45%)

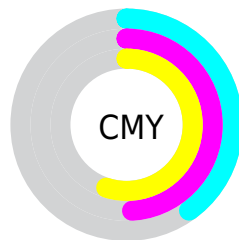


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 152, 131, 114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 152, 131, 114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 152, 131, 114


255, 255, 255

 207, 184, 166


 235, 212, 193

 255, 240, 221


 255, 255, 249

 152, 131, 114

 126, 106, 89

 100, 82, 66

 76, 59, 44

 53, 37, 23

 32, 16, 0

 0, 0, 0


 152, 131, 114

 152, 123, 99

 152, 114, 84

 152, 131, 114

 152, 139, 129

 152, 148, 144

■ 152, 106, 68

■ 152, 156, 160

■ 152, 97, 53

■ 152, 165, 175

■ 152, 89, 38

■ 152, 173, 190

■ 152, 81, 23

■ 152, 181, 205

■ 152, 72, 8

■ 152, 190, 220

■ 152, 68, 0

■ 152, 198, 236

■ 152, 207, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



158, 128, 122



152, 131, 114



141, 135, 112

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152, 131, 114



107, 142, 137



140, 131, 153

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152, 131, 114



114, 135, 152

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



125, 135, 157



152, 131, 114



105, 141, 148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152, 131, 114



116, 141, 125



112, 138, 155



152, 128, 144

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152, 131, 114



133, 137, 114



112, 138, 155



135, 132, 155

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152, 131, 114



196, 188, 181



152, 114, 136



99, 94, 90



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152, 131, 114



196, 164, 137



152, 149, 114



77, 72, 69



140, 63, 0



13, 6, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114, 135, 152



137, 170, 196



114, 117, 152



69, 73, 77



0, 78, 140



0, 7, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 131, 114 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

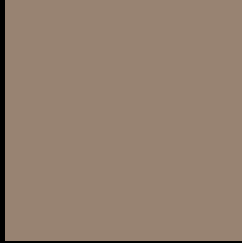
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 131, 114 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

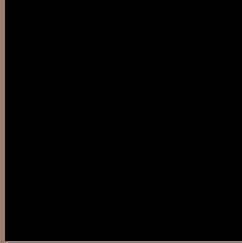
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 152, 131, 114 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 131, 114.

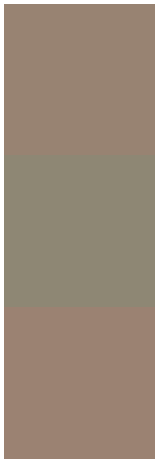


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 131, 114.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
152, 131, 114

Protanopia
142, 135, 116

Deuteranopia
155, 130, 114



Tritanopia
155, 128, 138

Trichromacy



Original Color

152, 131, 114

Protanomaly

146, 134, 115

Deuteranomaly

154, 130, 114

Tritanomaly

154, 129, 129

Monochromacy



Original Color

152, 131, 114

Achromatopsia

135, 135, 135

Achromatomaly

141, 134, 127

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 152, 131, 114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(152, 131, 114) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 131, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 131, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 131, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 152, 131, 114 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 131, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 131, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 131, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 131, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 131, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 131,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 152, 131, 114 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 131, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
131, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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