

Converting Colors

RGB(152, 152, 150)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(152, 152, 150) contains.

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Color

RGB(152, 152, 150)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	989896
RGB	152, 152, 150
RGB Percent	60%, 60%, 59%
CMY	0.4039, 0.4039, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.01, 0.40
HSL	60°, 1%, 59%
HSV	60°, 1%, 60%
XYZ	29.6822, 31.3339, 33.3378
YIQ	151.7720, 0.6420, -0.6220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

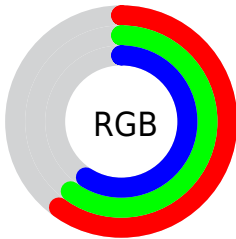
Format	Color
RYB	150, 152, 150
Decimal	10000534
CIELab	62.79, -0.38, 1.04
CIELCh	63, 1.109, 110.009
Yxy	31.3339, 0.3146, 0.3321
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288190614 (0xFF989896)
YUV	151.7720, -0.8736, 0.2000
Hunter-Lab	55.9767, -3.3079, 3.8726

Details

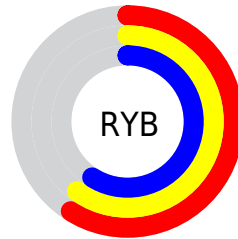
The RGB color **152, 152, 150** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **150, 150, 152**, and the grayscale version is **152, 152, 152**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **206, 206, 204**, and **101, 101, 99** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **152, 152, 135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **152, 152, 165**.

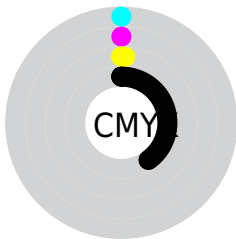
Distribution



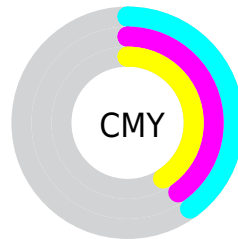
- Red (60%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 152, 152, 150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 152, 152, 150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 152, 152, 150


255, 255, 255

 206, 206, 204


 234, 234, 232

 152, 152, 150


 126, 126, 124

 101, 101, 99

 77, 77, 75

 54, 55, 53

 33, 33, 32

 10, 10, 8

 0, 0, 0

 152, 152, 150


 152, 152, 135


 152, 152, 150

 152, 152, 165


 152, 152, 120


 152, 152, 180

 152, 152, 104


 152, 152, 196


 152, 152, 89


 152, 152, 211


 152, 152, 74


 152, 152, 226


 152, 152, 59

 152, 152, 241

 152, 152, 44

 152, 152, 255

 152, 152, 28

 152, 152, 13

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153, 152, 150



152, 152, 150



151, 152, 151

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152, 152, 150



150, 152, 153



154, 151, 152

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152, 152, 150



150, 150, 152

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153, 151, 153



152, 152, 150



151, 152, 154

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152, 152, 150



150, 152, 152



152, 152, 154



154, 151, 151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152, 152, 150



150, 152, 151



152, 152, 154



153, 151, 153

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152, 152, 150



196, 196, 196



152, 150, 150



99, 99, 99



227, 227, 227

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152, 152, 150



196, 196, 192



151, 152, 150



77, 77, 75



140, 140, 0



13, 13, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



150, 150, 152



192, 192, 196



151, 150, 152



75, 75, 77



0, 0, 140



0, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 152, 150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 152, 150 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

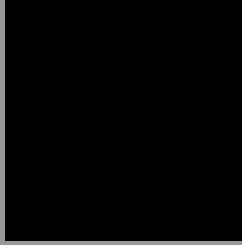
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

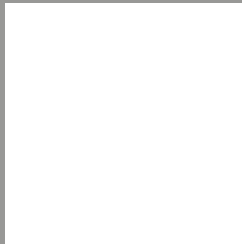
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 152, 152, 150 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 152, 150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 152, 150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
152, 152, 150

Protanopia
155, 151, 149

Deuteranopia
167, 147, 151



Tritanopia
154, 150, 162

Trichromacy



Original Color

152, 152, 150

Protanomaly

154, 151, 149

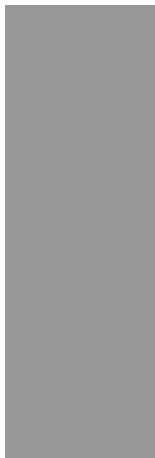
Deuteranomaly

162, 149, 151

Tritanomaly

153, 151, 158

Monochromacy



Original Color

152, 152, 150

Achromatopsia

152, 152, 152

Achromatomaly

152, 152, 151

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 152, 152, 150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 152, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 152, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 152, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 152, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 152, 152, 150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 152, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 152, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 152, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 152, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 152, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 152,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 152, 152, 150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 152, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
152, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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