

Converting Colors

RGB(152, 180, 246)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(152, 180, 246) contains.

RGB(152, 180, 246)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(152, 180, 246)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98B4F6
RGB	152, 180, 246
RGB Percent	60%, 71%, 96%
CMY	0.4039, 0.2941, 0.0353
CMYK	0.38, 0.27, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	222°, 84%, 78%
HSV	222°, 38%, 96%
XYZ	45.9047, 45.9717, 93.6428
YIQ	179.1520, -37.8740, 14.5900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

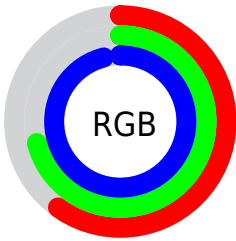
Format	Color
R _Y B	152, 174, 246
Decimal	10007798
CIE Lab	73.53, 6.40, -35.84
CIE LCh	74, 36.406, 280.124
Yxy	45.9717, 0.2474, 0.2478
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288197878 (0xFF98B4F6)
YUV	179.1520, 32.9561, -23.8123
Hunter-Lab	67.8025, 2.1966, -34.4244

Details

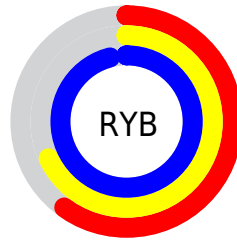
The RGB color **152, 180, 246** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **246, 218, 152**, and the grayscale version is **179, 179, 179**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **209, 236, 255**, and **97, 127, 189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127, 163, 246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177, 197, 246**.

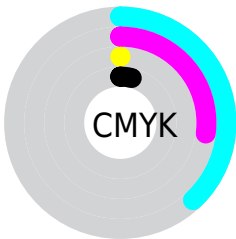
Distribution



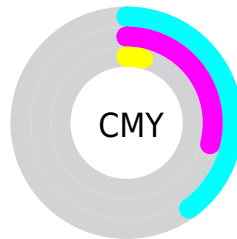
- Red (60%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 152, 180, 246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 152, 180, 246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 152, 180, 246


255, 255, 255


 209, 236, 255

 238, 255, 255

 152, 180, 246

 124, 153, 217


 97, 127, 189

 69, 103, 162

 40, 79, 136

 0, 56, 110

 0, 35, 85

 0, 13, 62

 0, 3, 39

 0, 1, 17

■ 152, 180, 246

■ 152, 180, 246

■ 127, 163, 246

■ 177, 197, 246

■ 103, 145, 246

■ 201, 215, 246

■ 78, 128, 246

■ 226, 232, 246

■ 54, 111, 246

■ 250, 249, 246

■ 29, 94, 246

■ 255, 255, 246

■ 4, 76, 246

■ 0, 73, 246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



98, 190, 243



152, 180, 246



199, 168, 232

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152, 180, 246



242, 160, 139



115, 197, 157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152, 180, 246



246, 218, 152

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



155, 191, 129



152, 180, 246



222, 171, 118

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152, 180, 246



246, 155, 170



192, 182, 114



74, 199, 191

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152, 180, 246



223, 161, 214



192, 182, 114



129, 196, 146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152, 180, 246



227, 235, 255



152, 246, 218



111, 116, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152, 180, 246



138, 173, 255



171, 152, 246



110, 114, 122



0, 55, 186



0, 17, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



246, 152, 180



255, 138, 173



227, 246, 152



122, 110, 114



186, 0, 55



59, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 180, 246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

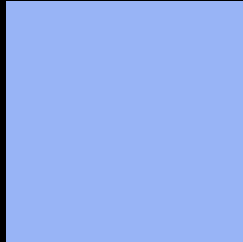
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 180, 246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

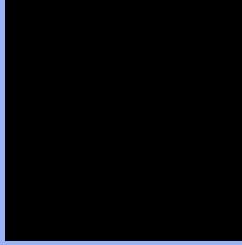
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

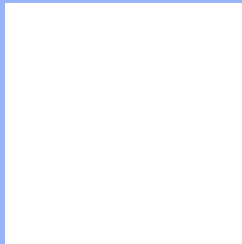
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 152, 180, 246 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 180, 246.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 180, 246.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

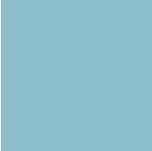
Dichromacy



Original Color
152, 180, 246

Protanopia
161, 178, 244

Deuteranopia
160, 178, 246



Tritanopia
141, 188, 203

Trichromacy



Original Color

152, 180, 246

Protanomaly

158, 179, 245

Deuteranomaly

157, 179, 246

Tritanomaly

145, 185, 219

Monochromacy



Original Color

152, 180, 246

Achromatopsia

179, 179, 179

Achromatomaly

169, 179, 203

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 152, 180, 246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 180, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 180, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 180, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 180, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 152, 180, 246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

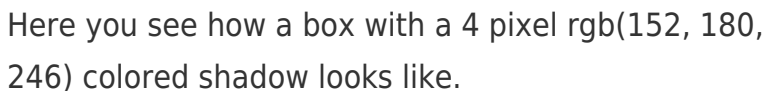
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 180, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 180, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 180, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 180, 246); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 180, 246); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 180, 246) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 152, 180, 246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 180, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
180, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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