

Converting Colors

RGB(152, 181, 182)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(152, 181, 182) contains.

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Color

RGB(152, 181, 182)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98B5B6
RGB	152, 181, 182
RGB Percent	60%, 71%, 71%
CMY	0.4039, 0.2902, 0.2863
CMYK	0.16, 0.01, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	182°, 17%, 65%
HSV	182°, 16%, 71%
XYZ	37.9163, 43.1005, 50.5768
YIQ	172.4430, -17.6050, -5.8370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

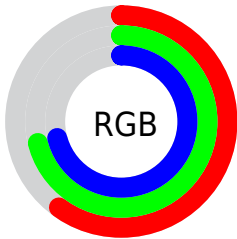
Format	Color
RYB	152, 167, 182
Decimal	10007990
CIELab	71.62, -9.61, -3.82
CIELCh	72, 10.344, 201.653
Yxy	43.1005, 0.2881, 0.3275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288198070 (0xFF98B5B6)
YUV	172.4430, 4.7116, -17.9285
Hunter-Lab	65.6510, -11.7979, 0.2793

Details

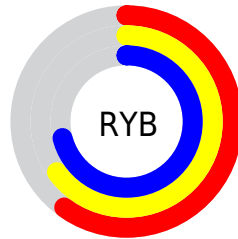
The RGB color **152, 181, 182** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **182, 153, 152**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207, 237, 238**, and **101, 128, 129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **134, 180, 182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170, 182, 182**.

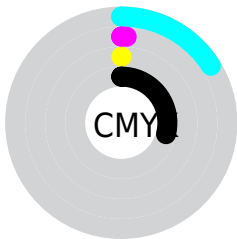
Distribution



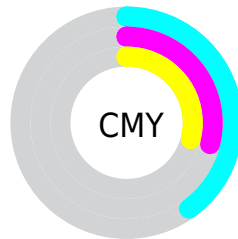
- Red (60%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 152, 181, 182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 152, 181, 182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 152, 181, 182


255, 255, 255


 207, 237, 238

 235, 255, 255

 152, 181, 182

 126, 154, 155


 101, 128, 129

 76, 103, 104

 53, 79, 80

 30, 56, 57

 8, 35, 36

 0, 12, 14

 0, 0, 0

 152, 181, 182

 152, 181, 182

■ 134, 180, 182

■ 170, 182, 182

■ 116, 180, 182

■ 188, 182, 182

■ 97, 179, 182

■ 207, 183, 182

■ 79, 179, 182

■ 225, 183, 182

■ 61, 178, 182

■ 243, 184, 182

■ 43, 177, 182

■ 255, 185, 182

■ 25, 177, 182

■ 255, 185, 182

■ 6, 176, 182

■ 255, 186, 182

■ 0, 176, 182

■ 255, 186, 182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156, 181, 172



152, 181, 182



154, 180, 190

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152, 181, 182



185, 171, 187



186, 174, 157

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152, 181, 182



182, 153, 152

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



193, 171, 161



152, 181, 182



193, 169, 178

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152, 181, 182



174, 174, 193



196, 169, 169



176, 177, 158

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152, 181, 182



159, 178, 193



196, 169, 169



189, 173, 158

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152, 181, 182



225, 237, 237



152, 182, 153



113, 120, 120



247, 247, 247



120, 120, 120

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152, 181, 182



190, 236, 237



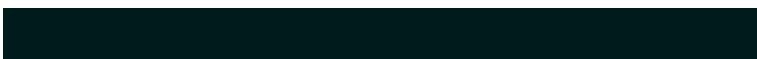
152, 166, 182



83, 91, 92



0, 150, 156



0, 27, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



182, 152, 181



237, 190, 236



182, 168, 152



92, 83, 91



156, 0, 150



28, 0, 27

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 181, 182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

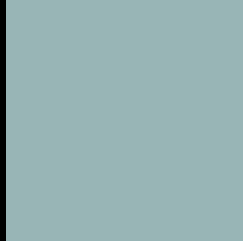
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 181, 182 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

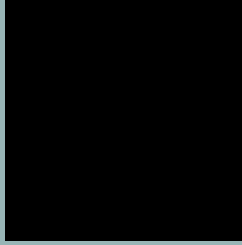
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

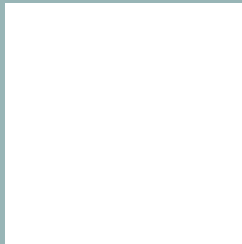
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 152, 181, 182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 181, 182.



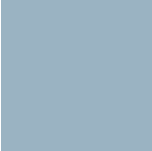
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 181, 182.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
154, 179, 194

Trichromacy



Original Color

152, 181, 182

Protanomaly

168, 177, 179

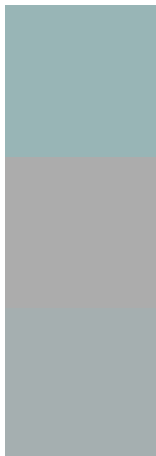
Deuteranomaly

175, 174, 183

Tritanomaly

153, 180, 190

Monochromacy



Original Color

152, 181, 182

Achromatopsia

172, 172, 172

Achromatomaly

165, 175, 176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 152, 181, 182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 181, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 181, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 181, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 181, 182) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 152, 181, 182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

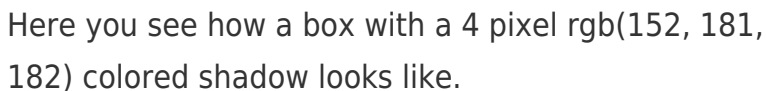
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 181, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 181, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 181, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 181, 182); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 181, 182); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 181, 182) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 152, 181, 182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 181, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
181, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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