

Converting Colors

RGB(152, 199, 176)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(152, 199, 176) contains.

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Color

RGB(152, 199, 176)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	98C7B0
RGB	152, 199, 176
RGB Percent	60%, 78%, 69%
CMY	0.4039, 0.2196, 0.3098
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.12, 0.22
HSL	151°, 30%, 69%
HSV	151°, 24%, 78%
XYZ	41.2088, 50.6568, 48.6801
YIQ	182.3250, -20.6290, -17.1170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

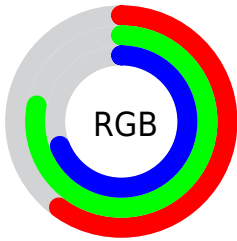
Format	Color
R _Y B	152, 183, 199
Decimal	10012592
CIE Lab	76.47, -20.15, 6.50
CIE LCh	76, 21.172, 162.116
Yxy	50.6568, 0.2932, 0.3604
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288202672 (0xFF98C7B0)
YUV	182.3250, -3.1182, -26.5950
Hunter-Lab	71.1736, -21.2042, 9.2694

Details

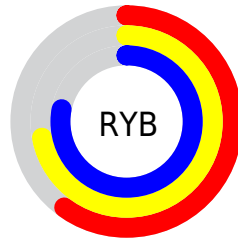
The RGB color **152, 199, 176** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **199, 152, 175**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207, 255, 232**, and **100, 145, 124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132, 199, 166**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **172, 199, 186**.

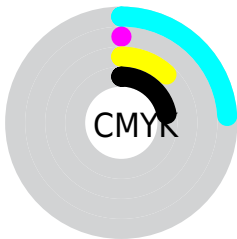
Distribution



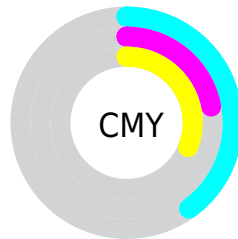
- Red (60%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 152, 199, 176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 152, 199, 176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 152, 199, 176


255, 255, 255

 207, 255, 232


 235, 255, 255

 152, 199, 176

 126, 172, 149

 100, 145, 124

 75, 119, 99

 51, 94, 75

 27, 70, 52


 1, 48, 31

 0, 28, 7


 0, 0, 0

 152, 199, 176


 152, 199, 176


 132, 199, 166


 172, 199, 186

 112, 199, 157


 192, 199, 195

 92, 199, 147


 212, 199, 205

 72, 199, 137


 232, 199, 215

 53, 199, 127

 252, 199, 225

 33, 199, 118

 255, 199, 234

 13, 199, 108

 255, 199, 244

 0, 199, 102

 255, 199, 254

 255, 199, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



173, 195, 159



152, 199, 176



138, 200, 196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152, 199, 176



177, 188, 227



227, 178, 163

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152, 199, 176



199, 152, 175

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



229, 175, 181



152, 199, 176



202, 181, 218

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152, 199, 176



152, 194, 225



221, 176, 201



214, 183, 152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152, 199, 176



135, 199, 209



221, 176, 201



229, 176, 169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152, 199, 176



237, 255, 246



176, 199, 152



117, 128, 123



0, 0, 0



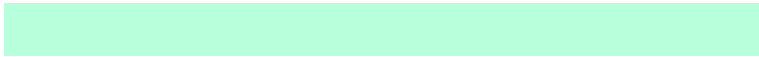
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152, 199, 176



184, 255, 220



152, 199, 199



90, 99, 95



0, 163, 83



0, 36, 18

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



199, 152, 175



255, 184, 219



199, 152, 152



99, 90, 94



163, 0, 80



36, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 199, 176 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

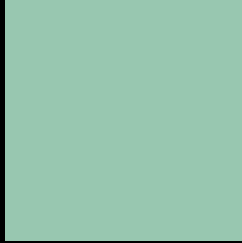
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 199, 176 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

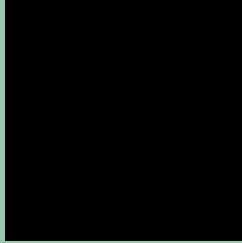
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 152, 199, 176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 199, 176.

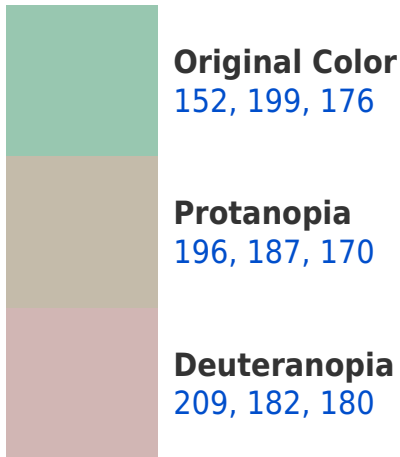


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 199, 176.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

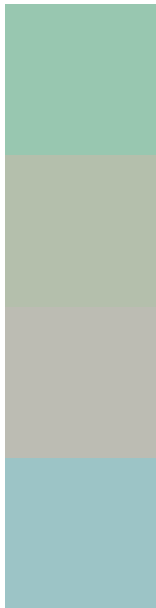
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
158, 194, 210

Trichromacy



Original Color
152, 199, 176

Protanomaly
180, 191, 172

Deuteranomaly
188, 188, 179

Tritanomaly
156, 196, 198

Monochromacy



Original Color
152, 199, 176

Achromatopsia
182, 182, 182

Achromatomaly
171, 188, 180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 152, 199, 176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 199, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 199, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 199, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 199, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 152, 199, 176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 199, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 199, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 199, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 199, 176); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 199, 176); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 199, 176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 152, 199, 176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 199, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
199, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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