

Converting Colors

RGB(152, 75, 187)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(152, 75, 187) contains.

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Color

RGB(152, 75, 187)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	984BBB
RGB	152, 75, 187
RGB Percent	60%, 29%, 73%
CMY	0.4039, 0.7059, 0.2667
CMYK	0.19, 0.60, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	281°, 45%, 51%
HSV	281°, 60%, 73%
XYZ	24.4346, 15.2954, 48.6782
YIQ	110.7910, 9.9400, 51.1560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

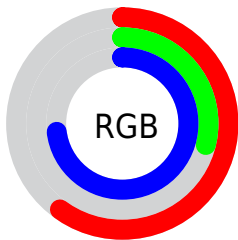
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 75, 187
Decimal	9980859
CIE _{Lab}	46.04, 50.53, -45.97
CIE _{LCh}	46, 68.310, 317.705
Yxy	15.2954, 0.2764, 0.1730
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288170939 (0xFF984BBB)
YUV	110.7910, 37.5710, 36.1403
Hunter-Lab	39.1093, 43.0813, -46.4199

Details

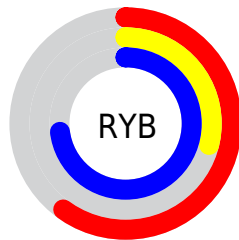
The RGB color **152, 75, 187** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **110, 187, 75**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **209, 128, 244**, and **97, 20, 133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **146, 56, 187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **158, 94, 187**.

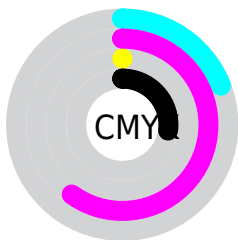
Distribution



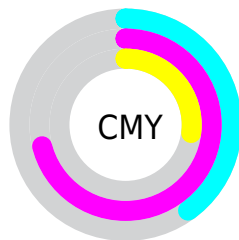
- Red (60%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 152, 75, 187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 152, 75, 187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



152, 75, 187



152, 75, 187

255, 255, 255



124, 49, 160



209, 128, 244



97, 20, 133



238, 155, 255



71, 0, 107



255, 182, 255



44, 0, 82



255, 211, 255



19, 0, 59



255, 240, 255



0, 2, 36



0, 0, 11



0, 0, 0



152, 75, 187



152, 75, 187

■ 146, 56, 187

■ 158, 94, 187

■ 140, 38, 187

■ 164, 112, 187

■ 134, 19, 187

■ 170, 131, 187

■ 129, 0, 187

■ 175, 150, 187

■ 129, 0, 187

■ 181, 169, 187

■ 187, 187, 187

■ 193, 206, 187

■ 199, 225, 187

■ 205, 243, 187

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



24, 104, 219



152, 75, 187



198, 41, 135

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152, 75, 187



152, 98, 0



0, 134, 142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152, 75, 187



110, 187, 75

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 132, 83



152, 75, 187



101, 117, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152, 75, 187



189, 70, 21



3, 127, 17



0, 132, 193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152, 75, 187



208, 33, 97



3, 127, 17



0, 134, 123

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152, 75, 187



229, 199, 242



75, 110, 187



114, 95, 122



250, 250, 250



122, 122, 122

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152, 75, 187



188, 68, 242



187, 75, 166



91, 85, 94



109, 0, 158



21, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187, 75, 110



242, 68, 122



75, 187, 96



94, 85, 88



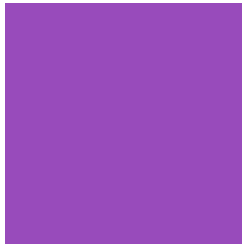
158, 0, 49



31, 0, 10

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 75, 187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

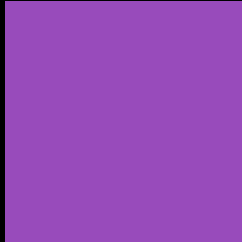
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 75, 187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

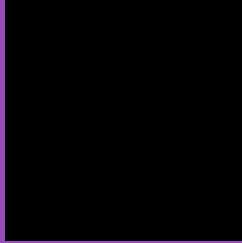
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 152, 75, 187 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 75, 187.

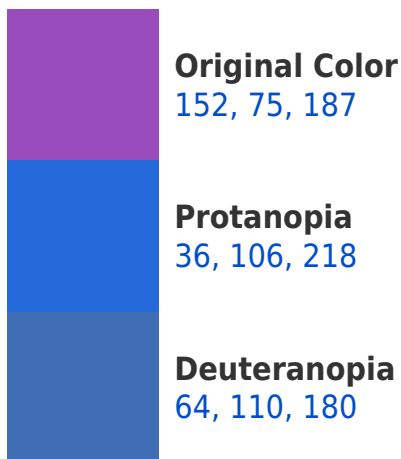


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 75, 187.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
140, 98, 105

Trichromacy



Original Color
152, 75, 187

Protanomaly
78, 95, 207

Deuteranomaly
96, 97, 183

Tritanomaly
144, 90, 135

Monochromacy



Original Color
152, 75, 187

Achromatopsia
111, 111, 111

Achromatomaly
126, 98, 139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 152, 75, 187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 75, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 75, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 75, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 75, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 152, 75, 187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 75, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 75, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 75, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 75, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 75, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 75,  
187) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 152, 75, 187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 75, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152, 75,  
187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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