

Converting Colors

RGB(152, 87, 232)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(152, 87, 232) contains.

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Color

RGB(152, 87, 232)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9857E8
RGB	152, 87, 232
RGB Percent	60%, 34%, 91%
CMY	0.4039, 0.6588, 0.0902
CMYK	0.34, 0.62, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	267°, 76%, 63%
HSV	267°, 62%, 91%
XYZ	30.9226, 19.3180, 78.4429
YIQ	122.9650, -7.8050, 58.8750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

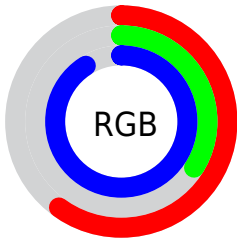
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 87, 232
Decimal	9983976
CIE _{Lab}	51.06, 54.85, -63.68
CIE _{LCh}	51, 84.041, 310.740
Yxy	19.3180, 0.2403, 0.1501
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288174056 (0xFF9857E8)
YUV	122.9650, 53.7543, 25.4637
Hunter-Lab	43.9522, 48.6672, -75.0501

Details

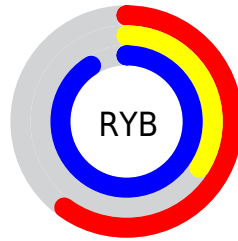
The RGB color **152, 87, 232** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966FF**. The color can be described as light muted purple. A complement of this color would be **167, 232, 87**, and the grayscale version is **122, 122, 122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **210, 140, 255**, and **94, 34, 175** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139, 64, 232**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **165, 110, 232**.

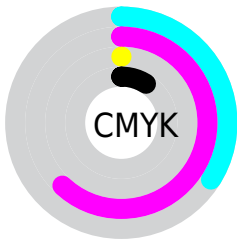
Distribution



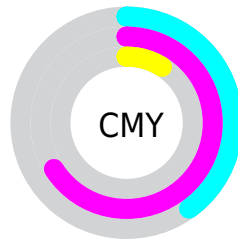
- Red (60%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 152, 87, 232 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 152, 87, 232 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 152, 87, 232


 152, 87, 232

255, 255, 255

 123, 61, 203


 210, 140, 255

 94, 34, 175

 240, 167, 255

 65, 0, 148

 255, 195, 255

 31, 0, 121

 255, 224, 255

 0, 0, 96

 255, 253, 255

 0, 0, 71


 0, 4, 47

 0, 1, 26

 0, 0, 0


 152, 87, 232


 152, 87, 232


 139, 64, 232

 165, 110, 232

 126, 41, 232

 178, 133, 232

 114, 17, 232

 190, 157, 232

 104, 0, 232

 203, 180, 232

 216, 203, 232

 229, 226, 232

 242, 249, 232

 254, 255, 232

 255, 255, 232

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 123, 255



152, 87, 232



223, 27, 171

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152, 87, 232



185, 100, 0



0, 151, 147

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152, 87, 232



167, 232, 87

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 148, 71



152, 87, 232



125, 127, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152, 87, 232



227, 57, 28



26, 142, 0



0, 150, 215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152, 87, 232



241, 0, 123



26, 142, 0



0, 151, 121

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152, 87, 232



228, 207, 255



87, 169, 232



111, 98, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152, 87, 232



149, 64, 255



222, 87, 232



108, 103, 115



80, 0, 179



23, 0, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



232, 87, 167



255, 64, 169



97, 232, 87



115, 103, 110



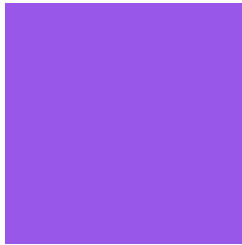
179, 0, 98



51, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 87, 232 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

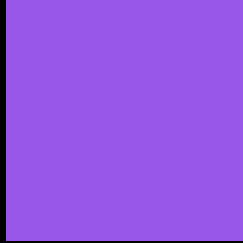
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 152, 87, 232 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

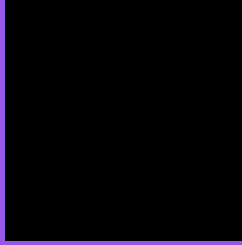
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 152, 87, 232 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 87, 232.

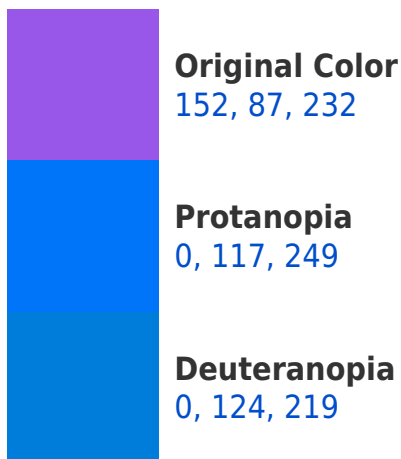



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 152, 87, 232.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





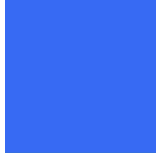
Tritanopia
131, 118, 127

Trichromacy



Original Color

152, 87, 232



Protanomaly

55, 106, 243



Deuteranomaly

55, 111, 224



Tritanomaly

139, 107, 165

Monochromacy



Original Color

152, 87, 232



Achromatopsia

123, 123, 123



Achromatomaly

134, 110, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 152, 87, 232 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 87, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(152, 87, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 87, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 87, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 152, 87, 232 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 87, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 87, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 87, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 87, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 87, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 87,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 152, 87, 232 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 87, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152, 87,  
232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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