

# Converting Colors

RGB(153, 124, 221)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(153, 124, 221) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(153, 124, 221)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	997CDD
RGB	153, 124, 221
RGB Percent	60%, 49%, 87%
CMY	0.4000, 0.5137, 0.1333
CMYK	0.31, 0.44, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	258°, 59%, 68%
HSV	258°, 44%, 87%
XYZ	33.3957, 26.4081, 71.7437
YIQ	143.7290, -13.8530, 36.3150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

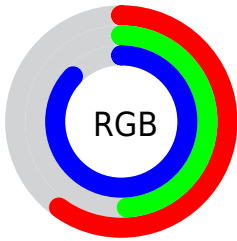
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	153, 124, 221
Decimal	10058973
CIELab	58.42, 32.03, -45.72
CIELCh	58, 55.827, 305.017
Yxy	26.4081, 0.2539, 0.2007
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288249053 (0xFF997CDD)
YUV	143.7290, 38.0946, 8.1307
Hunter-Lab	51.3888, 26.0702, -46.8025

# Details

The RGB color **153, 124, 221** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9966CC**. A complement of this color would be **192, 221, 124**, and the grayscale version is **143, 143, 143**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **209, 177, 255**, and **99, 75, 165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **138, 102, 221**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **168, 146, 221**.

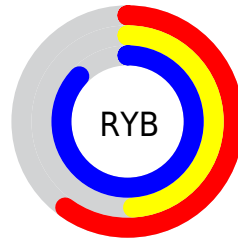
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (49%)

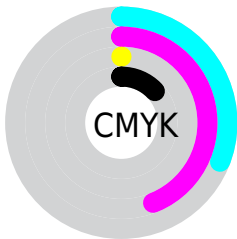
Blue (87%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (87%)

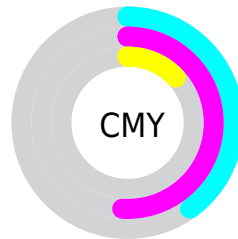


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (13%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (13%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 153, 124, 221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 153, 124, 221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 153, 124, 221

 153, 124, 221

255, 255, 255

 126, 99, 193

 209, 177, 255


 99, 75, 165

 239, 205, 255

 72, 51, 139

 255, 233, 255

 45, 29, 113

 11, 7, 88

 0, 0, 64

 0, 3, 41

 0, 1, 19

 0, 0, 0

 153, 124, 221

 153, 124, 221


 138, 102, 221


 168, 146, 221

 122, 80, 221


 184, 168, 221

 107, 58, 221


 199, 190, 221

 91, 36, 221

 215, 212, 221

 76, 14, 221

 230, 235, 221

 66, 0, 221

 246, 255, 221

 255, 255, 221

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



42, 143, 238



153, 124, 221



206, 104, 183

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153, 124, 221



199, 123, 49



0, 164, 148

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153, 124, 221



192, 221, 124

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7, 161, 97



153, 124, 221



159, 141, 32

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153, 124, 221



224, 104, 87



108, 154, 54



0, 163, 195

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153, 124, 221



224, 96, 151



108, 154, 54



0, 163, 130



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153, 124, 221



232, 222, 255



124, 194, 221



113, 107, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153, 124, 221



160, 120, 255



200, 124, 221



102, 99, 110



52, 0, 173



14, 0, 46



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



221, 124, 192



255, 120, 215



145, 221, 124



110, 99, 106



173, 0, 122

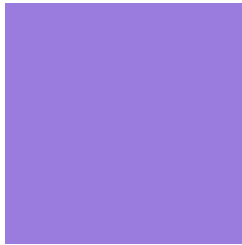


46, 0, 32



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 153, 124, 221 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

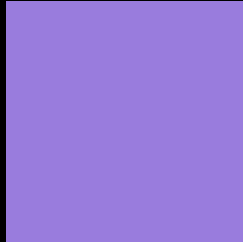
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 153, 124, 221 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 153, 124, 221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 153, 124, 221.

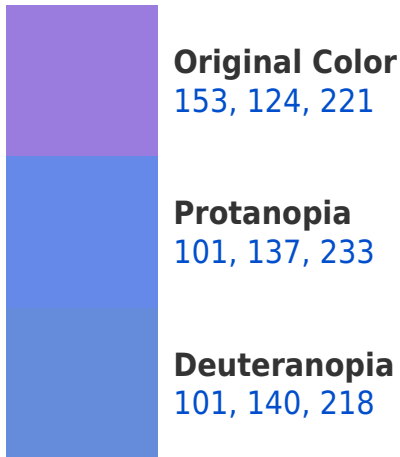


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 153, 124, 221.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
139, 140, 151

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
153, 124, 221

**Protanomaly**  
120, 132, 229

**Deuteranomaly**  
120, 134, 219

**Tritanomaly**  
144, 134, 176

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
153, 124, 221

**Achromatopsia**  
144, 144, 144

**Achromatomaly**  
147, 137, 172

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 153, 124, 221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 124, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 124, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 124, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 124, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 153, 124, 221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 124, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 124, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 124, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 124, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 124, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 124,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 153, 124, 221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 124, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
124, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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