

# Converting Colors

RGB(153, 147, 147)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(153, 147, 147) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(153, 147, 147)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	999393
RGB	153, 147, 147
RGB Percent	60%, 58%, 58%
CMY	0.4000, 0.4235, 0.4235
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.04, 0.40
HSL	0°, 3%, 59%
HSV	0°, 4%, 60%
XYZ	28.8370, 29.7463, 31.8255
YIQ	148.7940, 3.5760, 1.2720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

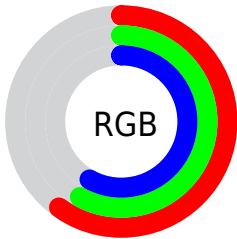
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	153, 147, 147
Decimal	10064787
CIE Lab	61.43, 2.21, 0.78
CIE LCh	61, 2.338, 19.443
Yxy	29.7463, 0.3190, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288254867 (0xFF999393)
YUV	148.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887
Hunter-Lab	54.5402, -1.0670, 3.5810

# Details

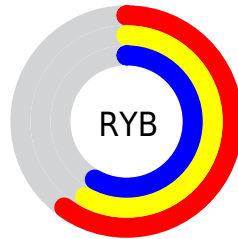
The RGB color **153, 147, 147** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **147, 153, 153**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **207, 201, 201**, and **102, 96, 97** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **153, 132, 132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **153, 162, 162**.

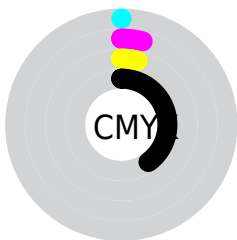
# Distribution



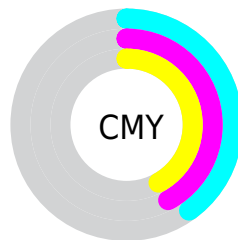
- Red (60%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (42%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 153, 147, 147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 153, 147, 147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 153, 147, 147

255, 255, 255

■ 207, 201, 201

■ 236, 229, 229

■ 153, 147, 147

■ 127, 121, 121

■ 102, 96, 97

■ 78, 73, 73

■ 55, 50, 50

■ 34, 29, 29

■ 12, 3, 3

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 153, 147, 147


■ 153, 132, 132


■ 153, 147, 147

■ 153, 162, 162

 153, 116, 116

 153, 178, 178

 153, 101, 101

 153, 193, 193

 153, 86, 86

 153, 208, 208

 153, 70, 70

 153, 223, 223

 153, 55, 55

 153, 239, 239

 153, 40, 40

 153, 254, 254

 153, 25, 25

 153, 255, 255

 153, 9, 9

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



152, 147, 149



153, 147, 147



153, 147, 145

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



153, 147, 147



146, 149, 146



146, 149, 152

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



153, 147, 147



147, 153, 153

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144, 149, 151



153, 147, 147



144, 150, 147

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



153, 147, 147



149, 149, 144



143, 150, 150



148, 148, 152

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



153, 147, 147



152, 148, 144



143, 150, 150



145, 149, 152



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



153, 147, 147



199, 197, 197



153, 147, 153



99, 98, 98



227, 227, 227



99, 99, 99



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



153, 147, 147



199, 189, 189



153, 150, 147



77, 72, 72



140, 0, 0



13, 0, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147, 153, 153



189, 199, 199



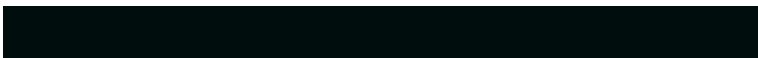
147, 150, 153



72, 77, 77



0, 140, 140



0, 13, 13



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 153, 147, 147 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

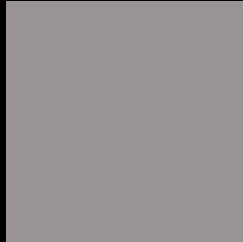
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 153, 147, 147 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

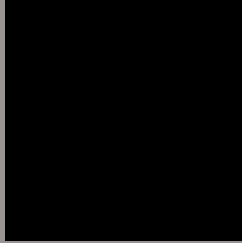
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

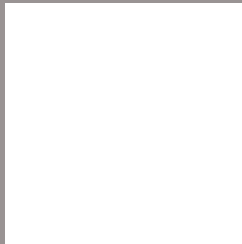
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 153, 147, 147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 153, 147, 147.

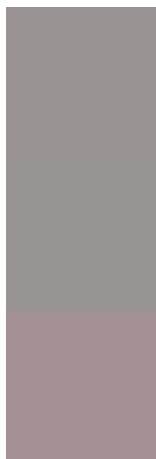


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 153, 147, 147.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

153, 147, 147

### Protanopia

151, 148, 147

### Deuteranopia

163, 144, 148



# Tritanopia

154, 145, 157

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

153, 147, 147

## Protanomaly

152, 148, 147

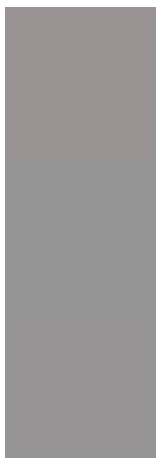
## Deuteranomaly

159, 145, 148

## Tritanomaly

154, 146, 153

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

153, 147, 147

## Achromatopsia

149, 149, 149

## Achromatomaly

150, 148, 148

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 153, 147, 147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(153, 147, 147) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 147, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 147, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 147, 147) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 153, 147, 147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 147, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 147, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 147, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 147, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 147, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 147,  
147) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 153, 147, 147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 147, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
147, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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